THE DIGVIJAY
INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED
1948—HIGHLIGHTS

New Business Received	Rs. 37,43,500
Business Paid-for	Rs. 33,15,000
Total Assets exceed	Rs. 14,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 6,50,000

We invite you to join our COUNTRYWIDE ORGANISATION
Please contact:— H. N. ASHAR, Managing Director,
Dhan-Nur, Sir P. M. Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII No. 86 | BOMBAY: TUESDAY, APRIL 12, 1949 | Price: 2 ANNAS

'FOREIGN LOVE' Saturated?

Since last many years I suffered from High Blood Pressure; andi due to that I was severely pained with headache now and then. Sometimes I lost my conciousness. My eyesight also became slurred. I lost my temper over insignificant matters. Hair complains went on increasing (such as Hair falling, Hair becoming short, Hair becoming Grey prematurely). My sleep was disturbed by the nightmares late at night. The most outstanding complaint was that of mind and hair. All these complaints were removed by the use of "RAMTIRTH BRAHMI OIL" (Special) No. 1). of Ramtirth Yogashram, Bombay 4. Before using this oil, I very much relied on Foreign Oils. But lately I have develop liking for Indian oils, solely because my experiences as Foreign Oils have proved worthless. It is my genuine opinion that the "RAMTIRTH BRAHMI OIL" is advantageous in many respects.
(Sd). Miss Premlata Harshadkumar Diwan, Madras

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

Independent Republic Within Framework Of Commonwealth

NEHRU TO EXPOUND INDIA'S CLAIM

"Changes Required, Matters Of Form Only"

"PARTICIPATION IN WAR DEPENDS UPON OUR CIRCUMSTANCES"

LONDON, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): The "Daily Mail" today publishes as its main front page story an interview with Pandit Nehru by Mr. G.Ward Price from New Delhi in which the Prime Minister of India expounds claim he will advance in London for India to be an Independent Republic and his conception of her future relations with the Commonwealth.

Pandit Nehru, after stating the issue was one that had not been raised suddenly states, "it ought not to be difficult to fit a Republic into the framework of the Commonwealth.

CHANGES REQUIRED, MATTERS OF FORM

"The changes required", said Pandit Nehru, "are in matters of form only. Governor-General of the Dominions, though formally appointed by the King, are in fact, chosen by the Governments of the countries concerned. Their nomination by the Crown follows automatically.

"In the same way, when I select an ambassador to represent India abroad, I communicate by choice directly to the King's Private Secretary, and his accreditation follows at once.

For Mutual Benefit

"The substitution for a Governor-General of the President of an Indian Republic as head of the State would not necessarily affect ties of interest that unite the various nations of the Commonwealth for their mutual benefit."

"Would India's interests lead her to make a contribution to Commonwealth Defence", Mr. Ward Price asked.

"It would not be in the interests of India to engage herself in any pact which would automatically invoce her in war", he answered.

"Till recently Europe was the centre and Asia only the fringe, now Asia has become the scene of a major agrarian movement whose manifestations are reflected in the disturbed conditions prevailing in so many Asiatic countries".

PARTICIPATION IN WAR

"If war breaks out anywhere, it is likely to become universal"

"It might be that the interests of India would require her participation in it, but that would depend upon the circumstances.

"A friendly India, on good terms with the other members of the Commonwealth, would be of more value to them than the limited military aid that she could furnish. It is open to her now, as to every member-states of the Commonwealth, to abstain from taking part in any war in which the United Kingdom might become engaged".

When Dominion Leaders Arrive In London

LONDON, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): Dominion leaders will arrive in London next week for the vital Prime Minister's Conference which is to consider India's views on future Commonwealth association. They will hold a week's discussion on this constitutional issue and other Commonwealth problems under the Chairmanship of the British Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Atlee at his official residence, Number Ten Downing Street.

The Dominion statesmen are, the

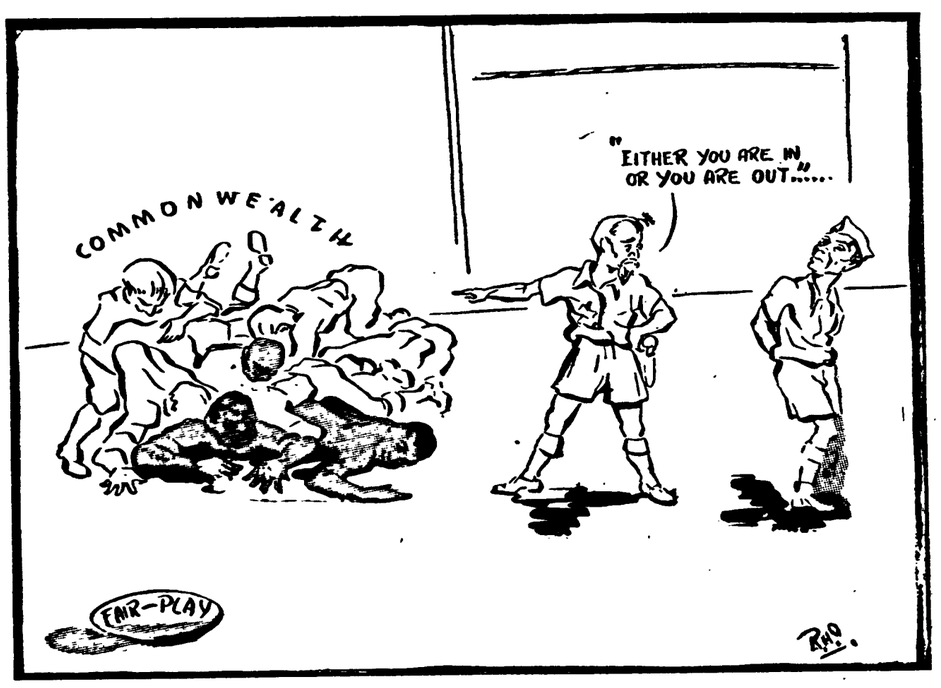
(Continued on page 9)

ELEPHANT MAKES AVIATION HISTORY

CALCUTTA, April 11 (API).—The first elephant to fly from India to England, four months-old Sabitri left by a BOAC freight plane today for England from the Dum Dum airport.

The baby elephant weighing about 400 pounds was trapped in the Assam jungles for the London Zoological Gardens, and brought to Calcutta by plane. She will be on exhibition at the London Zoo during the coming Easter holidays.

The pilot of the Lancastrian in which Sabitri is flying reported back to Dum Dum this afternoon that the elephant was behaving very well and appeared to be unconcerned at the fact that she was probably making aviation history.



SITUATION IN BURMA

Thakin Nu Hopeful Of Settlement

CALCUTTA, April 11 (API).—Thakin Nu, Premier of Burma, said here today that the present Government of Burma had no mandate to negotiate with any Party, whether Communists, Karens or P.V.O.'s for a compromise on the present situation in the country.

Thakin Nu, who arrived in Calcutta today on his way to Delhi to meet India's Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, told pressmen that the present Government was only a caretaker Government. They would work for the elections and as soon as they were over they would hand over the reigns of administration to the majority party. The Premier could not say if elections would be held in July, the time limit given earlier, and added that if there was law and order it could be held. But whether it was possible or not would be decided by the Special Election Commission appointed by Parliament under the Chairman of Sir Bau U, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Burma.

Replying to enquiries regarding the present situation in Burma, Thakin Nu said that he could not say how long it would take them to bring it absolutely under control, but he was sure that they would be able to do it ultimately.

Thakin Nu will stay at Government House tonight and will leave for Delhi tomorrow.

VINDHYA PRADESH CONGRESS COMMITTEE TO BE DISSOLVED

Congress President To Nominate 'Ad-Hoc' Committee: Move To End Manbhum Satyagraha

NEW DELHI, April 11 (API): The Congress Working Committee concluded its two-day session after it met for three hours here today to dispose of a number of outstanding items relating to administrative and organisational matters, Dr. Pattabhi Sitramayya presided.

The Committee decided to dissolve the Vindhya Pradesh Provincial Congress Committee and authorised the Congress President to nominate an 'ad-hoc' Committee to replace it.

The decision is understood to have been taken in view of the unsatisfactory working of the Vindhya Pradesh Provincial Congress Committee resulting from disputes over elections.

BIHAR SATYAGRAHA

The Manbhum (District in Bihar) Satyagraha also came up for discussion before the Working Committee today. It was decided that the Congress President should write to the parties concerned to end the satyagraha as the matter was being considered by the Central Government.

PARALLEL ORGANISATIONS

The Working Committee discussed the relationhsip between the Congress and other parallel organisations and directed the General Secretary to examine the question and submit a report to the Commitee.

PARLIAMENTARY BOARD CONCLUDES DELIBERATIONS

Congress Parliamentary Board, which met at the residence of Sardar Patel this evening concluded its deliberations after a sitting of two hours.

It was officially stated after the meeting that the Board discussed some of the organisational and administrative matters concerning the Congress.

It is reported that no discussion was held on the question of the formation of the New Ministry in East Punjab because Mr. Bhimsen Sachar, newly elected leader of the Congress Assembly Party in East Punjab was not in Delhi.

FOREIGNERS IN INDIAN BUSINESS

Committee To Consider Applications

NEW DELHI, April 11 (API).—The Government of India has set up a Committee, consisting of the Secretaries of the Ministries of Finance, Commerce, and Industry and Supply, to scrutinise applications from Foreign interests desiring to start business in India, it was learnt today. During the past six months there has been an increase in the applications from foreign industrial interests, particularly British. In future the applications would also be referred to the Ministers concerned.

FOREIGN INDUSTRIAL INTERESTS IN INDIA

Applications Pour In Large Numbers

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, April 11.

Past six months have seen increase in applications from foreign industrial interests for starting business in India I learn. Tfese requests include application from Indian associates of British firms.

Most of the applicants are British and include requests for starting industries such as chemicals, radio manufacture and batteries. There are applications for starting industries with capital less than five lakhs. In pursuance of the Prime Minister's statement an all out effort is being made to speed up decision regarding the issue of capital for foreign undertakings.

A.I. Ayurvedic Congress To Train Vaidyas

BARODA, April 11 (API).—The All-India Ayurvedic Congress has decided to extend its activities to Sevagram to train batches of village Vaidyas for their absorption in rural health and medical services.

SOUTH WEST AFRICA'S CASE FOR INTERNATIONAL COURT

Assistance Of Commonwealth Nations Being Sought, Says Rev. Scott

LONDON, April 11. (PTI-Reuter): The Rev. Michael Scott, "Ambassador" of the Herero tribes, said in London today that the assistance of Commonwealth and other countries was being sought to refer the matter of South-West Africa to the International Court of Justice. The United Nations Secretariat, he added, had refused to give him a hearing as the representative of the Hereros'. A letter he had received from Lake Success said no provision existed which allowed any person not representing a Government to address the Trusteeship Committee.

Mr. Scott recalled today that on the Palestine question representatives of both the Jews and the Arabs were permitted to give evidence. He continued: "The South African Government has defied three two-third majority resolutions of the General Assembly calling upon it to submit a Trusteeship agreement for South-West Africa". It was dispossessed the African people, not only of some of their lands, but the right of petition which they enjoyed under the League of Nations.

MANDATE VIOLATED

"The failure of the South African Government to respond to moral and political persuasion by an overwhelming majority of fellow member States in the United Nations may necessitate recourses to the International Court of Justice". The Court would be asked to determine whether South Africa's present actions are in accordance with the terms of the mandate entrusted to her through the League of Nations." It would be asked to establish wherein the sovereignty of South-West Africa now lies.

SACHAR CABINET

SIMLA, April 11. (A.P.I.): Mr. Bhimsen Sachar, the newly elected Leader of the Congress Party in the East Punjab Assembly, is expected to announce the personnel of his Ministry from Delhi tomorrow and he and his colleagues will take the oath of office in Simla on April 13, it was learnt here today.

Mr. Sachar's cabinet, it is learnt, will include the following five persons:

(1) Mr. Bhimsen Sachar, (2) Giani Kartar Singh, (3) Pandit Shri Ram Sharma, (4) Babu Bachan Singh and (5) Choudhri Lahiri Singh.

It is learnt that Mr. Sachar had originally favoured a cabinet of five but subsequently decided to increase it to seven, which is the strength of the retiring cabinet.

Mr. Sachar told reporters that the strength of his supporters had gone up from 40 to 44.

The remaining two members of the Sachar Cabinet will be selected in Delhi tomorrow.

It is understood that one of them will be a Sikh and the other a non-Sikh.

Sardar Jafry Arrested

BOMBAY, April 11, (U.P.I.): Sardar Jafry, Secretary of the Progressive Writers' Association (Urdu Section) was arrested yesterday under the Public Security Act. He is a delegate to the World Peace Congress to be held in Paris on April 20.

"Popular Paramountcy" Over States

TEMPORARY EXPEDIENT TO ENSURE GOOD GOVERNMENT

Amended Covenants To Bring Administration Of Unions Under Central Control

NEW DELHI, April 11 (A.P.I.).

The Convenants governing the establishment of the various Unions of States are to be amended in order to bring the administration of these unions under the general control and direction of the Government of India, it is learned.

"Popular Paramountcy"

This, to a certain extent will impose "popular paramountcy" over the states, but, it is pointed out, this is only a temporary expedient to ensure good government in the States until their constitution is hammered out as part of the Indian constitution.

RAJASTHAN COVENANT

In the Covenant governing the Greater Rajasthan Union, a provision has been made that, until the Constitution framed by the Constituent Assembly of the Union comes into operation, the Raj Pramukh and the Council of Ministers shall, in exercise of the functions vested in them under the provisions of the Covenant, "be under the general control of, and comply with such instructions as may from time to time, be given by the Government of India".

This new clause is expected to be incorporated in the Covenants executed by the rulers of the States which now form the unions of Madhya Bharat, Vindhya Pradesh, Patiala and East Punjab States Union and Saurashtra. The Rajpramukhs and representatives of these Unions, who recently met at a conference with the States' Ministry are understood to have given their assent to the proposed change in their respective covenants.

The mechanism and prosecdure for the exercise of central control are expected to be finalised during the next few weeks.

STATES' LEGISLATURES

It is understood, it has also been decided to convert the various constituent assemblies of the Unions of States—some of them have not yet been elected and ministries have been set up on an 'ad hoc' basis—as legislatures of their respective unions. The scope and functions of these legislatures have also been roughly defined. Since these bodies will be in being only until the All-India Constitution comes into force, and this may take two years, they will work under certain limitations. Subject to the general control and directions of the Government of India, the Ministries of these Unions will be responsible to their res-

(Continued on Page 7)

ITALIAN RICE OFFER TO INDIA

BOMBAY, Monday.—An offer to sell a large quantity of Italian rice has been made by Italy to India through Diplomatic channels, it is learnt. Italy is believed to be in a position to ship about 40,000 tons of rice at £45 (Rs. 600) per ton FOB Genoa. Of this twenty five per cent consists of broken rice.

BAREILLY JAIL CLASH

4 R.S.S. Men And 1 Prison Official Injured

BAREILLY, April 11 (API): The Deputy Jailor of the District Jail, Bareilly was injured in a clash with RSS prisoners, according to a 'communique' issued by the District Magistrate of Bareilly. Four of the RSS men and two other convicts also received simple injuries.

The 'communique' says that some of the RSS prisoners in Bareilly Jail roughly handled the Deputy Jailor last evening. Some convicts rushed to his aid and in the melee that followed the Deputy Jailor, four RSS prisoners and two other convicts received simple injuries. A magisterial enquiry is being held.

SPECIAL CONCESSION TO STUDENTS IN ALL SHOWS

— SEE 40,000 BOYS & GIRLS IN COLOURFUL COSTUMES IN GRAND SPORTS PARADE

THE TRIUMPH OF YOUTH

(PICTURIZED IN RUSSIAN COLOUR BY 35 CAMERAMEN)

DON'T MISS THIS TIME

Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30, p.m.

CAPITOL

A DIAMOND Release

REVISED POSTAL RATES

(From 1st APRIL, 1949)

(a) POSTAGE ON ORDINARY CORRESPONDENCE FOR DELIVERY WITHIN INDIA, PAKISTAN OR CEYLON.

LETTERS	For the first tola	2 Annas.
	Every Additional tola or part.	1 Anna.
POSTCARDS	Single.	9 Pies.
	Reply.	1½ Annas.
Other ARTICLES	Same rates as before 1st April, 1949.	

(b) AIR SURCHARGE FOR AIR MAIL ARTICLES PAYABLE IN ADDITION TO THE CHARGES MENTIONED IN (a):—

	For delivery in INDIA.	For delivery in PAKISTAN.	For delivery in CEYLON
LETTERS	Nil.	1½ Annas for each tola or part.	1 anna for each tola or part.
POSTCARDS	Nil.	9 Pies for each	6 Pies for each.
PACKETS or NEWSPAPERS.	1 Anna for each tola or part.	1½ Annas for each tola or part.	1 anna for each tola or part.
MONEY ORDERS.	1 anna per order.	1½ annas per order.	1½ Annas per order.

SURCHARGE ON INLAND AIR PARCELS.
For the first 40 tolas .....Re. 1/-. in addition to ordinary postage.
For every additional 20 tolas ....-/8/- annas in addition to ordinary postage.

Blue Air Mail labels not necessary on inland letters and postcards. Labels, however, to be affixed on all other inland and foreign air mail articles.

Issued by the INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD PLUS advt.-tax ● one anna per rupee MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

MATRIMONIAL

Match for Gujrati Rajput girl 19, C/o post Box 4014 Bombay 7 555

Wanted a highly educated Bania girl for a well settled young M. B. B. S. Doctor. Box No 567 "Bombay Chronicle"

PERSONAL ADLETS

Challa posting today "How to tackle Corruption by the Interpretation of the secret Language of Corruption, as used in Indian Courts" to their Excellencies, the Governor-General and the Governors of our Nine Provinces, the Hon. the Speakers of their Legislatures, Congress Organisations, Chief Judge, and Advocates Associations, Bombay, and Baroda State officials Caution No Copy is genuine unless Challa's Letter appended in his own handwriting to the addressee 566

SITUATION VACANT

Wanted—Accountant Conversant with Insurance Accounts, knowing Typewriting preferred. Apply Box No. 565, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a person to look after the advertising Dept. of a local paper. Only experienced and qualified persons need apply No. 200, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted 60 Clerks to learn Shorthand, typewriting Book-keeping Speeds guaranteed. Posts secured. Roosevelt College, Meisheri Road, Near Sandhurst Station, Bombay. 553

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

Prepared to share fully furnished Office, situated in best locality, Accommodating three to four tables in half share for Rs. 200/- monthly. Apply care Box No. 563. "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore.

A Batch for Vacation—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for all Specialisation and Professional Diploma Courses for training throughout Vacation for next year's examination. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay. 545

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Marriage Problems—For numerous photos, hundreds marriage proposals of educated girls 16-40 years consult Marriage Gazette, Sadar Bazar, Delhi. Yearly Subscription Rs. 10/-. (523)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Free from scent and colour pure chandan Brahmi Hair oil for cooled minded and health sample bottle 1/4 with one cake Brahmi soap and one bottle Ganges water postage extra. Selling agent: Madanlal, Tehri House, Hardwar U.P. (522)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from qualified practising pleaders for preparing a Waiting List of Candidates fit for appointment as Sub Police Prosecutors in Thana District.

Conditions of service and other information in this connection can be had from the office of the undersigned.

S U MEHTA.
Dist. Supt. of Police,
THANA.
4026

NOTICE

(Under Section 277 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act XXI of 1923.)

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of the public that a pontoon salved in the port limits of Kumbharu in Janjira State is to be sold by public auction before the undersigned at 3-30 P.M. on 18th April 1949 in his office at Janjira-Murud. The auction will be subject to sanction by the Chief Administrator, Janjira. The highest bidder at the auction will have to pay 25% of his bid amount immediately subject to the sanction of the auction stated above the bidder whose bid is accepted will have to pay the balance of 75% within 24 hours of the date on which the sanction of the sale is communicated to him and remove the pontoon from its site within 15 days from that date.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PONTOON.

It measures 44'—8" in length 7'-2" in breadth and 5'-1" in height. The bottom is 35'-7" long containing seven empty tanks, of which 5 tanks are 7' x 6' each and the remaining two 5' x 1' each.

H. V. SABNIS,
Additional Administrator.
Janjira.
Janjira-Murud.
8th April, 1949.
4025

PUBLIC NOTICES

APPLICATION FOR A LICENCE OF GOVERNMENT.

THE ALL INDIA SINDWORK MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of Section 26 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, application has been made to the Government of Bombay for licence directing that an Association about to be formed under the name of "The All India Sindwork Merchants' Association" shall be registered with limited liability without the addition of the word "Limited" on its name.

The principle objects for which the Association is proposed to be established are:—

1. To promote and protect the interests of Sindwork merchants to difuse among them useful knowledge regarding sound commercial principles and deal with all questions relating to rights, privileges and duties of Sindwork merchants and to make representation to Central and other Governments in that behalf.

2. To help poor members of the Association and give assistance to their families in the time of need.

3. To do all other things incidental to the above objects. The other objects of the Association are set out in EXTENSO in the Memorandum of Association a copy of which may be inspected at the office of the undersigned at Yusuf Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bombay.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that any person, company, Firm or Corporation objecting to this application may bring such objections before the Government of Bombay, on or before the 1st day of May, 1949, by a letter addressed to the Secretary to Government of Bombay, Finance Department, Secretariat, Bombay.

Dated this 12th day of April 1949

BHAGWANDAS AMULRAI,
Advocate for the
All India Sindwork Merchants' Association.
4028

NOTICE

WANTED an ENGINEER, B.E. (Civil) for District Local Board, Amreli. Pay Rs. 200-25/2-400. Travelling Allowance Rs. 75/- and Dearness Allowance Rs. 30/- per month.

Wanted also two OVERSEERS who have either passed Baroda State Kalabhavan Overseer diploma or of any other recognised Institution of Bombay Province Pay Rs. 80-10/2-110 with Travelling Allowance Rs. 25/- and Dearness Allowance Rs. 25/-

Candidates for the post should apply with testimonials before 20th April 1949 to the President, District Local Board Amreli (Kathiawar).

M. V. PATEL
President,
Amreli District Local Board.

Amreli 6th April, 1949.
4029

LEGAL NOTICES

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. NAGESH VINAYAK JAYAKAR, the Executor of the will of LAXMIBAI alias PUTLABAI widow of Mothabhai Bapuji Talpade and GAJANAN BHAWOOJI VIJAYAKAR and HIRABAI, wife of Dr. Nagesh Vinayak Jayakar, the Executor and Executrix respectively of the Will of KASHIBAI, widow of Anandrao Ganpatrao have contracted to sell Plot No. 12, admeasuring 350 Square Yards or thereabouts in the undermentioned property to my client.

Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at Lawyers' Chambers, Picket Road, Bombay, within 14 days from teh date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO:—

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground situate, lying and being at Gopi Tank Mahim, outside the Fort in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 350 Square Yards or thereabouts out of the bigger piece of land admeasuring 7558 Square Yards or thereabouts and shown as Plot No. 12 lying to the West of Plot No. 11 and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 475, New No. 4282 and New Survey No. 146, Cadastral Survey No. 590 of Mahim Division together with the messuages tenements or bungalow and outhouses buildings standing thereon and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward Nos. 5668 (1), 5668 (2), 5668 (3), 5669 (1) and 5669 (1A) and Street Nos. 144, 144 A. 144 B. 61 and 61 A. and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Bhaskar Hari Patil, on the West by the Gopi Tank Road, on the South by property of Babaji Nana Tavde and on the North by Gopi Tank Road.

Dated this 11th day of April, 1949

D. S. DEODHAR.
Purchaser's Advocate.
(4031)

PUBLIC NOTICES

OFFICERS' REQRUITMENT IN R. I. A. F.

RECRUITMENT is open for Commissions in the Administrative and Accounts Branches of R.I.A.F. AGE:—21 to 23 years. QUALIFICATIONS:— (a) Administrative Branch:—B.A. (Hons), B. Sc. (Hons), M. A. or M. Sc. (any subject) or Law Graduates—1st or 2nd class or Barristers-at-Law (b) Accounts Branch:— B. Com., M. Com., or Chartered, Incorporated or Registered Accountants. Age limit may be relaxed up to 25 and 27 years for Registered Accountants and Chartered or Incorporated Accountants respectively. No relaxation of age limit for others, is permitted.

Candidates already in Govt. employment should obtain written permission before interview. Matriculation Certificate should be produced as proof of age. Apply or contact personally for full particulars A.F.R.O., A.F. (I) Building, Dhobitalao, Bombay, with Certificates in original on any working day between 09.00 hrs. and 11.00 hrs.

4024

NOTICE

INCOME TAX DEPARTMENT.
UNITED STATES OF SAURASHTRA.

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates for the following posts in offices of the Income Tax Department United State of Saurashtra. The appointments will be made anywhere in Saurashtra.

(1) HEAD CLERKS

(125-7-160): Minimum Educational qualifications—Graduate in Arts, Law, Science, Commerce, office experience of at least five years is essential.

(2) INSPECTORS

(Grade II 100-6-130EB-7-200) Minimum qualification—Matriculates or non-Matriculates with experience of commercial accounts-knowledge of Gujarati essential B. Coms. or persons with accountancy qualifications will be preferred.

(3) SENIOR CLERKS

(Rs. 75-3-105 EB—10-125) Graduate in Arts, Science etc., or matriculates with minimum 5 years' office experience.

(4) JUNIOR CLERKS

(40-3-70) Matriculates and non-matriculates. Persons with knowledge of typewriting will be preferred.

Government servants are eligible and may submit their applications through their respective Departments.

Applications stating age, qualifications, experience etc., should reach the undersigned on or before 25th April, 1949. Those who are Saurashtrians will be preferred.

Sd. K. D. DHOLAKIA.
Commissioner of Income Tax
United State of Saurashtra
Junagadh House,
Rajkot,
Dt. 6th April 1949.
TA/101
(4027)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS from the candidates possessing Bombay Domicile and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan are invited for the temporary post of technician. The scale of pay is Rs. 120-8-200-10-250 plus Dearness Allowance. Candidates should be Science Graduates with Chemistry as Principal Subject, experience in analysis and testing of drugs will be preferred. Applicants should not be over 28 years of age on the date of appointment. Applications stating date of birth, domicile, educational qualifications and experience should be sent to the Director Haffkine Institute, Parel, Bombay 12, so as to reach not later than 30th April, 1949. Applications received in response to this advertisement alone will be considered and correspondence will be entertained only in case of candidates selected for appointment.

(4023)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED BOOKED AND UNBOOKED PACKAGES.

Under instructions from the B.B. & C.I. Rly., in accordance with the provisions of Section 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways' Act No. IX of 1890 Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by public Auction on TUESDAY the 26th & WEDNESDAY, the 27th April 1949 at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Parcel Depot near Grant Road Railway Station.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE of valuable property at (1) Kumbharwada Street, Null Bazar.

Under instructions from M/s Masagonwalla & Co., Attorneys for the Court Receiver as Manager of the estate of Valimahomed Nathoobhai Doodhwalla, a lunatic and pursuant, to an Order dated 11th February, 1949, in Suit No. 2169 of 1948 (Central Bank of India Ltd. vs. Valimahomed Nathoobhai) and on account and at the risk of the estate of Valimahomed Nathoobhai Doodhwalla. M/s. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction To-day TUESDAY, 12th April, 1949, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on site:—

LOT No. 2: Quit and ground rent land with building at Kumbharwada Street, Null Bazar, about 188 sq. yds. Street Nos. 119-21.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to the above Solicitors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

TIMELY & ADEQUATE SUPPLY OF AGRICULTURAL REQUISITES

Delhi Conference Plea For Highest Priority: It Will Make Up 60 P. C. Of Foodgrains Shortage

NEW DELHI, April 11 (A.P.I.): The Four-day Conference of Agricultural Scientists, which concluded its deliberations here on Saturday, has recommended the highest priority for providing the cultivator with bullocks, iron and steel and other agricultural requisites, to enable him to produce more.

The conference appointed a "working party" to carry on sustained work, at a scientific level and to associate the accumulated experience or agricultural scientists with the Government's efforts in achieving food self-sufficiency.

It was decided that the main conference would meet every year and the working party which is a standing committee of the conference would carry on day-to-day work concerning the recommendations of the conference.

MAKING UP FOODGRAINS SHORTAGE

The conference recommended that timely and adequate supply of material and facilities to the cultivators must be given the highest priority and observed that, that alone would make up at least 60 per cent of our total shortage in foodgrains within the next one or two years.

The conference emphasised the great importance of fertilisers in any plan of increased food production and recommended that all possible measures should be taken to import fertilisers in sufficient quantities during the next few years, as indigenous production was not likely to be appreciable before the Sindri fertiliser factory started operation. It suggested that as phosphatic fertiliser appeared to be more easily available, 1,00,000 tons of super phosphate or its equivalent in other forms should be imported each year in 1949 and 1950 and effective steps should be taken to induce the cultivator to use it for suitable crops.

MINOR IRRIGATION PROJECTS

The conference also recommended that minor irrigation projects should be given the highest priority as they could contribute to immediate increase in food production. In this connection, it was suggested that lift irrigation by pumping water from rivers, internal lakes, tanks, wells, etc., should be pursued with the greatest vigour.

Reclamation of cultivable waste or fallow land for increasing food production was considered by the conference as a suitable long term measure, with immense potentialities, particularly when large river valley projects were completed. The question of transferring some of the existing area under cash crops to foodcrops was also considered. The conference recommended the transfer of about half million acres under sugarcane to oilseeds and pulses, the cultivation of which it was felt should be encouraged from the nutritional point of view.

The conference finally recommended that a quantitative approach should be made with a view to assess the contribution that could be made by each of the measures suggested and observed that an achievement audit should be carried out at the end of the current financial year to ascertain the extent of success achieved.

KARACHI, April 11 (UPI): "The situation between Pakistan and Afghanistan is not as grave as it is depicted to be in the local press", a spokesman of the Afghan Embassy in Karachi said today.

NO DIVULGING OF BUDGET SECRETS

Malwa Union Minister's Reply To Criticisms

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, (By Mail.)

The Deputy Premier of the Malwa Union, Mr. Vishwanath Khode, has commented on what has been described as divulging of Budget secrets in a section of the Press. Mr. Khode says that at a public meeting that he was addressing, demands were made on behalf of the Municipal Board of that place for certain amenities, to which Mr. Khode replied that the budget was already likely to be deficit by Rs. 250 lakhs, which could be met by the co-operation of all. This general remark, the Deputy Premier observes, cannot under any circumstances be construed as disclosing budget secrets. Mr. Khode has expressed his inability to comment on the so-called contempt of the court by him as the case is 'sub-judice'.

EMINENT EYE-SURGEON DEAD

The death occurred here this week of Dr. S. H. Pandit an eminent eye-surgeon and a close friend of the West Bengal Governor Dr. K. N. Katju. He had been suffering from cancer in his lung for the last six weeks. He was 64.

Dr. Pandit had received education in eye-surgery in Bombay and Oxford. He was the President of the Central India Harijan Sewak Sangh, Vice-President of the Central India Hindi Sahitya Samiti and a great lover of Sanskrit and Ayurvedic treatment.

MALWA SECRETARIAT

The offices of the secretariat of the Malwa Government, which have closed at Gwalior, due to shifting of the Malwa capital to Indore will reopen here on April 18 and will work here for the next five months. The Budget session of the Interim Legislature of Malwa Union which held a five-day sitting at Gwalior last week will also reopen at Indore on April 25 when the Budget estimates will be discussed and voted upon.

CONGRESS WINS MADRAS BYE-ELECTION

MADRAS, April 11 (API).—Dr. P. S. Srinivasan, (Congress) was declared elected today in the bye-election to the Madras Legislative Council (Upper House) from the Chengleput General Constituency defeating Independent candidate Mr. G. V. Balkrishna Mudaliar by 297 votes against 281.

The bye-election was caused by the death of Mr. C. N. Muthuranga Mudaliar, prominent Congress leader of Tamilnad.

KARACHI, April 11 (UPI): Youth organisations of Hindus and Muslims, inspired by Gandhian principles of peace, tolerance and co-operation, which have been set up in Calcutta and other towns of West Bengal for promoting communal amity, propose shortly to contact Pakistan youth for establishing similar joint organisations in Pakistan for furthering communal harmony and inter-Dominion cordiality, according to advices reaching here.

REORGANISATION OF PRIMARY EDUCATION

City Corporation Sub-Committee To Consider Report: Socialist Plea For State Aid Rejected

BOMBAY, Monday:

The Bombay Municipal Corporation today referred to the consideration of a House Committee the Parulekar-Ghate Report on the reorganisation of primary education in the City, after defeating by a majority vote a Socialist amendment which suggested that the Government of Bombay should be asked to convene a conference with the Municipality's representatives for considering the financial implications of the Report.

NEED FOR ADEQUATE FINANCE

Mr. Harris, who sponsored the amendment, proposed that as the implementation of the suggestions contained in the Report greatly depended on adequate finances a conference with Government should be held to persuade them to share half the total cost of primary education. He also suggested that Government should be approached for obtaining substantial financial help for constructing school buildings and that the provincial administration should bear "a very substantial" part of the cost of adult education in case the Municipality undertook the task of imparting it in the city.

Mrs. Sulochana Mody, Chairman of the Corporation's School's Committee, agreed that the amendment was "very sensible" and said she would even go a step further and ask that State should bear the sole responsibility of primary and secondary education. But she held that the amendment was not "timely".

Mr. B. K. Patel, Municipal Commissioner, pointed out that the Parulekar Committee was not asked to examine the financial side of the question. They had submitted a report setting out the desirable standards to be attained in imparting primary education. How far they could be achieved depended on the finances available. It was therefore proper that a Committee of the House should decide whether the Municipality should accept the Report in its entirety or not. If they ask Government to share half the cost as suggested they might ask the Corporation as to what the Municipality were going to spend on primary education. That question could not be answered adequately.

No Government, Mr. Patel said, would give such an unqualified promise. Money was always welcome but ultimately it had to come from the tax-payers and Government might not be willing to resort to such a remedy.

WASTE OF MONEY

The Municipal Commissioner drew attention to the fact that large amount of the funds intended for primary education were spent on the children in the infant standards. Many of them never pursued their studies beyond the infant standard and when they went into the villages found no compulsion to continue their courses. The result was that the money spent on them in the city became a waste. He pleaded for some sort of coordination between the city and the villages to remedy this defect.

"How far will it be in keeping with the dignity of this House to go to Government with a request asking them to share half of our expenditure on primary education without ourselves having an adequate idea of how much we are going to spend?" he said.

The amendment was lost and the Report was referred to a sub-Committee for its consideration.

By a resolution the Commissioner was asked to obtain from the Government of India full details of the contemplated appointment by the latter of a Committee to go into the question of municipal finance as it was held this would ensure that the findings of the Committee would be as comprehensive as possible.

MADRAS MINISTRY TO BE FURTHER EXPANDED

Inclusion Of Three From Subbaroyan Group Likely

(From Our Correspondent)

MADRAS (By Air Mail):

Madras has had a new Ministry installed in office last week, but though technically it is a different Ministry, it is different from the previous one only in the sense that Mr. O. P. Ramaswami Reddiar has been replaced by Mr. P. S. Kumaraswamy Raja as leader and three Ministers in the old Ministry, who are known to be "Mr. Reddiar's men" have been left out in the formation of the present Ministry. They have been substituted by Mr. N. Sanjivi Reddi, who comes from the Ceded Districts or Rayalaseema, and Mr. B. Parameswaran, a young Harijan member from the South, thus strengthening the representation for the Rayalaseema in the Ministry and substituting an Andhra Harijan by a Tamil Harijan.

BROAD-BASED CABINET

Efforts were made before the announcement of the personnel of the new Ministry, to bring into being a "broadbased" Ministry, which would include in it representatives of the groups who opposed Mr. Kumaraswami Rajah's candidature in the leadership election also. The idea was to appoint four or even five representatives of the section of the Congress Party who supported Dr. P. Subbaroyan, not so much as prepresentatives of the rival group, but on the individual merits of the candidates concerned in the hope that that would ensure a stable Ministry for the province. But it is stated that though there was an agreement on the name of those who are to be taken from the Tamil Nad area, no such agreement was forthcoming about those who are to be taken from the Andhra area. The proposal had therefore to be deferred.

It is thus that we have come to have for the present a Cabinet of 10 only Ministers. But efforts are still being made to expand the Ministry by appointing four or five more Ministers, and it is expected that a decision about who should be appointed will be taken in the next few days. It seems almost definite that 3 members from the Subbarayan group will be included. The appointment of Parliamentary Secretaries to the various Ministers is also confidently forecast by those in touch with the Ministry.

LINGUISTIC PROVINCES REPORT

The report of the Three-Man Committee on Linguistic Provinces published on April 5, has provoked some interesting reactions in Madras Among the Ministers of the Madras Government, the reaction was rather mild, as they did not probably like to say anything very critical of the handiwork of a committee of which three top leaders of the Congress are members. But even so, Andhra and Rayalaseema Ministers expressed disappointment at the Committee's statement that the Andhras should abandon their claims to the Madras City. If Andhras are to give up their claims to it, they wanted it to be constituted into an independent administrative unit, with sufficient safeguards for the language and culture and other interests of the different linguistic section of the population. Only Mr. Gopala Reddi, an Andhra Minister, said that Andhras must accept the recommendation of the Committee and give up their claims to Madras. There is however, an important section of opinion which feels that the Committee's report does not preclude the city's constitution into a separate administrative unit, and that is the solution for which there must be agitation. Mr. Bhaktavatsalam P.W.D. Minister, who may be taken as representing the Tamil Nad opinion, declared that the Andhras can hope to have a separate province in the course of a year. Mr. Madhava Menon, Minister for Law, representing Kerala opnion wished God-speed for the Andhras, though he was disappointed at the linking of the Kerala province question with that of the states of Travancore and Cochin. Ministers from Rayalaseema expressed their oneness with Circars, Andhras in demanding the immediate formation of an Andhra Province, though they wanted safeguards for Rayalaseema in respect of representation in the Cabinet and the development of the backard areas in Rayalaseema.

Commercial Pilots' Training

Mr. Roister, Deputy Director-General of Civil Aviation, arrived in Madras, from Delhi to select candidates in connection with the Government of India's subsidy scheme for training young men as commercial pilots.

The Deputy Director-General in an interview here said that the aim was to produce well-trained commercial pilots, with licence for a manning a light twin-engine air craft as well as single engine aircraft, and suitable for immediate employment as pilots in charge of light types of transport aircraft or as co-pilots on heavier types.

The Government of India, he said, were giving scholarships to enable trainees to undergo training. The training, under the present scheme, will normally take from 12 months to 15 months. The training is given at the subsidised Flying Club and at the Flying School, which has been established as a branch of the Civil Aviation Training Centre, Allahabad.

A Selection Committee, consisting of four members, is selecting candidates at the Meenambakam Flying Club, Madras. Asked as to what salary would begiven to these trainees after completion of their course, the Deputy Director-General said that they would get about Rs. 450/- per month in the initial stages.

FORMATION OF ANDHRA PROVINCE

Legislature May Be Consulted Says Madras Premier

MADRAS, April 11 (A.P.I.): Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja, Premier of Madras, indicated today the possibility of the Provincial Legislature being consulted on the question of the immediate formation of Andhra Province in accordance with the terms and conditions laid down by the Three-man Committee of the Congress.

He, however, stated that till now no instructions had been received by him from the Central Government on the subject.

The Premier told pressmen at the Secretariat that he would meet them as often as possible. "At least once in a week, I will meet you, if not on more occasions", he said.

The Premier is leaving for Rajapalayam, his home town in Ramnad District, tonight and will return to Madras on April 15.

EXPANSION OF MADRAS CABINET

"It May Take Some More Time", Says Premier

MADRAS, April 11 (API).—Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja, Premier told pressmen today that "it may take some more time" before he would be in a position to announce the names of Ministers to be added to his Cabinet. The question of appointment of Deputy Ministers, he said was still engaging his attention. "There are big matters", Mr. Raja said, "and naturally I have to think before I decide on the expansion of the Cabinet or the appointment of Deputy Ministers."

STUDY OF MARRIAGE CUSTOMS

Prince Peter Of Greece's Tour In India

MADRAS (By Mail).—Prince Peter of Greece, well-known anthropologist and explorer, arrived in Madras last evening from Colombo. Prince Peter will proceed to Malabar in a few days to study the marriage customs of the people of Malabar.

The Prince, who is third in line of succession to the Greek throne, is first cousin to the King of Greece and the Duke of Edinburgh. He is accompanied by his wife, Princess Irene.

Prince Peter told a local press reporters that he had been studying anthropological problems for over fifteen years. His interest in the study of polyandry was aroused during his visit to Tibet in 1935. Subsequently he had visited India, China, Ceylon and other countries and collected information regarding the marriage customs of different races. He was in India during two years preceding the last war and had conducted detailed investigation in Malabar. In fact he would only be resuming his investigations from the point where he had left them when he volunteered for service in the Greek Army.

Prince Peter said that he had been studying the prevalence of polyandry in Ceylon, during the last two months. Polyandry did not exist in the coastal areas of the Island, but only in the interior Province of Kandy. The system there was not dying out in the Kandyan Province he found that a number of brothers married one wife. This was different from the practice in Tibet where a woman might marry a number of men who need not necessarily be brothers.

The Prince said that he had made a special study of the habits of the Todas of the Nilgris and the practice of polyandry among them during his previous tour. He had been requested at that time by the Government of Madras to prepare a report on the reasons why the Toda race was dying out and whether anything could be done to prevent it. He had submitted his report but did not know whether any action had been taken on it.

After completing his study in Malabar he would join the third Danish Expedition to Central Asia, Prince Peter said. The Expedition was now in Afghanistan and had applied to the Government of Tibet for permission to visit that country. It was not easy to secure entry into that land. The Tibetan Government would consult the State Oracle and only if the signs were reported to be favourable would a foreigner be accorded permission to visit the country. But once such permission was granted he knew from his experience that the visitor was treated with great courtesy and hospitality by the people there.

The Prince said that he hoped to publish his book, "Polyandry from the Himalayas to Lanka" after completing his work in Tibet. In his study tour he hoped to contact officials of the Anthropological Survey of India. He would make the tour in a caravan designed by him which would serve both as his transport and his home.

Prince Peter met His Excellency the Governor of Madras at the Government House in the morning.

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WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, April 11 (A.P.I.): Yesterday's western disturbance has passed away northeastwards after causing fairly widespread thundershowers in and near the East Punjab and the west United Provinces hills. It has caused a secondary over Madhya Bharat and Vindhya Pradesh. A few thundershowers have also been reported from Assam, Orissa, Mysore and Malabar. Day temperatures were appreciably above normal over the North Bombay Deccan, the north Central Provinces, Madhya Bharat and the west United Provinces.

Forecast valid tintil the evening of 12th: Scattered thundershowers may occur in northeast India, in and near Vindhya Pradesh in Malabar, southeast Madras and the north Madras coast. Day temperatures may fall in northwest India.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, April 11, (A.P.I.): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1st April 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours I. S. T. on 11th April 1949

Ahmedabad 104 75 0 0 0 Ahmednagar 104 70 0 0 0 minus 0.1 Allahabad 99 78 0 0 minus 0.1 Bangalore 86 72 0 0 7 plus 04 BOMBAY 91 79 0 0 0 Calcutta 92 74 0 0 8 plus 0.4 Colombo 90 75 T 0.8 plus 2.0 Delhi 99 70 T 0 minus 0.1 Hyderabad (Dn) 102 76 0 0.8 minus 0.1 Lucknow 100—0 0 minus 0.1 Madras 94 79 0 0.9 plus 0.8 Nagpur 106 75 0 0.1 minus 0.9 Patna 97 76 0 0 minus 0.1

R.I.N. SQUADRON BACK IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, April 10

H.M.I. Ships DELHI, CAUVERY and SUTLEJ have recently returned to Bombay after a three-week visit to Trincomalee, where an intensive training programme was completed. Some of the exercises were carried out in company with H.M. Ships of the East Indies Squadron and with R.A.F. aircraft.

During April H.M.I.S. CAUVERY will leave Bombay again for an independent cruise to Cochin, Madras and the Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

At the beginning of May, H.M.I.S. DELHI will leave for a cruise to various places in the Indian Ocean during which she will steam approximately 8,000 miles. For part of this cruise, DELHI will be accompanied by H.M.I.S. TIR, the Boys Training Ship.

H.M.I.S. SUTLEJ is likely to remain in Bombay for some weeks.

Cinema Show In Aid Of Gujarat Famine Relief

In aid of the Gujarat Famine Relief, a cinema show is arranged by the Bharatiya Stree Seva Sangh at the Liberty Cinema on Good Friday, (April 15), at 9-30 a.m. The film which is going to be shown is "Kashinath" produced by New Theatres. The rates of the tickets are Rs. 3-12-0, Rs. 2-10-0, Rs. 1-8-0 and As. 10-0. On all week days between 3 and 6 p.m. these tickets can be had from Miss Contractor at the office of the Agri-Horti-cultural Society, C/o Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Chowpatty Road, Bombay 7. It is expected that the public will come in large numbers. Fill up every available seat and help the good cause.

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CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu Chaitra Shud 14, 2005
Muslim Jamadi-ul-Akher 12, 1368
Parsi Avan 12, 1318.
Highide 11-23, 23-24.
Lowtide 05-06, 18-06.

Domestic Occurance

DEATH.

VARDE—Shridhar Pundlik (Proprietor V. Prabha & Co.) loving brother of Gangadhar, Shankar, Vaman and Vinayak beloved father of Nalini, Leela, Sulabha and Ashok, passed away Sunday, 10th April, after a brief illness patiently borne, deeply mourned

To-day's Engagements

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY: Meeting today, at Green's Hotel (first floor), at 1-45 p.m. Rotarian G. L. Mehta, will speak on "The Tyranny of Words".

NATIONAL WEEK CELEBRATION MEETING: Under the auspices of the Bombay City Adult Education Committee a public meeting will be held today, at Damodar Thakersi Hall, Parel, at 9 p.m., to celebrate the National Week, when the Hon'ble Shri G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self Government, will preside.

GATHA SOCIETY MEETING: Today (Tuesday), at 6 p.m., at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute Library Hall, Apollo Street, Dastur Ji Framroze Bode, will expound Gatha Ushtavaiti Yasna Ha 44.

GREATER BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE BOARD: Dr. M. N. Desai, will deliver a lecture on the "Co-operation in different Provinces and in different Countries" at the Provincial Co-operative Institute, 9, Bakehouse Lane, Lane, Fort, today (Tuesday), at 5-30 p.m.

TEA PARTY TO SANTSINGH: The president and members of Guru Nanak Vidyak Society will meet S. Santsingh at tea to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. at Guru Nanak High School Kolwada on his return from the tour of Europe and America.

Metal Mazdur Sabha

The Secretary writes: Workers of the Kamani Metal & Alloys and Kamani Engineering Corporation Ltd. Kurla are on "tay-in strike from Sunday, the 10th inst. The workers had put up some demands to the company for consideration. All the 1,200 workers have joined the strike and they have decided not to start work unless those retrenched have been reinstated. The strike is completely peaceful.

Holiday For Rationing Offices

All Ward Rationing Offices as well as Head Office, Civil Supplies Godowns and attached sales offices, the Central Separated Milk Powder Depot at the Cricket Club of India, the Milk Distribution Depots in Bombay Suburban District, Separated Milk Powder Godowns and Government Grain Shops and Godowns will remain closed on Friday the 15th April 1949 on account of Good Friday.

Radio

BOMBAY, Tuesday, April 12.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Radhagai Rao (Bhajan) 7-45 W. Dass (Sitar recital) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 V. D Ambhaikar 8-45 News (G).
224 m. (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
12-45 p.m. Kamal Padhye 1-0 News (G) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Schumann.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
from 4-20 to 7-45 p.m.
8-0 to 11-0 p.m.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
4-20 p.m. School Broadcast 5-0 Kamal Padhye 5-15 Malini Vinod 5-30 Jantar Mantar 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Khadim Husain (Vocal music) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 V. D. Ambhaikar 7-30 W. Dass (Sitar recital) 7-45 Film Music 8-0 Ramanlal Desai (Gujarati Geeto) 8-15 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 10-0 Musical Consequences 10-30 Urban De Luna 10-45 Rawics and Landauer.

VARIATIONS.

353 m. (850 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
7.45 a.m. News (E) 8-0 Khadim Husain (Vocal music) 8-15 News (M) 8-30 S. V. Patwardhan.
364 m. (850 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
12-50 p.m. News (M) 1-0 Master Qasimpha, 1-10 Vividh Sangeet 1-30 Master Gajanbhai 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Laxmanrao Chotare.
353 m. (850 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
from 4-30 to 7-15 p.m.
41.46 m. (4,890 kc/s)
from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m.
6-0 p.m. Radhabai Rao 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (E), 8-0 News (M) 8.15 Malini Vinod 8-30 Talk in Marathi 8-45 W. Dass (Sitar recital) 9-0 V. D. Ambhaikar 9-25 Kamal Padhye (Bhavgeeten) 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Talk in English 10-0 Prashnamala 10-30 Khadim Husain (Vocal music)

BARODA, Tuesday, April 12.
7-30 a.m. Morning Variety 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Rajabhau Sonatakke (Lalman) 8-30 Malat. Deshmukh (Violin) 8-45 News (G) 6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Patdeep on Violin (By Malati Deshmukh) 6-25 Sundarlal M. Shah 6-35 "Gramjano Mate" 7-0 Rajabhau Sontakke 7-15 Ambubhai Mod: 7-30 Madhusudan M. Thakkar 7-45 'Gunho Ane Kaydo' 'Kaydo Ane Gunhegar' 8-0 Mirabai 8-10 Local Announcements 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Rajabhau Sontakke 8-45 Sundarlal M. Shah 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Film Variety 9-30 Madhusudan M. Thakkar (Gujarati songs) 9-45 Mishra Dhun 10-0 Sundarlal M. Shah.

MULK RAJ ON A. I. R.: At 9-45 p.m., today (Tuesday), Dr. Mulk Raj Anand will broadcast from All-India Radio, Bombay, the first talk in the series 'The Changing World'. This series, tracing the influence of two world wars on human thought and progress, will cover Eastern literature, Western literature, Science, and Philosophy. The broadcast can be heard on Bombay—A and Bombay—B.

"Schools Week" Appeal

BOMBAY, Monday.

Today, begins the Schools Week launched by the Headmasters and Principals of Secondary and Primary Schools on the initiative of the BPCC with a view to raising collections for the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund.

In a letter addressed to all Heads of Schools in Bombay, the Joint Secretaries of the Schools Collection Committee, Miss Kapila Khandvala and Mr. C. A. Christie appeal to them to adhere to the slogan "a rupee per pupil" and also declare a full holiday on April 20 so that students may put in special efforts for collection to this Fund.

STABBING CASE

Appeal Admitted

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Weston & Mr. Justice Dixit)

Edulji Jehangir Laher .. Appellant (Accused)

vs.

The Government of Bombay .. Respondent.

This was an appeal from the conviction and concurrent sentences of 2½ years' R.I. and 1 year's R.I. for having voluntarily caused grievous hurt to one Manek Ardeshir Mistri and to one Murzban Jehangir Billimoria respectively, passed on the accused by His Honour Judge Bhatt agreeing with a 6 to 3 verdict of the jury at the City Sessions Court. The matter came up for admission before their Lordships on Monday when counsel for the accused referred to the various grounds of appeal. On his pointing out to Their Lordships that the learned trial judge had failed to direct the jury with regard to the law of private defence, Their Lordships admitted the appeal which will now come up, for hearing in due course.

Mr. B. S. Pansuff with Mr. J. Shroff appeared for the appellant-accused.

ELEPHANTA FOR HOLIDAY-MAKERS

Premier Tours Island

Accompanied by the Ministers of Health and Labour, the Secretary to the Education Department, the Director of National Park and Gardens and the Collector of Kolaba, the Premier of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher, spent four hours in the mid-day sun on Sunday (April 10) walking over the Elephanta Island and inspecting the area and the hutments scattered over the place.

On the spot he discussed short-term and long-term plans for the development of the Island, so near the city, as an attractive resort for holiday-makers with amenities in the shape of gardens, canteens and rooms for hire.

Urgent repairs to the hutments to be taken in hand immediately.

Alleged Intimidation Of Loyal Workers

BOMBAY, Monday.

Raja Shetty Rama Shetty was arrested by the Byculla Police on Saturday last for allegedly intimidating a loyal worker of the Firestone Rubber and Tyre Company, Sewri.

Shetty was today ordered to be released on bail by Mr. Yennamadi Presidency Magistrate, Mazagon Court.

The Goculdas Tejpal Nursing Association

The Hon. Secretary and Treasurer, Goculdas Tejpal Nursing Association, writes:

The Goculdas Tejpal Nursing Association are investigating the possibility of running a hostel for about 50 nurses on the active list, subject to availability of suitable accommodation. Nurses who feel that such a scheme will be popular are invited to write to the Honorary Secretary and Treasurer of the Association. The Association is agreeable to register the names of nurses who are in favour.

Lecture Series On Traffic Safety

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. Morarji R. Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, will inaugurate a series of lectures on Traffic Safety, arranged by the Traffic Control Department of the Greater Bombay Police, for school children in Greater Bombay, at 8 a.m. tomorrow, at the Royal Opera House.

Hindu Code Bill

Copies of the Supplement to the Bombay Government Gazette, of March 3, 1949, containing the Hindu Code Bill and the Select Committee's report on it are available, free of charge, at the Government Book Depot, Charni Road, Bombay.

MUTTON PRICE IN CITY LIKELY TO SHOOT UP

Sequel To Increase In Railway Freight

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

BANDRA, Monday.

If the B.B. and C.I. Railway authorities do not reduce their enhanced rate on railway freight mutton prices are likely to shoot up at a rate which would increase the present high cost of living by at least 20 to 25 per cent.

At an urgent meeting of the committee members of the Bombay Sheep and Goat Merchant's Association held on Saturday last, Mr. Mohomed Hanif Sojet, President of the Association told the members should Government and the B.B. and C.I. Railway authorities fail to consider their petition asking to reduce the heavy increase in freight levied by the Railway since March 1, 1949, the Association would be forced to sell their cattles for slaughter at higher prices which would mean that from June 1, 1949 the price of mutton at all markets which was at present Re. 1 to Re. 1-4-0 per lb. would shoot up to Rs. 2 to Rs. 2-4-0 per lb., in Bombay City and Suburbs.

Mr. Mohomed Hanif, explained that the B.B. and C.I. Railway had increased their freight from Rs. 339-12-0 for three wagons of the total capacity of 150 sheep which was levied up to September 30 1948, to Rs. 919-0-0 for the same number of wagons of same capacity on March 1, 1949, which incidentally was an increase by 174 per cent within five months.

He said this was against the declared wishes and policy of the Central Government, adding it seems from the railway circular announcing this increase of freight that the trade of livestock has been made the main target for increasing the income of the railways this year.

He continued this increase has caused a great setback to the trade of livestock and has resulted in inconveniences to business and heavy losses and would mean that the public of Bombay who are already paying double pre-war prices for their mutton will have to pay a further increase which in the face of facts appears absurd.

Explaining the enhanced railway freight Mr. Hanif said, before October 1948, that is upto September 1948, the freight for three wagons of the total capacity of 150 sheep and goats was Rs. 339-12-0 from Sojat Road to Bandra. This freight was charged at 0-3-6 per wagon per mile on Metre Gauge and at 0-4-0 per wagon per mile on Broad Gauge. In doing so three wagons of metre gauge were substituted by two wagons of Broad Gauge at Sabarmati at the time of transhipment.

This he said went on till end of September of the same year when on October 1, 1948 the rates were revised and enhanced to 0-8-0 per wagon per mile on Metre gauge and 0-6-0 per wagon per mile on Broad Gauge. This sweeping rise in the freight brought the total to Rs. 704-0-0 for the said consignment from Sojat Road to Bandra. Thus this increase came to nearly 104 per cent as compared to the freight prior to October 1, 1948. This was more than double the previous freight and gave a very heavy blow to the trade.

But even when the trade could not recover from the above blow there came the third and the most sturdy blow when from March 1, 1949, there was a further revision by the increase of freight on livestock trade under the C.I.T.E.'s B.E. and C.I. Railway Circular. Under this circular the present rates are 0-9-0 per wagon per mile on through booking (i.e. Broad and Metre Gauges). By this increase of Rs. 215-0-0 per three wagons from Sojat Road to Bandra the total freight is raised to Rs. 919-0-0 from Rs. 339-12-0 Thus the percentage raised is from 104 per cent to 174 per cent within the last five months.

He continued such a heavy increase in the Railway Freight is not heard of in the history of Indian Railways and has thrown this trade into the jaws of death, adding the Association has appealed to the Hon'ble Railway Minister, New Delhi, in last March and also recently to the C.T.M. and Rates Superintendent. But it has not been favoured with any reply.

Interviewed by a representative of this paper Mr. Mohomed Hanif said Bombay needs over one and a quarter lakh of sheep and goat cattle for slaughter per month. As it usually is, sheep and goat cattle for March, April and May are being supplied from Deccan and, Gujarat and besides train the cattle are brought by lorry transport and thus they have not yet been affected by the increased rate. But from June the cattle for nine months in the year are brought from Sojat Road and since the only means of transport is rail, prices are expected to shoot up to any extent and the Bombay merchants will be forced to charge higher rates.

He complained bitterly against thefts of cattle on the railway and said at an average 500 cattle were stolen each month. The matter he said has been represented to the railway but for the cyclostyled reply that 'the matter is receiving attention' nothing has been done.

Asked what he proposed doing if the railway did not consider reducing the freight? Mr. Hanif said the public must take this matter up because it was going to effect the purses.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION FOR POONA

Present Councillors' Extended

As a Municipal Corporation for Poona City and adjoining areas is going to be established very shortly, the Government of Bombay has extended by one year the term of office of the Councillors of the Poona City Municipality which is due to expire on May 22 next. It was considered unnecessary to spend money on the preparation of electoral roll and elections during the intervening period.

A Bill for the establishment of Municipal Corporation for Poona City and adjoining areas is already under preparation.

DRUGGED AND ROBBED

BOMBAY, Monday.

Louto Kison, a resident of Colaba and his son were robbed after being administered a stupifying drug in food by their servant Kishore, it is alleged.

It is stated that Kison was relieved of nearly Rs. 200.

Kison and his son were removed to hospital.

The police are making inquiries about Kishore, who it is said is at large.

Industrial Dispute For Adjudication

The industrial dispute between Messrs. Allibhoy Sharafally and Company, Limited, Bombay, and its workers at the Mohomadi Fine Art Litho Works and the Mohamadi Litho Press has been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Mr. Salim M. Merchant.

POLICEMAN ARRESTED

Charge Of Criminal Breach Of Trust

T. Hanumanthrao, a police Havildar attached to the Pydhonie Police Station, was arrested by the Bombay C.I.D., on Sunday, on a charge of Criminal Breach of Trust in respect of a diamond ring a wrist watch and cash valued at Rs. 2,721.

It was stated in court today that the accused had been entrusted with the articles which were found on the person of some arrested man. But as the articles were missing later, the accused was arrested.

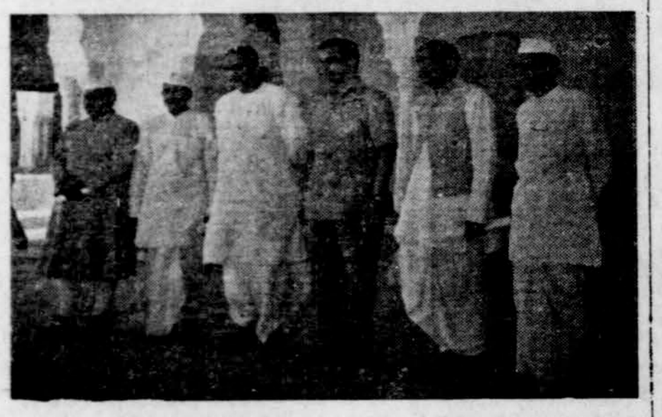
Rao Sahib C. B. Velkar, Presidency Magistrate, ordered the remand of the accused in custody.

Rationing Extended To 47 New Areas

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Government of Bombay by a notification published in the Government Gazette Extraordinary has extended rationing to 47 areas in the Province including Faizpur Municipal District, Erandol Municipal District and Parola Municipal District. The rationing is in respect of wheat, rice, bajri, barley, jowar, maize and overseas millets and will come into force with immediate effect.

UNITED RAJASTHAN CABINET



From Left to Right: Shri Raghuvardayal Goyal (Bikaner), Shri Bhurelal Baya (Udaipur), Shri Hiralal Shastri, the Premier (Jaipur), His Highness the Rajpramukh, Shri Premnarain Mathur (Udaipur) and Shri Siddhraj Dhadha (Jaipur).

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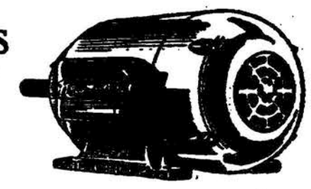
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INDIAN NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR UNESCO

Pandit Nehru going to inaugurate the first meeting of the Indian National Commission for UNESCO in Delhi The distinguished participators in the session are Maulana Azad, Education Minister, Dr. Sir. S. Radhakrishnan, Acharya Narendra Deva, Dr. Zakir Hussain, Vice-Chancellor, Aligarh University and Dr. Sir S. S. Bhatnagar, Director, Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, New Delhi.

Kenya Newsletter

U. N. O. REPORT ON TANGANYIKA UNDER FIRE

Settlers Display Lack Of Reasoning And Prejudiced Hostility

INDIANS RECOMMEND IMPLEMENTATION

NAIROBI (By Air Mail): "TANGANYKA—BRITISH or UNO" formed the subject of discussion in Nairobi in March when representatives of European settlers of Taganyka and Kenya met together to consider the U.N.O. Report on Tanganayika which, among other things, it may be recalled, directed that "European Settlement should be curtailed and strictest control exercised to keep it at the barest minimum consistent with the development of the Territory." This has created a flutter in European settlers' circles while Indians settled in Tanganayika and Kenya have not only accorded general support to the U.N.O. Report but called upon "the British Government to implement the Commission's recommendations."

CHECK TO TANGANYKA'S GROWTH

The European settlers' meeting which was called under the auspices of the Nairobi European Electors' Organisation—a constituent part of the white settlers' Electors Union of Kenya—unanimously adopted a resolution which stated that "it considers that the expressed opposition of the United Nations visiting mission to permanent European settlement would, if accepted, gravely prejudice Tanganyka's growth as an internal part of the British Commonwealth."

The meeting also decided to form a union of all British organisations in East Africa "to establish a strong and permanent European settlement throughout East and Central Africa."

DESTRUCTION OF U.N.O. DEMANDED

Lack of reasoning on the part of Tanganyika Europeans and prejudiced hostility were witnessed at the meeting. Mr. C. E. Phillips, Chairman of the European nominated members of the Tanganyika Legislature, who spoke at this meeting, in the course of his speech, declared: "Tanganyika today is in a less happy position than at any time since the British Government took over the territory. We all know that the United Nations has been the most ineffective organisation ever set up.

"The time has now arrived", Mr. Phillips remarked, "when U.N.O. has to be dissolved or reconstituted on a different basis." So far as I am concerned, I would like to see it dissolved. I think we can do far more with mutual pacts than with any of these 'international organisations which seem to get us nowhere."

In what may be termed as a preposterous and fantastic summing-up of his whole speech, Mr. Phillips, in conclusion, said he felt that if the Europeans in East Africa were to succeed in their plans two "distinct objects" would have to be kept in view. "The first is to get rid of U.N.O. and the second is a federation of East African territories", he screamed.

"A FRIGHTFUL REPORT"

Another speaker from Tanganyika, Mr. F. Anderson, Chairman of the Northern Province Council representing European settlers' interests of Tanganyika, said Tanganyika was now facing another "political crisis" brought about largely by the implementation of the Wilson Report (published two years ago on the redistribution of land in the Meru and Arusha areas by the British Government) and "that frightful report" of the U.N.O. Trusteeship Council.

Speaking on behalf of the white settlers of Kenya, Mr. E. A. Vasey, Chairman, European unofficial members organisation of the Kenya Legislature, said he could not advise his (European) electorate to enter into a federtion with Tanganyika unless he was satisfied that the policy of Tanganyika Government was to encourage the establishment of white settlement as successfully as had been the case in Kenya he said he wished to see Tanganyika, "Where it rightfully belonged—under the British flag where men could live in reasonable hope of freedom and justice."

GRAVE APPREHENSION

While the Europeans in East Africa seem to be determined to thwart the findings and observations of U.N.O. Report on Tanganyika, Indians who outnumber the European settlers by a vast majority, and who have no motives of political domination over the Africans either in Kenya or in Tanganyike, have viewed the turn of events with "grave apprehension." Resolutions objecting to the federation of the East and Central African territories and justifying U.N.O. Report on Tanganyika have been adopted by the E. A. Indian National Congress of Nairobi and the Indian Association of Tanganyike.

AGAINST BEST INTERESTS OF NATIVES

In a resolution on "African Federation", which has already been communicated to Mr. Arthur Creech Jones, the Colonial Secretary, the Indian Congress has declared its "strong opposition to any suggestion for closer union of Kenya with other units of British East Africa, the Rhodesias and or South Africa, such as is being voiced by certain elements of the European community in these Territories".

The resolution also stated that "any such move for federating these territories would be against the best interests of the indigenous population and the Indian settlers who form ninetynine per cent of the entire population", because then, the resolution asserted, "the evil influence of South African racialism and fascism and, to a lesser extent, the similar influence of the European community of the Eastern and Central African territories would contaminate and poison the body politic and such a federation and retard, if not stop, the progress of the African people."

PREJUDICED HOSTILITY

By another resolution on the U.N.O. Report on Tanganyika the Indian Congress declared that "the findings of the U.N.O. Commission are generally justified, "and called upon the British Government" to make every effort to implement the Commission's recommendations".

NATIVES INTEREST PARAMOUNT

The Indian Association of Tanganyika has also accorded full support to the U.N.O. Report and has expressed "that the proposed link of Rhodesias, Nyasaland and the Federation of East and Central African territories is the thin end of the wedge to achieve domination and rule of the small European minority over non-Europeans who form the bulk of the population. It has also stated that such a federation would bring about "exactly the same position and conditions as now exist in the Union of South Africa."

The Indian Association further declared if the proposed move to federate the territories is successful, it would "nullify the declared policy of the British Government that the interests of the natives are, and will always remain, paramount."

Post-Graduate Course In Psychiatry

The Government of Bombay has decided to start, from this year, a post-graduate course in Psychological Medicine at the Grant Medical College, Bombay. The course, which has been sanctioned for three years, will cover 144 lectures. Of these, 32 will be delivered by the full time Professors of the College and 112 by members of the Honorary staff.

An annual grant of Rs. 10,000 will be given to the Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Bombay, for providing facilities for child guidance clinics, which will be attended by the students of the course.

The students will be charged the following fees:

Subject	Fees
Postgraduate clinical instruction in medicine.	Rs. 130 for 6 months; at Rs. 65 for a term of 3 months.
Postgraduate clinical instruction in Psychiatry.	Rs. 200 for 12 months, at Rs. 50 for a period of 3 months.
Tuition fees for systematic lectures and other instructions	Rs. 100 for the entire course of 18 months.

Vindhya Pradesh Plans For Prohibition

REWA, April 11. (A.P.I.): The Vindhya Pradesh Union Government have issued a warning to their employees that any employee found taking liquor except for medical purposes shall be liable to be punished.

This is the first step in the Government's plan to introduce prohibition in the union. The start will be made at an early date with some districts, it is stated.

Diwakar To Open Betelnut Conference

KARWAR, April 10 (A.P.I.): Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, will inaugurate the third All-India Betelnut (Supari) Conference to be held at Sirsi (Karwar District) on May 2.

LEVEL OF TAXATION IN STATES

Enquiry Committee Commends System In Provinces

BOMBAY, Monday.—The Indian States Finance Enquiry Committee under the Chairmanship of Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, former Dewan of Jaipur, will submit its report within a month, it is learnt here.

It is believed the Committee will recommend that the level of taxation in the States—whether acceding, merged, or centrally administered—should be brought in line with that obtaining in the Provinces. The Central Government should take over income from Railways owned by the States, as well as from excise, land customs and income-tax. Any temporary loss sustained by the States as a result of the change should be met either by a subsidy or subvention from the Government of India. In the alternative, the Province to which a State has merged should meet the financial burden.

Besides the Chairman, the other members of the Committee are Mr. S. K. Patil and Mr. N. Dandekar, I.C.S., with Mr. G. Swaminathan of the Indian Audit and Account Service as the Secretary.

Military Award For 12 Best Composers

NEW DELHI, April 11 (API).—The Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army has raised the prizes announced recently for award to the first 12 best composers of songs suitable for adaptation for military march music from Rs. 50/- to Rs. 150/- each, says a Press Note, from the Ministry of Defence.

The Press Note adds: "All manuscripts are required to be in the hands of the Adjutant-General, Army Headquarters, New Delhi, by August 1, 1949.

INDIA IN FOURTH PLACE IN CIVIL AVIATION

Speedy Advancement In Recent Years

NEW DELHI, APRIL 11 (A.P.I.): FREE INDIA HAS BECOME A VITAL FORCE IN THE MODERN 'AIR AGE', HAVING ACQUIRED THE FOURTH PLACE IN CIVIL AVIATION AMONG THE NATIONS OF THE WORLD.

STARTING ALMOST FROM SCRATCH AT THE END OF WORLD WAR II, INDIA TODAY HAS SEVEN CIVIL AVIATION COMPANIES, OPERATING 22,092 MILES OF REGULAR INTERNAL AIR SERVICES AND THREE OVERSEAS SERVICES. THE INTERNAL LINES COVERED 13,500,000 FLIGHT MILES LAST YEAR AND CARRIED OVER 342,000 PASSENGERS ACROSS THE SUB-CONTINENT.

The speedy advancement of civil aviation in India is regarded as having no parallel in the world.

The Government of India has budgetted for an expediture during 1949-50 of Rs. 2,92,00,000 for development projects under civil aviation.

India, as a member of the International Civil Aviation Organisation, has to develop her aerodromes to conform to the standards laid down by them. They are therefore launching on a wide programme of construction of terminal and residential buildings, receiving stations and hangars at the international airports in India and other aerodromes.

With the rapid growth of air transport in India, the responsibilities of the civil aviation department has increased. It has now to deal with 46 civil aerodromes in the country, besides a number in Indian tates. It has also to open a few additional aerodromes and man them with trained personnel.

RADIO FACILITIES

In view of the revolutionary developments in radio technique as an aid to aviation, Government propose to spend Rs. 58,00,000 in providing radio communication facilities to aircraft in India. The Director-General of Civil Aviation is concerned with the maintenance and control at present of 46 communication stations scattered all over the country.

With a view to imparting organised and scientific aeronautical training the Government of India started in 1946 a civil aviation training centre at Saharanpur, United Provinces, with a communication school attached to it for training radio operators and technicians.

More than 300 candidates have passed through this institution during the past two years. Government followed it up with the establishment of a flying training school at Allahabad in September 1948 and two batches of pilot instructors have so far completed their training at this school.

SUBSIDIES FOR FLYING CLUBS

Arrangements are also in progress for opening an engineering school for training ground engineers, and for a repair organisation for the overhaul and day-to-day maintenance of training aircraft.

A sum of Rs. 15.00,000 has been set apart for the next year for payment of subsidies to flying and gliding clubs, which will assist in the training of civil aviation personnel. During the past year, the flying clubs trained 179 pilots for the 'A' licence and 19 for the 'B' licence, besides having on their rolls 267 trainees on the first of January this year.

An aeronautical society has been formed for the purpose of promoting the advancement of the profession of aeronautics in India. The society counts among its members scientists engineers and technical personnel of the civil aviation department.

All these air services in India are controlled and guided by the state. Although the question of nationalising them has been before the Government for some time, it has been decided to let them continue and also to help them to develop to the fullest possible extent.

'SILVER PLANE FOR SARDAR

Premier Nehru presents Sardar Patel a silver trophy mounted with a replica of the plane in which the Deputy Premier had a trip to Jaipur, at a reception in New Delhi by the members of Consembly. L. to R. Pandit Nehru, Sardar Patel and Satya Narain Sinha, Minister of State, Government of India.

INDO-HUNGARY TRADE PACT

The Indo-Hungary Trade Pact being signed by Mr. C. C. Desai, Secretary, Ministry of Commerce, Government of India, and Mr. T. Mende, leader of Hungarian Trade Delegation, at New Delhi.

Armed Gang Effects Release Of Two Arrested Men

CHANDERNAGORE, April 11 (API)—Firing revolver shots an armed gang today succeeded in releasing two persons from the custody of two police constables, who were escorting the men out of a local court house.

The two men had been arrested recently for alleged rioting. Police investigation is proceeding but no arrest has so far been made.

Justice Shah Felicitated

BOMBAY, Monday.

Hon. Mr. Justice J. C. Shah was felicitated on his elevation to the Bombay High Court Bench, at a tea party arranged by his friends at the Radio Club this evening.

Speaking on the occasion Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Dr. Chamanlal Mehta and Mr. Chandulal M. Choksi congratulated Justice Shah for the honour conferred on him.

Sir Purshottamdas said that there had been a belief in India that only politicians could serve the country but that was not so. A person on the Government side, could also serve the country as well as a politician and he hoped that Justice Shah would prove it.

The tea party was attended by a large number of guests.

Arts College For Kalyan Refugee Students

BOMBAY, April 11 (UPI).—It is reliably learnt that the Sindhu Education Society, Kalyan Camps, propose to start an Arts College for the convenience of refugee students, staying at Kalyan Camps from June 1949.

Aly Khan-Hayworth Wedding In Mid-May

PARIS, April 11 (UPA): Prince Aly Khan and his glamorous bride-to-be Rita Hayworth left today for his Riviera villa at Cannes where they will spend the last few weeks before their marriage which is expected to take place in mid-May.

After the civil ceremony Rita and the Prince are expected to go through a Mohammedan wedding which probably will be performed by the Prince's father, the fabulously wealthy Aga Khan.

DACCA, April 11, (PTI-Reuter): The Government of Pakistan have constituted an eight-man Expert Committee to examine the Arabic script and make it suitagle to be used as script for all regional languages of Pakistan. Dr. M. Kasan, Educational Adviser, Pakistan, will be the Chairman of the Committee.

BRITISH FOOD EXPERT TO ADVISE INDIA

Lord Boyd-Orr who has been invited by the Government of India to advise on food production is a former Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations.

Lord Boyd-Orr, who is 69, was for many years a member of the Colonial Advisory Council of Agriculture and Animal Health, and Organiser and Director of the Imperial Bureau of Animal Nutrition. At the request of the various Commonwealth Governments he studied and reported on problems of pasture in Australia, New Zealand and Canada. He also took part in nutritional investigations for the Research Committee of the Empire Marketing Board.

In 1936, he published the results of his dietary surveys in a striking book, "Food, Health and Income", which revealed grave deficiencies in the nourishment of the poorest classes. This book prepared the ground for a new approach to the problems of agriculture and food all over the world. In writings and speeches he condemned a policy of restricting food production and distribution with the object of excessive price-raising. He proposed that a Government food Department should take over the resources of the country and that the marketing scheme of the Ministry of Agriculture should be co-ordinated with the public health service so that everybody could be properly fed.

He was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society in 1932 and was knighted in 1935. In 1937, he was made a member of the Government's Nutrition Committee.

WAR WORK

During World War II, Lord Boyd-Orr broadcast and lectured, and published a book, "Feeding the People in Wartime", with David Lubbock. He visited America in 1941 and 1942 urging the setting up of a United Nations organization to deal with food on a world scale. In 1942, he took on in addition to the directorship of the Rowett Institute, the Chair of Agriculture at Aberdeen University and the Readership of the North of Scotland College of Agriculture.

In April 1945, acceding to a request made by a group of professional people of all parties, he stood as Parliamentary candidate in a by-election for the Scottish Universities, and was elected by a big majority. He was returned again at the general election in the summer.

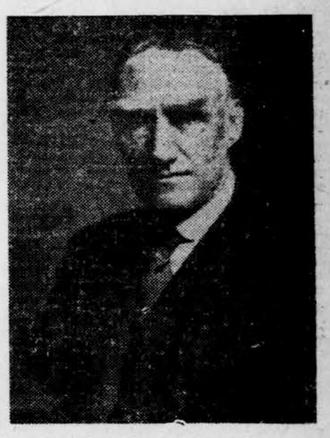
Later that year, he went out as a British delegate to the Quebec conference called to set up a U.N. food and agriculture organization, and his outstanding record and personality led to his appointment as the organization's director-general. During his term of office, besides attending the annual conferences of the F.A.O., in Quebec, Copenhagen and Washington, he attended regional conferences on urgent food problems in Rome, Geneva and Cairo, visited the countries of Eastern Europe to assess their needs when U.N.R.R.A. handed over its rehabilitation work to the F.A.O. and toured Latin America for the purpose of impressing on them the urgency of the world's food problem and securing co-operation.

PROPOSED WORLD FOOD BOARD

In September 1946, when presenting his report on the work of F.A.O. in its first year, he submitted proposals for a World Food Board as a permanent international organization. After study of his proposals by a 16-nation preparatory commission, F.A.O. established in September, 1947, a World Food Council.

Recently, Lord Boyd-Orr retired from the directorship of F.A.O. to his farm in Angus, but has continued to carry on from there his campaign for the better organization of world supplies.

He is the author of several books on food and nutrition.



Lord Boyd-Orr

DISPLACED PERSONS IN DELHI

State Aid Confined To "Refugees"

NEW DELHI, April 11 (A.P.I.): The Government of India, have, for the present, decided to restrict rehabilitation benefits in Delhi to "refugees" as defined in the Ordinance for the registration of refugees in Delhi.

According to this definition, a "refugee" or "displaced person" means a person who had since March 1, 1947 entered Delhi Province, having left his place of residence elsewhere on account of civil disturbances in that place or fear of such disturbances.

Cases of those who fall outside the definition are, however, being considered on merits and in a marginal case of exceptional hardship, rehabilitation assistance may be given at the discretion of the Provincial Government.

Copies Of Hindi Weekly Forfeited

The Government of West Bengal has issued orders, under the West Bengal Security Act, 1948, declaring to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of (1) the issue of December 17, 1948 of the "Nai Zindigi" a weekly newspaper in Hindi, edited by Suryadev Upadhyaya "Anuragi", printed for him at the Janabani Press and Publications, Limited, 36, Baranasi Ghosh Street, Calcutta, and published by him from 147, Harrison Road, Calcutta, and (2) the issue of the 22nd Agrahayan and 7th Pous, 1355, B. S. of the "Bangla" a fortnightly Bengali newspaper, edited by Bharat Kumar Ganguli, printed by him at the Naba Bharat Press, Nutanganj, Burdwan, and published by him from the same address and also all other documents containing copies, reprints and translations of, or extracts from, the said issues of the newspapers. It has also prohibited the further publication, sale or distribution of the said issues of the newspapers and also the publication, sale or distribution of any subsequent issues thereof, in West Bengal.

BHAWSAR'S (REGD.)
JAKHME-RUZ
PINK OINTMENT
STOPS SCABIES, ITCHES, ULCERS, BURNS, CUTS, WOUNDS, ERUPTIONS, CRACKED SKIN CHILDREN'S WEEPING ECZEMA, SCRATCHING.
BHAWSAR CHEMICAL WORKS. VYARA T.V. RLY.

HINDUSTAN AIRCRAFT'S LUCKY WIN OVER G. I. P. 'A'

Enter Quarter-Final Of Aga Khan Hockey Tournament

HINDUSTAN AIRCRAFT 2 G.I.P. RAILWAY 'A' 0

BOMBAY, Monday.

No less disastrous than the form of Babban for Kalyanmal Mills last evening was the performance of Donnelly today between the G.I.P. bars, when the railway side met the Hindustan Aircraft in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament. The two goals which decided the issue of the match were entirely the result of the inability of Donnelly to prevent the weakest and the most timid of shots from entering the net.

The second goal was hardly a goal at all. Outside left Somu touched the ball inside the circle and was prepared for the clearance of the custodian, when Donnelly, without covering the line of the ball with his pads had a wild swish at the ball, missed and conceded the second goal of the evening, when the absence of that goal might well have made some difference to the final result as the losers were pressing hard during this period and might possibly have reduced the only goal lead which their opponents were enjoying. This second reverse, however, rendered their efforts limp and almost unwilling as barely a few minutes were left for play

A draw would have flattered neither side and would, perhaps have been a proper estimation of the trend of the game. During the opening minutes of the match the G.I.P. forwards moved well and were causing some anxiety to the Bangalore defenders Archer and MacBride. Munir, in particular, was often dangerous and his ball control and short passing almost placed them in the lead, but Bhogal failed to gather the ball inside the circle.

During one of the sporadic raids of the Hindustan Aircraftsmen, Fitzgerald was very fortunate to see an easy shot get past Donnelly. These arrears failed to bring any adverse effect on the railwaymen who looked good enough for a goal during the opening session. From one of the penalty short corners the local side earned a penalty bully when Archer pushed the ball away from the goal. In the bully, however, Bocarro was easily beaten and the equaliser remained unscored. Glorious as this opportunity was, its wasting did not appear disastrous as the entire second half in addition to a few minutes of the first remained for play.

Weak finishing and a certain slowness failed to translate the territorial superiority of the G.I.P. side into the much needed equaliser. Archer was always quick to pounce on any loose or stray ball and he used it so effectively that often his forwards were sent deep into their opponents' territory. Perhaps without the services of Archer, the Bangalore side might have conceded a goal during these vital minutes, but together with MacBride who afforded him excellent support, Archer kept the ball out of their circle most of the time.

The larger part of the match saw the domination of the encounter, by the rival defences, not merely on the strength of their display alone but also due to the weakness of both the forward lines. There was hardly a single forward, with the possible exception of Munir during the opening minutes of the match, with enough thrust, speed and control of the ball to present any real danger to his opponents' goal. MacBride for the Hindustan Aircraft and Nabi Shah for the G.I.P. were, however, always outstanding for their anticipation which enabled them exploit to the full the slowness of the forwards.

Rajgopal who might have been a match winning factor on the left wing failed to impress as an inside-forward as neither his speed nor his centring ability could be used as much as inside-left as it might have been used on the wing.

The teams:

HINDUSTAN AIRCRAFT, BANGALORE:—Deshmuttu, MacBride and Archer; Veeraraghavan, Umikrishnan and V. V. Naidu; Natesh, Domingo, Fitzgerald, Rajgopal and Somu.

G.I.P. RAILWAY 'A'—Donnelley, A. D'Souza and Nabi Shah; Rahamat Ali, Pieralal and Pavey; R. Krishna, Bogal, Bocarro, Munir and Lyte.

Referees—Messrs. F M. Wences and B. Abraham.

JUPITER ENTER FINAL

Centuries By Shetty And Shroff In "Times" Shield Cricket

BOMBAY, Monday.—Jupiter General now earned the right to contest the final of the Times Shield Senior Division Cricket Tournament, when they beat A.C.C. Sports Club by 5 wickets and 3 runs. They now meet Tatas in the final.

G. R. Shroff and M. S. Shetty were mainly responsible for this big total. Shroff was unbeaten with 136, which comprised 15 fours and two sixers while M. S. Shetty scored 152 which included 15 fours and 1 six. Jupiter scored 347 for the loss of 5 wickets. M. K. Mantri proved to be a good bowler when he took 3 wickets for 106 runs. The following were the scores:

A.C.C. Sports 344.

Jupiter General Ins. Co. 347 for 5 wickets (G. R. Shroff not out 136, Shetty 152, Mantri 3 for 106).

Malayan Badminton Team Confident

COPENHAGEN, April 10. (PTI-Reuter): The Malayan badminton team which is to meet Denmark here tomorrow, is "perfectly confident" of victory.

Ooi Teik Hock said here to-night that none of the team had any doubt about the result. The team, which arrived from Sweden yesterday went to bed early and slept late to-day.

Ooi said it was intended to have another long rest to-night.

The Malayans will not have any practice matches before the actual encounter which takes place in Copenhagen's largest sports hall and over 3,000 people are expected to watch the play.

JUNIOR AGA KHAN HOCKEY

Little Flower "B" Win

BOMBAY, Monday.—Little Flower "B" beat Dufferin "B" by the odd goal in three and Dufferin "A" drew with Antonio D'Souza "A" neither side scoring in the Junior Aga Khan Hockey Tournament for Schools.

Peter Andrade and A. Rodrigues scored for Little Flower "B" while Banerjee scored for "Dufferin"

NADKARNI FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT

A Drawn Game

BOMBAY, Monday.—In the Nadkarni Football Tournament. Indian Gymkhana and Indian Culture League shared two goals, both sides scoring in the second half through Soundaraj and Sitaram respectively

Although extra time was played it bore no result.

HOCKEY

Bombay Gymkhana Ground

4-20 p.m. Goan S.C. 'B' vs. B.B. & C.I. Railway B (Jepson Cup final)

5-30 p.m. Lusitanians vs. Tatas (First Replay of Provincial final)

HOCKEY

Association Ground.

5-40 p.m. Panchgani Parsees vs. St. Xavier (Women's League).

GILES SHIELD SCHOOL'S CRICKET

Podar Win By Seven Wickets

BOMBAY, Monday.—Podar High School beat Robert Money High School in the Giles Shield Tournament by seven wickets and 4 runs.

Podar proved for too good when for the loss of only 3 wickets they scored 122. Edekar gave a brilliant performance with the blade scoring 60 runs. Ratansey scored 22.

Robert Money were all out for 118 runs, Popatlal scored 22, while Wagh captured 4 for 24. The following were the scores:

Robert Money High School: 118 (Popatlal 22, Kulkarni 15; Wagh 4 for 24).

Podar High School: 122 for 3 wickets (Edekar 60, Ratansey 22, Reddi 2 for 8).

Former British Golf Champion Wins Masters' Tournament

AUGUSTA, Georgia, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): Sam Snead, former British Open Golf Champion, won the Masters' Tournament here yesterday with an aggregate of 282 for 72 holes. Lloyd Mangrum and Johnny Bulla tied for second place three strokes behind the winner and they were followed by Jimmy Turnesa and Johnny Palmer who each had an aggregate of 286.

TORPEDO BOATS IN ARCTIC

Study Of Effect Of Polar Colds On Humans

LONDON. (By Cable).

Motor torpedo boats of the Royal Navy have just returned from the longest voyage ever made by this type of vessel. It was also the first time that such craft have penetrated into Arctic waters. A cruise of 4,000 miles was made.

The purpose of the voyage, which was an experiment, was to find out whether motor torpedo boats could work effectively in Arctic conditions. It was also a test of how Polar temperatures would affect the crews. A naval to make medical observations.

Provision of extra heating was made in the boats and special Arctic clothing of varying types was warn by the officers and men. Additional food rations were also issued. About one month was spent in making experiments in the Arctic Ocean and conditions of extreme cold were encountered.—L. P. S.

NORRIS BEATS ROQUIZINHO ON A T. K. O. VERDICT

Team Boxing In Bombay

BOMBAY, Monday.—Some really clean boxing as well as some short circuit results were witnessed at the Team Boxing Tournament at the Sir C. J. Hall this evening. The 20th Century Boxing Club were the organisers of the fights.

There were four technical knock out decisions and one knock out verdict, Bombay Athletic Association, formerly known as the Bombay Goan Athletic Association won six fights and Rangers won four fights out of the eleven scheduled for the evening.

Jack Cardoza was not able to claim an easy victory as he has been used too, as R. M. Kelkar of Rangers proved to be equal to the occasion, but his main difficulty was that he was unable to connect, though he defended well. Cardoza was warned on twice for hitting with an open glove.

In the second fight of the evening spectators expected a runaway victory for Thomas of the B.A.A. used power packed lefts and rights from the start and was making short work, having sent Kothare of Rangers to the floor twice for counts of four and five in the opening round. Kothare game fighter and stylist recovered and also punished Thomas with three good lefts. Thomas won on points.

A. Pagan (B.A.A.) and C. Murray of Cathedral High School showed what clean scientific boxing can do when well exploited. One weakness that was noticeable was that Pagan's weak spot was his defence and Murray was slow to take advantage of this, although he cleverly attacked late in the second round. This was a really well matched fight. Pagan won on points.

Spectators gave Kuka a great ovation for the splendid fight he put up against B. D'Sa the human hair pin, who simply lashed out at his opponent, but Kuka defended well. D'Sa won easily

Two technical knock out verdicts followed and both verdicts were given in the first round. F. Rego beat B. Lobo on a T.K.O. and D. G. Vander Gucht similarly beat B. Gomes of the B.A.A.

A surprise was now in store for all for Richard Norris proved a disappointment. He has never fought such a bad fight. A Sequeria is no fighter at all and he just swung out blindly and managed to connect anything and everything. Norris was floored twice in the second round for counts of 7 and 8 before being knocked out in the third and last round.

R. Wilmer made light work of D. Lopez when he gained a technical knock out verdict in the second round Lopez stood out well and is a good fighter, but Wilmer is shades above him.

H. Norris brought off a wonderful recovery after taking a great deal of punishment in the two early round from F. Roquizinho. Roquizinho received some really good punishment and was floored twice and finally the referee had to stop the fight as Roquizinho was completely at sea.

Michael Carvalho and H. Ferrier fought a hard fought fight Carvalho prevailing in the end.

Peter Prince won on a knock out verdict in the second round against G. Rego of B.A.A. Rego completely upset the calculations of Prince and he gave Peter a hard time.

Mrs. Baker distributed the prizes to the winners.

The following were the results:

Jack Cardoza (111) B.A.A. beat R. M. Kelkar (108) Rangers, on points.

A. Thomas (109) B.A.A. beat E. Kothare (109) Rangers on points.

A. Fagan (129) B.A.A. beat C. Murray (132) Cathedral H.S. on points.

B. D'Sa (110) B.A.A. beat K. P. Kuka (106) Tata S.C. on points.

F. Rego (127) B.A.A. beat B. Lobo (127) B.A.A. on a T.K.O. in 1st round.

G. Vandergucht (122) Rangers beat B. Gomesc (126) B.A.A. on a T.K.O. in 1st round.

A Sequira (117) B.A.A. beat R. Norris (115) Rangers on a knock out in the 3rd round.

R. Wilmer (140) Rangers beat D. Lopez (134) B.A.A. on a technical knockout in the 2nd round.

H. Norris (127) Rangers beat F. Roquizinho (125) B.A.A. on a technical knockout in 3rd round.

M. Carvalho (143) B.A.A. beat H. Ferrier (146) Rangers on points.

P. Prince (136) Rangers beat G. Rejo (134) on a knock out in 2nd round.

APPLY SHOPS ACT TO RATIONING DEPARTMENT

Ahmedabad Consumers Co-operative Societies' Plea

AHMEDABAD, April 11 (API).—The Federation of Consumers Co-operative Societies, Ahmedabad, has called upon the Bombay Government to apply the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act to the Rationing Department or in the alternative exempt Consumers Co-operatives from the operation of the Act.

The Federation, which has about a hundred Constituent members, in a representation to the Bombay Government Labour Department, has stated that since the hours of work of the Rationing Department and those of the ration shops were different, ration shops could not be run without committing breaches of the Shops and Establishments Act.

BHAGALPUR, April 11 (UPI).—The first Bihar Provincial Purdah Nibarak Sammelan will be held at Bhagalpur on April 16 and 17, it is learnt.

Pakistan Wins By Ten Wickets

SECOND UNOFFICIAL "TEST" WITH CEYLON

COLOMBO, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): **Ceylon, who were 147 in arrears and nine wickets in hand resumed their second innings this morning against Pakistan in the second unofficial "Test" of the present series here.**

A little before tea time, the home team was dismissed for 210 runs, leaving Pakistan only 48 runs to score for victory, which they hit up without any loss.

Pakistan thus won by 10 wickets.

Rodrigo and Navaratne, the overnight undefeated pair faced Khan and Fazal when the last day's play in the Second "Test" match between the Pakistan Touring Team and Ceylon began here today.

The start was marked by quiet and drab cricket of a defensive character and Navaratne hoisted 50 of the innings after 80 minutes play with a single off Khan. Chippa replaced Khan two runs later and at 62, the second bowling change brought in Maqsood. Rodrigo lost his wicket soon after, when ht gave an easy catch to Fazal off a rising ball. Rodrigo had scored 26.

Abeyesekera joined Navaratne and 200 went on the board as a result of 130 minutes play. At the same time Navaratne reached his 50 by sweeping Chippa to the fence, but he fell a victim to Amin who had come in the last over before lunch. He gave the bowler a high return catch. Navaratne made 58 runs in a stay of 105 minutes with seven fours. The score at lunch time was 116 for three wickets.

Soon after the lunch interval, Amin had Abeyasekera, who had scored 21, stumped by wicket-keeper Imtiaz This brought Gunasekera and Jayawickrema together. Both batsmen settled down to enterprising cricket and a boundary by Gunasekera to the long-on off Amin sent up 150 which took 170 minutes.

At 157, Khan and Anwar returned to the attack using the new ball, and the game took a turn for the worse for the home side. Two quick wickets fell. Facing Anwar, Gunasekera cocked up a catch to Nazar at leg and Coomaraswamy playing the same bowler was leg before.

Wijesinghe joined Jayawickrema, and the former wiped off Ceylon's first innings deficit late cutting Anwar for four.

The batsmen took the score to 179 Then Jayawickrema when he had scored 24, touched an outswinger by Khan to Murrawat in the slips.

Wadsworth, the next man in, and Wijesinghe played cautiously and two hundred went up in 215 minutes. But the partnership did not last long. At the same total Fazal bowled Wadsworth. Zoysa, the next batsmen, after scoring three was out to a ball by the same bowler. Then Khan rounded off Ceylon's second innings for 210 having Wijesinghe caught behind the wickets.

Needing 48 runs for victory, Pakistan's Imtiaz and Nazar went in to bat to the bowling of Wijesinghe and Coomaraswamy. Tea was taken when the tourists had scored seven for no loss.

After the interval the Pakistan batsmen went all out for victory. Twenty runs were scored in as many minutes Imtiaz took the scored to 30 seconding Coomaraswamy to the boundary by a powerful hook.

At 39, Wadsworth was put on, but there was no slackening on the part of the batsmen. Imtiaz sent up forty squarecutting him for a single. Nazar got four off Wijesinghe with a full-blooded drive to the sight screen. Zoysa replaced in Wijesinghe at forty-six.

Nazar got a single with an one-drive. Facing Wadsworth next, the same batsman executed the winning stroke—an off-drive for a single.

Thus Pakistan won the Second "Test" by ten wickets.

SCORE-BOARD

CEYLON (First Innings)	**311**
PAKISTAN (First Innings) for 9 decl.	**474**
CEYLON (Second Innings)	
Derrick Saran b. Faza l	4
Rodrigo c. Fazal b. Maqsood	26
Navaratne c. and b. Amin	58
Abeyasekera st. Imtiaz b. Amin	21
Gunasekera c. Nazar b. Anwar	30
Jayawickrema c. Murrawat b. Khan	24
Coomaraswamy lbw Anwar	0
Wijesinghe c. Imtiaz b. Khan	30
Wadsworth b. Fazal	0
Zoyasa b. Fazal	3
Salih not out	0
Extras	14
Total	210

Fall of Wickets: 1/14; 2/63; 3/116; 4/161; 5/161; 6/161; 7/179; 8/200/ 9/210; 10/210.

Bowling Analysis

Khan 24/6/70/2.
Anwar 6/3/12/2.
Fazal 18/4/44/3.
Maqsood 5/2/12/1.
Chippa 9/3/12/0
Amin 9/0/46/2.

PAKISTAN (Second Innings)	
Nazar (not out)	25
Imtiaz (not out)	23
Extras	0
Total	48

Bowling Analysis

Wijesinghe 18/3/24/0
Coomaraswamy 6/2/20/0.
Wadsworth 2.5/1/3/0.
Zoysa 1/0/1/0.

Illuminate Progeny Clears Record Stakes

BOMBAY RACING SEASON IN RETROSPECT

BOMBAY, Monday.— **The following is the final standing of the winning owners, trainers, and jockeys during the Bombay Racing Season that concluded on Saturday last.**

WINNING OWNERS

	Rs.
Rao Saheb Parker (a cup 2,000 Guineans, Rs. 1500 Colaba Cup Rs. 750 and Governor-General Cup Rs. 1,300)	2,08,461|4|0
Chandulal J. Shah (a cup £100, Idar Gold Cup and Indian Derby Cup Rs. 2,000)	1,38,595
Sir Shantidas Askuran (Kashmir Gold Cup Rs. 3,000, Dawoodbhoy Nensy Cup Rs. 1,000)	76,395
Mrs. A. L. Hutson (C. N. Wadia Gold Cup Rs. 3,000, Eclipse Stakes Cup Rs. 2,000)	72,875
Maharaja of Scindia of Gwalior Tuf Club Cup Rs. 1,000, Western Indian Cup Rs. 1,000 and Jasdan Cup Rs. 1,000)	67,292|8|0
Maharani Seeta Devi of Baroda (Rajpipla Gold Cup Rs. 2,500)	64,870
Osman Chotani (Berar Cup Rs. 1,500, G. Essaji Cup Rs. 1,000)	62,500
R. K. F. Singh (Aga Khan Cup Rs. 1,000)	51,000
Dawoodbhoy Esufally & J. C. Merchant (a Cup Rs. 1,500)	50,438|12|0
A. S. Motabhoy & S. Fazli	49,301|14|0
Mrs. A. L. J. Talib (Surgeon-General Cup Rs. 1,000)	49,000
A. I. Rahimtoola & A. H. Ahmedbhoy (Indian Oak Cup Rs. 2,000)	45,486|4|0
Chandulal J. Shah & A. H. Ahmedbhoy	36,500
M. H. Ahmedbhoy & A. J. Wadia (Champagne Stakes Rs. 1,000)	34,250
Mrs. M. D. Petit (a Cup Rs. 1,000)	32,500
Maharaja of Idar (Eve Champion Cup Rs. 1,500)	32,296|14|0
Chandulal J. Shah & M. H. Ahmedbhoy	31,750
P. B. Avasia a Cup Rs. 1000. and	31,750
Maharani Chimnabai of Baroda	30,080
A. H. Wadia K. M. Munshi	29,250
M. Shroff Cup Rs. 1,500 and	29,000
A. H. Ahmedbhoy and P. Jethabhai	27,000
J. D. Banatwalla	26,250
G. A. Jasdanwalla	26,250
Sultan Moloobhoy a Cup Rs. 1000 and	25,512|8|0
Maj. A. Svamvur	24,500
N. G. Peermahomed	23,125
Fali H. Mehta	23,000
Rajya Ratna M. C. Patel a Cup Rs. 750 and	22,285
A. J. Moshi	23,500
Maharani Scindia of Gwalior & Mrs. Tirodkar	21,251|14|0
K. S. Dilipsinghji & Mrs. Sheth a Cup Rs. 1,500 and	20,387|8|0
Maj. J. Steuart-Gratton and Durrent	20,250
Chief of Patdi and Mrs. Sheth	20,000
Mrs Clara Hill	20,000
Rao Bahadur Survey a Cup Rs. 1,500 and	19,750
Rafi	19,500
Mr. & Mrs. P. D. Wadia a Cup Rs. 1,000 and	19,250
Sion F. Nessim	18,750
Rani of Jasdan	17,362|8|0
A. C. Ardeshir	17,250
Hugo Wachmann & D. N. Shroff	16,250
Syed Amjad Ali	15,750
Sir Sultan Chinoy	15,750
Rajkumari Mrudula Raje of Akalkot	15,750
S Zito	14,750
Sigtia	14,250
K. Mancherji	14,000
W. L. Meier a Cup £50 and	14,000
Maharaja of Rajpipla	14,000
H. G. Khairaz, Dr. Karmally & Lt.-Col. Ghandhy	13,500
Diamond	15,000
A. A Suterwalla	13,000
Maharaja of Kashmir	13,000
Raja of Miraj (Jnr.)	13,000
J T Laivani	12,500
Banatwalla & Khambatta	12,500
T. A. Husein	18,500
Ahmed M. Khairaz	15,000
Mrs. A. E Raymond & R. A. Fox-Raymond	14,500
Mrs. W. L. Mier	11,500
K. M. Patel	11,500
N. D. Bagree & Cup Rs. 1,000	11,500
Haniza Ali	11,250
H. R. Somekh	11,000
K. M. Modi	10,500
Mr. Eve	10,250
F. R. Chinoy	10,250
V. Rosenthal and Mrs. Travers	10,000
S Bundali	10,000
H. A. Cocks	9,750
R. J. Gazdar	9,750
Mrs. & Mr. Justice	9,625
Mrs Moon & Mrs. Daljit Singh (Cup Rs. 3,000) &	9,500
B. R. Gupta.	9,250
Miss G. K. Mamajiwalla	9,000
F. J. Guzdar and J J. Gazdar	8,750
Shareef A Moloobhoy & Syed Amjad Ali	8,750
J Hormasji	8,000
Abid H Doctor	8,250
Hugo Wachsmann	8,000
Kolte & Rao Saheb Bhilare	7843|12|0
Hasham Khan & Chaskar	7,750
K. M. Mistry	7,750
Messrs. A C. and Sorab A. C. Ardeshir	7,500
Shareef A. Moloobhoy & Syed Wajid Ali (Cup Rs. 750) and	7,500
Akbar Khan	7,500
Dawoodbhoy Esoufally	7,250
Rangilla & Ali Mahomed	7,250
Moosa M. Hoosein	7,250
I. A. G. Moloobhoy	6,750
M. C. Rajasekhar	7,750
A. S. Motabhoy	7,750
Hoosein Salehmahomed	6,500
Akkasaheb Maharaj	6,250
Mr. & Mrs. Lakhia	6,250
Kolte & Ahmed Abbas	6,000
H. D. Appoo	6,000
Anantram J. Shah	6,000
D. R. Zaveri & Tyebjee	6,000
S. Ejel	6,000
Khairaz, Lt. Col. Ghandhy and Reporter	6,000
Nawab Sir Mehr Shah	5,500
S. N. Dossa & E. Mahomed	5,500
Wendekar	5,500
R. N. K. Kapoor	5,000
Mr. & Mrs. Reuben	5,000
Saul & Somekh	5,000
Alimahomed Chotani	5,000
V G. & G. M. Pittie	5,000
R. J. Gazdar & Lalvani	5,000
B. N Maheshwari	5,000

WINNING TRAINERS

	W	II	III	IV	No. of Runners
A.L.J. Talib	37	26	21	22	230
W. Buckley	22½	21	16	15	166
B. R. Patel	14½	10	11	13	107
P Rylands	13	10	5	5	76
Maj. Jadhav	10	18	10	10	119
Mahomedali	9	9	4	9	75
Ahmed Abbas	8	9	19	5	179
E Mahomed	8	8	14	8	124
N. E. Raymond	8	6	7	8	82
Dinshaw	7½	16	5	11	97
Moosa	7	12½	7	8	93
Ghista	6½	7	7	4	72
H. R. Somekh	6½	2	2	5	35
Aziz Mohamed	7	5	13	10	97
Maj. Forsyth	6	5	3	5	59
K. M. Patel	5½	1	2	2	15
Maj. V. M. Lad	5	6½	1	4	46
E. C. Forsyth	6	3	9	5	54
Marrable	6	2	11	8	77
A. E. Johnson	4	5	3	2	37
T. Ferguson	4	3	2	4	39
O. Randall	4	2	8	6	64
D. Naoshirvan	3	8	5	7	50
Sion F. Nessim	3	1	4	5	26
Dr. S. K. Pillay	2	3	5	4	41
D. M. Mistry	3	3	1	2	17
B. L. Shinde	2	1	6	6	59
Hassanali	2	1	4	2	23
K.J.K. Irani	2	1	4	2	29
H. D. Appoo	1	3	2	3	39
Oosman	2	3	1	8	33
Mahomed Nafa	1	2	4	2	22
Akbar Khan	1	1	1	4	17
B. P. Shivan	1	1	0	2	8
H. McQuade	0	4	1	2	36
Aga Cumberaly	0	2	2	2	17
H. M. Sadiq	0	1	2	1	24
D. B. Patil	0	1	0	1	8
N M. Patel	0	0	2	3	14

WINNING JOCKEYS

	W	II	III	IV	No. of Mts
Kheemsingh	31½	27	22	20	162
P. Khade	26½	27½	21	18	166
Evans	13½	16	7	9	63
S. Chavan	12½	17	14	16	109
N. Dar	9	8	5	6	84
Amir A.	7	6	2	10	57
Damodar	6½	16	9	15	109
Rickaby	6	5	5	7	58
Duffy	7	4	2	3	34
Roberts	6	1	8	7	56
Russell	4	5	3	3	52
Uttamsingh	3	2	2	1	41
Gumansingn	2	1	4	2	34
Hanumansingh	3	3	1	2	49
Mitchell	1	3	5	2	29
Sibbritt	1	2	0	2	8
Mahomed Khan	1	1	1	2	28
K. Hassan	1	1	1	1	19
B Khalil	1	1	0	4	30
Mullsingh	1	0	3	8	28
Dasrathsingh	1	0	2	0	15
Sumersingh	1	0	1	2	15
Dias	0	2	1	0	8
Narayansingh	0	1	1	1	14
Bhoorsingh	0	1	0	1	7
F. Black	0	0	2	0	4

Winning Apprentice And Half Jockeys

	W	II	III	IV	No. of Mts
Shaikh*	12	4	16	8	84
Purtusingh	11	6	10	6	101
Medhe	7	7	9	4	82
Antoo	6½	8	9	6	88
Shiba	6	4	5	4	55
Aurobinda	5	6	13	2	61
Sk. Ahmed	4	5	1	5	52
Kasbekar	4	2½	2	2	56
Cunningham	4	1	7	4	74
Kadam	4	1	1	3	38
R. Bhosle	4	0	3	1	22
Devaney	2	1	0	1	14
Ganesh	2	0	3	2	17
B. Khade	2	0	2	2	18
J Bhosle	1	4	4	4	40
Jagdesh	1	4	4	2	49
Kadar	1	2	2	3	18
Gangaram	1	2	0	0	10
Shivaji	1	1	1	0	16
D'Monte	1	1	0	0	9
Sawai Singh	2	1	1	1	6
Magansingh	1	0	1	0	6
Pierce	0	3	2	0	15
Dinkar	0	3	1	1	9
Tasi	0	2	1	3	15
Rajoo	0	2	1	1	15
G. Chavan	0	1	3	5	57
Shivanna	0	1	2	0	11
Janardan	0	1	1	0	6
Deshmukh	0	0	1	3	15
Rosario	0	0	1	2	4
Ganpatsingh	0	0	1	1	0
Argade	0	0	1	0	11
Jagroop	0	0	0	2	9
R Jadhav	0	0	0	2	

*Shaikh became a full-fledged Jockey in April and scored his twelfth win on the last day.

PARLE-ANDHERI CIVIC ELECTION RESULTS

Socialist Bid For Power

(From Our Correspondent)

ANDHERI, April 11.

The results of the civic elections of the Parle-Andheri Municipality was officially announced on Saturday. The Socialist Party which was the only organised party which fought the election on a definite programme, put up 20 candidates but was only able to secure half the number of seats, one in Parle and 9 in Andheri area. With the addition of two candidates from Parle who though Independents, were supported by the Socialist Party, the Party's strength will be 12. Protracted negotiations between the leaders of the Party and a few Independents during the week-end has resulted in securing for the Socialist Party a few adherents which may enable them to get a working majority in the Municipality. Whether the four Independents who are reported to have thrown in their lot with the Socialists will hold on for long remains to be seen.

For the presidentship of the Municipality, there are two candidates in the field viz. Mr. S. A. Dhurandhar, the retiring President on behalf of the Socialists and Mrs. Ramabai Chemburkar will, in all probability, be put up on behalf of the Independents who had their first meeting last night. Mrs. Chemburkar has been a member of the Municipality for the last 12 years representing the Women's constituency, and topped the poll in the last elections.

The Collector of the Bombay Suburban District will soon fix a date of the first General Meeting of the Municipal Board for the election of the President and the Vice-President.

Harris On Results Of Parle-Andheri Civic Elections

Mr. Moinuddin Harris, leader of the Socialist Party in the Bombay Municipal Corporation writes:—

"One more proof of the rapid radicalisation of voters in the city of Bombay and its suburbs has been provided by the results of the Parle-Andheri Municipal elections. Out of the 30 seats of this Municipality 12 have been captured by the Socialist Party which entered the field of Municipal activity in the suburbs of Bombay a few weeks ago when these elections were announced. Five seats were filled without contest and the Socialist had their share of two seats in these five. For the remaining 25 seats 18 Socialists and a hots of Independents were contesting and out of the 18 as many as 10 Socialist candidates were successful. In three out of the eight Wards the Socialist candidates topped the poll and ni two Wards which were predominantly Labour wards they captured practically all the seats.

"Out of a total of 30,000 voters 12,000 exercised their franchise. A 40 percent poll is a good indication of the voters' interest in civic affairs. For the first time the distributive system of voting was introduced for these elections. If all the voters who came to the polls had exercised their votes fully the total number of votes would have been 40,549 but actually 28,171 votes were recorded. This shows that there were only 69 per cent effective votes and as many as 31 per cent of the votes were destroyed by the voters. Out of the 28,171 votes the Socialists secured 10,883 or 38.5 per cent of the total.

"The suburbs have suffered long in Muncipal affairs on account of the lack of interest shown by the citizens and also because there were no organised parties in the Municipalities. It was to fight the apathy of the common man and to provide an organised and disciplined Municipal party that the Socialists contested the first Municipal elections to be held in the suburbs after the advent of independence. The response both in the shape of interest taken by the voters as well as securing seats has been most encouraging and the suburban voters deserve congratulations for the same.

"The Socialist Party in its manifesto addressed to the suburbanites has pledged to serve them through the Municipality. The Party thanks the thousands of voters as well as sympathisers who made it possible to return the Socialists as the largest and the first disciplined and organised party in the Parle-Andheri Municipality. But the radicalisation of voters indicated by the results must be followed by the radicalisation of the entire administration of the Municipality when it begins to function early next month. The Socialist Party will endeavour to bring about that change. In that task also the Party appeals to the citizens for the same co-operation that it received from them during the election campaign and on the polling day."

SEAMEN'S UNION STAGES DEMONSTRATION

Demand For Seat On Maritime Board

BOMBAY, Monday.

A half-hour demonstration was organised by the Seamen's Union this morning in front of the Government Shipping Office to protest against the exclusion of the Union from representation on the Bombay Maritime Board, which was recently accorded recognition by the Government of India. A posse of policemen guarded the shipping office. No untoward incidents was reported.

Two Union representatives headed by Mr. Dinkar Desai met Mr. R. V. Chalam, the Shipping Master in the morning. The Union representatives claimed that theirs was the only body which was fully representative of the interests of seamen, and as such should be given a seat on the Maritime Board.

The Bombay Chronicle

There is everywhere the working of the everlasting law of requital; Man always gets as he gives.

—J. FOSTER

STRANGE POLITICS

The Leftists who assembled to confer on Indian conditions in Bombay over the week-end, are a curiously individualistic collection of politicians. Between Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose and Nana Patil there is little in common. And the intervening distance is filled by other oddities. It would have been surprising if the conference had led to anything concrete. It began with an expression of faith in the survival of Netaji Subhas Bose and ended with an equally mystical confidence in the present Government toppling down in order to let in the Leftists. Mr. Sarat Bose was quite certain that the Leftists would not make the mistakes which the present Government is making and he affirmed his confidence with the usual anti-Nehru accompaniments. Nana Patil, instead of getting ready for the Leftist Dawn, struck a claim for Greater Maharashtra and expressed his readiness to court jail for this cause. The two techniques are vastly different—Sarat Babu's waiting for National Government to collapse and Nana Patil's provincialism. But as the present administration is showing little inclination to oblige the Leftists, these heroics might well be ignored good-humouredly. So long as it amuses the Leftists, it amuses the public and everyone is kept in good spirits.

It would be well to understand, however, which Leftists are included in the generous arm-sweep of Sarat Babu and which are not. The Communists obviously are out of the picture since no resolution expressing sympathy with this section was adopted. It does not evidently include the Socialists because no Socialist seems to have been near this Conference. It does not include the tram-burning, anarchic gangsters of Bengal because no reference was made to the sabotage and pillage and arson that have marred Bengal's public life. When Sarat Babu calls all Leftists to unite, he is apparently inviting them to join his banner and climb his platform. The Bengal Leader pathetically appealed to revolutionary elements in the country to prepare to take up governmental responsibility. One wonders what exactly he meant by this. Is it a gentle hint that they should give up revolutionary work altogether? Or is there to be a dual responsibility? If there is, will Comrade Sarat Babu tell us which of the two is to be the major and which the minor task? It would also interest the public a great deal if Sarat Babu indicate in a specific rather than a vaguely general way how his ministry of Leftist talents propose to deal with conditions like the Bengal chronic anarchy and lawlessness. In fact, it would be a good thing if Mr. Bose indicated how much he was contributing to the restoration of Law and Order in his province. Before one can be Leftist or Rightist, there must be something to be Left or Right of, and that is constitutional government.

India And UNESCO

The Indian National Commission for co-operation with UNESCO (United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation), which held its session at Delhi during the week-end, is one of the 32 Commissions appointed by their respective member states. UNESCO is a specialised agency of the United Nations Organisations to supprot and supplement its work in settling international disputes and preserving world peace. Theoretically the UN attempts to promote peace by all possible means, but in practice it confines itself to political and economic means, while UNESCO seeks to serve the same object with cultural activities. In particular, it stands for the widest possible dissemination of modern knowledge and culture amongst the masses all over the world. Its work has yet to get into swing and it is well said that UNESCO "is in a phase of future promise rather than present achievements". So far its programme has tended to be too ambitious and vague and Indian representatives have found it necessary to press the view that for some years to come priority should be given to the promotion of peace, promotion of freedom and equality among all peoples of the world, popularising Fundamental Education in all countries in the shortest possible time and the harnessing of science to the cause of human welfare.

Inaugurating the session of the Indian National Commission at Delhi on Saturday, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru stressed the point that in the present state of world politics it is necessary for all those who cherish peace and freedom not to neglect any longer the rights and interests of Asia. Sir S Radhakrishnan, Chairman of the Executive Committee of UNESCO emphasised the view that nations can best survive "by surrendering a part of their sovereignty and serving a common world society". Several of the views expressed at the session were later embodied in resolutions, the most important of which urged the appointment of a Committee to study the ideas and techniques expounded by Mahatma Gandhi and, in the light of this study, to prepare "a world-wide programme of action" to "promote universal peace and goodwill among all nations" for consideration by the fifth general conference of UNESCO to be held in May, 1950. If the programme of action is clear, sound and appealing it may be the finest contribution of the Indian Commission to UNESCO. Dr. Torress Bodet, Director-General of UNESCO stated in his message to the Commission: "Of all the men of our day, he whose life best exemplified the ideals of peace and human brotherhood was your own Mahatma Gandhi." The Commission's programme of action which is to embody the Mahatma's ideas and techniques and to be submitted to UNESCO must be worthy of him and of India in every way and for that reason needs to be prepared with the aid of the best talent available in India and with co-operation of the best exponent of his philosophy in other countries. The Committee should invite suggestions from the public for the proposed programme and also publish its draft programme for eliciting improvements therein.

One of the big job that UNESCO is undertaking this year is the popularisation of the story of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. This Declaration of 30 Rights, adopted by the U. N. General Assembly in Paris in December last, is rightly regarded as the most important document of modern times. UNESCO proposes to publish not only the story of the adoption of this document but also of the thrilling story behind each of the 30 Rights, the story of men and women who struggled long for those rights. We have every confidence that the story of India's non-violent struggle for freedom will be one of the brightest chapters in the story of world's freedom. It is bound to promote the cause of peace as well as of freedom.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

MOSCOW, April 10 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Stalin prize awards totalling 6,475,000 roubles were announced today for achievements in films, literature, music and the arts.

The film "Court of Honour," which won a first class prize worth 100,000 roubles shows a scientists confession of error and final resolve to place Soviet interests before all else.

* * *

The U.P.A. Staff Correspondent in Washington quotes the State and Commerce Department officials as saying that India was taking a "very wholesome attitude" towards the investment of foreign capital in the country.

This unreserved appreciation about makes us-er-think.

* * *

The officials further said that the Prime Minister's statement was "most helpful" since it cleared up doubts concerning the scope for operation of foreign capital.....

May we take it that it also "clears up" wishful thoughts on the part of foreign capital?

* * *

In a speech at Calcutta, Mr. Frank Anthony, the Anglo-Indian leader, said that India should stay clear of power "blocs", and added that, in a world of alliances, the so-called absolute neutrality was an academic and unreal ideal, which, in a period of need, might well prove to be helpless isolation.

In short, India shouldn't remain neutral and shouldn't join any power blocs. Problem satisfactorily solved.

* * *

A colleague draws our attention to the following lines in Monday's issue of our own "rag":—

"Samples of normal quality grains should be exhibited prominently by all Russian shops along with the list of prices."

Which only constitutes a completely conclusive confirmation of the United Provinces Secretariat thesis that the "Printer's Devil" is in actual fact the "Red Menace" in disguise.

* * *

In the U. N. Political Committee, the Soviet Union's Andrei Gromyko, accused Britain, the United, States and France of having "blatantly violated" the terms of the Italian Peace Treaty on the question of the colonies and added "these Governments have fully ignored the desires of the peoples of the Italian colonies".

Quite right. And with M Gromyko demanding an omnibus U.N. Trusteeship for the colonies the Soviet Union, Great Britain, the United States and France have between them decided collectively to ignore the desires of the peoples of the Italian colonies.

* * *

Speaking at Glasgow, Mr. Clement Attlee, the British Prime Minister, made an outspoken attack on Soviet Communism and charged that "the responsibility for dividing the world rests squarely on Russia."

If so, Soviet Communist Russia has learnt its lesson well from Western Democratic Imperialism.

* * *

What, Mr. Attlee said further, had been done in India, Pakistan, Ceylon, Burma and in the colonial countries made no impression on those (meaning Soviet communists) who did not understand Freedom.

Then they are in the best possible company—of Churchill and friends.

* * *

In the opinion of His Excellency Dr Kailas Nath Katju, a library of selected books is the best circle of friends that man or woman could have.

We are, indeed, we have long been, only too eager to acquire such a circle of friends. But the big difficulty is that nobody allows us to-er- borrow them.

HINDI AS INDIA'S LINGUA FRANCA

Simple Language Of Masses Is The Best Medium

(By A. V. Thakkar)

DEALING WITH THE QUESTION OF INDIA'S NATIONAL LANGUAGE, MR. A. V. THAKKAR DECLARES THAT "NO ONE IN HIS SENSES WILL SUGGEST ANY OTHER LANGUAGE EXCEPT HINDI AS THE "LINGUA FRANCA". MR. THAKKAR IS IN FAVOUR OF SIMPLICITY IN LANGUAGE. HE URGES THE ADOPTION OF THAT TYPE OF HINDI WHICH IS SPOKEN AND UNDERSTOOD BY UNSOPHISTICATED PEOPLE.

Though the controversy about our National language is at present laid at rest for about two or three months as the Constituent Assembly is not sitting for Constitution-making, it will be revived shortly, say in July or August of the current year. I would, therefore, express my views on the subject in a few lines.

The question is which language and which script should be adopted by the country as a whole for its use in the Government and for inter-provincial intercourse. For a short period, English language may be retained and that too only in the small group of top class people, who are habituated for a long period past to use that language. But we must think, and think very seriously as to what should be the medium of intercourse between the large masses of people living in the north and south, east and west and the centre of the country. What should be the language spoken by pilgrims visiting Badri and Kedar, Puri and Dwarka, Rameshwaram and Kashi. Nobody in his senses will suggest that it should be anything else than Hindi, I mean simple Hindi spoken and understood by unsophisticated people.

UNDERSTOOD BY ALL

Hindi is understood by all people living in the Punjab, the U.P., Bihar, Orissa, C.P. Rajasthan and Malwa, the Central India, Maharashtra and Gujarat. Bengalese and Assamese can understand it with a little effort on their part. The number of these people is estimated at over 23 crores. There remains the question of those who speak Kanarese, Telegu, Tamil and Malayalam. Those of whose mother tongue is any of these four languages were estimated at 6-3/4 crores in 1931 and may be estimated at 8 crores in 1941. The Dakshin Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha has done immense work among the people of these four linguistic areas during the last 25 years. A few years teaching the children of these areas in Hindi language along with their mother tongue will habituate them to the Hindi language, spoken and understood by the very large majority of north, east, west and the centre. Thus Hindi can, with a little national effort be made the language of the whole country for 34 crores of people.

IMPORTANCE OF SCRIPT

But more than this is the importance of script in which all regional languages can be and should be written. Marathi, not to speak of Hindi is already written in Devnagri script. Gujarati script is practically Devnagri with the headlines removed. Bengali and Assamese can easily read the Devnagri script. It is only for four southern languages that have the script different from Devnagri. But nobody can deny that even among these four languages there is a great admixture of the Sanskrit words which can be understood when spoken by northerners. If the script of the great majority namely Devnagri be adopted by all including those southern languages there will be so much of ideas and literature in common and which can be understood by the nation at large. I am therefore strongly of opinion that the teaching of Devnagri script should be undertaken frst voluntarily and after two or three years compulsorily in all the provinces of India. This would be a good first step for the introduction of the common Hindi language.

SCRIPT OF MUSLIMS

Some people may raise a question: What about the script of 4 1/2 crores of Muslims in the country? Muslims of Bengal, of Tamil Nad and Andhra even Gujarat and Maharashtra, are better acquainted with regional languages and scripts than with Urdu script. In fact only a small minority of these 4 1'2 crores of Muslims are at present conversant with the Urdu language. So that question should not affect seriously the question of language and script of the remaining 30 crores.

The small issue of what is called Hindi and by some people Hindustani should not disturb us at all. The spoken language is capable of admitting any words that the majority of the people choose, either from Sanskrit, English, Persian or any Provincial language. The Lexicon is capable of expansion to any reasonable extent. Committee of a few learned people can sit together and prepare a lexicon which will be acceptable to the vast majority. Thus the simple question can be easily solved by the method of give or take and in a friendly way. No controversy need be raised, no heat should be imparted in it and no tempers lost over this simple affair. The language of the people of Hindustan cannot be other than Hindi.

MODE OF GETTING FOREIGN CAPITAL

BOMBAY, Monday (API): Sir M. Visvesvaraya, the 87-year old industrialist and President of the All-India Manufacturers' Organisation, said in a statement here today that a satisfactory way for India to obtain foreign capital would be by loans, either Government or private floated in the United States of America in cooperation with the American financial interests under guarantee from the Government of India.

Sir M. Visvesvaraya was commenting on Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's recent statement welcoming foreign capital in India.

A more practical course, he said, would be to start a few branch establishments of American firms in India, similar to the Ford Motor Company at Dagenham, London, and the General Motors branch factory, also situated near London. In both these cases, the parent firm supplied the capital and the technical guidance, leaving the management entirely in British hands.

If the first suggestion was adopted, the proceeds of the loans raised in America should be directed to such productive channels as would be most beneficial to the rapid economic development of the country in line with the Government's planned industrialisation.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

"Cold-War" Over The Frontier

It is unfortunate that relations between Pakistan and Afghanistan should be fast deteriorating. Radio and press exchanges and public demonstrations in recent weeks must give cause for anxiety and regret to all well-wishers of the two countries. Afghanistan and Pakistan are neighbours with much that is common to both and a great deal in which each is complementary to the other. Every consideration calls not for conflict between them but for close friendly relations and solidarity. Yet there is trouble and it is obviously and rapidly increasing. It all arises, as far as we can see, from ambition that is both unwarranted and should have been quite avoidable. Pakistan had guaranteed freedom to the tribal area and its inhabitants. It is a pity that its Governor-General should have made a speech sometime back in Peshawar which amounted to a retraction of that guarantee. Moreover, the demand for what is called "Pathanistan" is a fact which cannot be ignored or denied. It is gathering strength steadily, the latest instance of which is the declaration of the Mulla of Shorbazar. Till now the demand is confined to full Pathan autonomy within Pakistan. It is tried to be dealt with and disposed of by the method of forceful suppression. The inevitable consequence of it would be to stiffen and extend resistance to repression. And one day "Pathanistan" by reason of sheer revulsion against oppressors, may involve complete secession from Pakistan.

Call For Statesmanship

Already the activities and attitude of Pakistan leaders are creating among Pathans the impression that the latter are regarded as worse than poor relations as, in fact, a sort of subject people. Repression coupled with talks of provincial amalgamations will naturally convince the Pathan that his destiny inside Pakistan is intended to be that of a submerged people. He cannot accept this and it is no surprise to those who know the Pathan in the Frontier Province and in the tribal area to find him standing defiantly up to Pakistan policy. Nor should it be any surprise to any one that Afghanistan, a Pathan country, should feel deep concern for the fate of Pathans in Pakistan. These are all serious complications. But far-sighted and courageous statesmanship can yet remove them and avert a grave internal and international crisis which would otherwise be inevitable. What is worse is that statements like the one made recently by Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan, the Frontier Premier, do not give a chance to such statesmanship. This gentleman has declared that the whole problem should be solved by "peaceful absorption" of Afghanistan into Pakistan. For Mr. Abdul Qaiyum this performance is typical and characteristic. But it will land Pakistan into very serious trouble.

College Fees

A committee of the Bombay University Senate is understood to have recommended that the fees in the private arts and science colleges in Bombay Province should be raised with effect from June 1949 the quantum of increase depending upon the grant's paid by Government. The change is evidently meant to enable the ill-financed colleges to pay the professors the higher scales of salaries prescribed by the Senate. No one will grudge the professors these higher scales, which are by no means extravagant. But one may doubt whether a University which does not give grants to colleges can compel them to adopt a particular minimum scale. In any case, as the fees in most colleges are already too high, we fear that any further increase therein will be a severe hardship to numerous parents. Government should consider how far higher grants can avert a rise in fees.

Necessary Legislation

The use of compost manure is so urgently necessary for speeding up food production and yet so much neglected by local bodies that the Bombay Government is contemplating legislation to compel municipalities to prepare compost from town waste. About six years ago the Government sanctioned a town compost scheme to train the sanitary staff of municipalities in the process of compost-making. But out of the 184 municipalities in the province only 100 had their staff trained during all these years and only 65 actually started composting. Even these failed to work to their full capacity, with the result that, though the potential capacity of composting from town waste was 9 lakhs of tons annually, only a little over 2 lakhs have so far been prepared. When persuasion fails in an urgent task, legislation is inevitable, and we trust the proposed legislation will be a strong enough incentive to all local bodies, including the village Panchayats, to attend to a long-neglected duty.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Relief To I.N.A. Personnel

Sir,—Having read the statement made by Dr. Rajendra Prasad during the Political Conference held at Muzaffarpur on the 2nd instant, regarding the relief extended to the I.N.A. personnel I being a member of the I.N.A. any compelled to put before the public the following few facts in my personal capacity through your esteemed journal.

He has classified the Political sufferers in 3 categories last being the I.N.A. personnel and has said that Government has done something for the relief of these personnel. I am very surprised to read the statemgnt As a matter of fact many a time there have been many Government communiques and statements made by Government officials and responsible leaders on this subject and due to these public have been convinced and are in the belief that really some sort of relief has been given to the I N. A. personnel but this is not the case. No doubt it is on the paper but practically nothing has been done so far except that some of us who have completed their services have been granted some sort or pension and some officers have been offered some sort of services and that too is just like a drop in the ocean. Some Provincial Governments have been kind enough to absorb the I.N.A. personnel in some sort of employment but nothing has been done in Bihar Province.

After the fall of Singapore in February, 1942 we were handed over to Japanese and were asked by the British Commanders to obey the Japanese but in response to clarion call of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose we joined the I.N.A. and fought for India's Independence and those who did not join the I.N.A. have been given their all dues, ranks anti-date promotions and all other facilities in the Army from the date of their captivity to the date of their recovery by the Allied Troops but all our dues have been forfeited and we have been turned out from the Army with the character assessed in our Discharge Certificates as "Very Bad", "Indifferent" and "Bad" with the result we could not get services in private firms and other departments. All the vacancies which were reserved for the Army Released personnel have been offered to those who were very loyal and faithful to the Britishers and the same procedure has been adopted by the Congress Government. Very recently there was a circular from the Army Head Quarters, New Delhi, to the Record Offices instructing them to change the Discharge Certificates of the I.N.A. personnel with the character assessed therein "Good" when almost all the reserved vacancies have been filled up. The ban of joining the Army has been lifted but our previous services will not be counted and we will have to be recruited as fresh recruits. In this connection I would like to mention that all the Government servants whether in Police Department or other departments who took part in Congress movements in any shape and discharged or dismissed from their services by the Britishers have been reinstated into their respective services and given their original ranks and all dues. We belong to Army and our place is only there. We are very astonished to notice that those officials and people who were always against Congress movements and always used to take initiative in suppressing the movements are flourishing day and night and are in the good books of the Governmeent whreas we stand nowhere.

Now I think it is quite clear, what kind of relief has been granted to Political sufferers like I.N.A. personnel.—Yours, etc.,

A POLITICAL SUFFERER—I.N.A.

Refugee Government Employees

Sir,—The ex-employees of the Sind Government were nominated by the Transfer Bureau set up by the Government of India, for appointment to various posts in Central Government Offices. Due to heavy rush at the registration office, the posts were given to the refugees mostly at random, but it was very kind of the Government of India to give them the same pay last drawn by them, if the posts to which they were appointed were on a par to those held by them in Sind. They were allowed to claim Travelling Allowance and were also given three months' pay as advance. In fact, the refugee Government servants seemed to be quite content and it was apparent that they were practically on par with the other Central Government employees. But the recent orders issued by the Government of India regarding fixation of pay of the refugees have come like a bolt from the blue. The policy prescribed is that the comparability of the two posts i.e. post held in Pakistan before migration, and that held at present,—should be determined by the scales of pay, and, if the difference between minimum and maximum of the two scales is within 20 per cent of the lower figure, the scales may be considered as comparable. In accordance with these orders, it is observed that more than 90 per cent of the refugees are affected adversely. Another effect of the order is that in some cases employees who were drawing less in Sind will get more now in comparison to those who were actually drawing more in Sind and were senior in service.

It is not within the understanding of a common man why such orders should have been issued. If the refugees were not appointed to the comparable posts obviously it was not the fault of the poor refugees, who are the worst sufferers and at whose cost and sacrifice the very freedom of India is achieved.

It is an established fact that the refugees have already suffered financially, far beyond the possibility of recovery for ages and this additional hardship is bound to ruin many of them totally. On the one hand, Government has been sanctioning crores of rupees for purpose of rehabilitation of refugees, whereas on the other hand the poor refugee employees are denied even their last pay which they were drawing in Sind before migrating to India. It would, therefore, be in the fitness of things that all refugee employees should be allowed the same starting pay which they were drawing in Pakistan at the time of migration, irrespective of the posts to which they are appointed here so that they may not suffer financially.

Will the Government reconsider the whole position and redress the sufferings of those who have already reached the limits of the last straw on the camel's back?—Yours, etc.

A SUFFERER.

Temperance

Sir,—Your correspondent, who has criticised my letter on prohibition as so many fallacious arguments, is mistaken in his belief that the temperance movement consists merely or even mainly of lectures on moderation in drink. It consists mainly in accustoming those who indulge in intoxicating drinks to drink less and less every day by measures such as progressively restricting the available quantity of drink, by reducing the strength of liquor, by making drink more and more expensive from time to time, and by providing other stimulants such as 'nira' and tea. Human nature generally needs some sort of stimulant, and liquor and toddy have established themselves as prime favourites from of yore among available stimulants. Though it is not always impossible to change human nature, it is extremely difficult to do so, and requires time to do it.

Your correspondent has also not attempted to answer the most important points that I have made to convince unbiased minds. Let him read my letter again carefully, and see if he can convincingly answer them. Besides, I may be a nonentity, but what about the Central Government advising Provincial Governments to go slow with prohibition? That advise is based on the wise maxim that "first things must come first". It is disregarded by the Bombay Government on the ground that it will have enough money to bring total prohibition into force, at the end of 4 years as originally determined. But how is that money to be obtained except by taxing the people, who are already over taxed? For one thing, the sales tax is increased, making life harder for the lower middle class.—Your, etc.

P. J. TALYARKHAN.

Bihar Satyagraha Continues

PURILIA, April 11. (A. P. I.): Fifteen more persons offered "Satyagraha" yesterday in five villages in the movement started under the auspices of the Manbhum Lok Sevak Sangh.

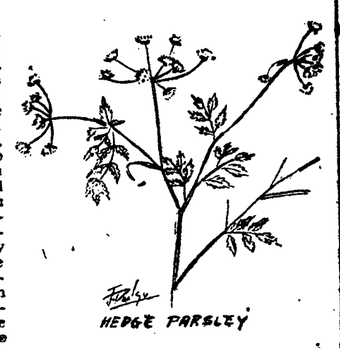
The total number of Satyagrahis since the launching of the movement on April 6 is 122, including two women in 29 villages.

The main reason for the Satyagraha, according to the secretary of the Sangh is "the Bihar Government's action in creating conditions in the district by undesirable methods and repression in order to foil the principle of linguistic re-distribution of provinces being properly applied to Manbhum district."

OPEN AIR

The countryside is very dry and parched-looking now, and the grass is crisp and rustly underfoot as we walk. It seems almost impossible that shallow-rooted, little plants could possibly survive the heat and lack of moisture, but not only do they survive these conditions, but they actually manage to flower, and though the flowers are very tiny and insignificant, we find a wealth of beauty around us if we look carefully at the ground over which we walk. Here it may be a tiny leguminous plant, its runners spreading this way and that, close to the ground, and bearing little golden flowers all along their stems. There we see a mauve patch which, on closer investigation, proves to be another spreading plant with sweet-smelling, hairy leaves and small pinkish-mauve flowers which are daisy-like in appearance. Growing just at the roadside, I came across a miniature variety of "My Lady's Lace", a plant of the same family as the wild parsley and carrot. The plant was no more than three inches in height, and the individual flowers composing the cream-coloured, lacy clusters were microscopically small and dainty, and I should probably have missed seeing them altogether but for the fact that I had stopped to look at some silver-backed ferns which had also survived the drought and were still pushing up their fronds between the stones.

D. R.



Deadlock In Kashmir Truce Talks

MEDIATION MOVE OVER INDIA'S DEMANDS FAILS

Nimtiz To Leave New York By April 30

NEW DELHI, APRIL 11 (API): THE UNITED NATIONS KASHMIR COMMISSION HAS MADE LITTLE PROGRESS TOWARDS BRINGING ABOUT A TRUCE AGREEMENT BETWEEN INDIA AND PAKISTAN OVER KASHMIR AND THERE IS VIRTUALLY A STATE OF DEADLOCK IN THE APPROACH OF THE TWO GOVERNMENTS TO THE QUESTION, IT IS LEARNED HERE.

POINTS OF DISPUTE

The main points of difference, mediation efforts over which have so far proved abortive, relates to India's demand for the implementation of important provisions of the Cease—Fire Agreement, namely, the disbandment and disarmament of the so-called 'Azad Kashmir' forces and the drawing of a truce line.

The Commission, it is further learned, has been trying in recent weeks to strike a balance between certain proposals which both Governments had made with regard to truce but no agreement has been so far found possible.

A MINOR CONTROVERSY

Meanwhile a minor controversy has cropped up over the implementation of the joint decisions of the Indo-Pakistan Army High Commands

Recently a spokesman of the Pakistan Defence Ministry alleged that the Indian Local Commanders, in contravention of the Delhi Agreement, declined to settle local lines with the Pakistan Local Commanders and insisted that they should have the prior sanction of New Delhi before they effected any change in the lines. It was learned here tonight that it was not as though the Indian Local Commanders refused to exercise their discretion Both India and Pakistan Local Commanders failed to agree on the new lines and both of them decided that the matter should be referred to their respective High Commands for decision

ADMINISTRATOR'S PROGRAMME

Admiral Chester W Nimitz, Plebiscite Administrator for Kashmir, has set April 30 as the target date for his departure from New York for India and Pakistan, aPress release from the United Nations Commission for India and Pakistan announced today.

Admiral Nimitz, who will be accompanied by a small staff, will devote himself in the beginning to consultations at Karachi and New Delhi. He and his staff will also familarise with local conditions in Kashmir.

Admiral Nimitz will establish headquarters for the Plebiscite Administration, presumably in Srinagar as early as possible.

Richard Symonds, Personal Assistant to Mr. Erik Colban, today reported on the truce agreement conversations that have already taken place in Rawalpindi between members of the Commission there and representatives of the Pakistan Government.

In the afternoon two members of the Commission, Dr. Alfred Lozano and Mr Carlos A. Leguizamon, met Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, Secretary-General of the Indian Ministry of External Affairs in connection with the truce agreement. The two members would, with the Military Adviser, Lt. Gen. Maurice Delvoie leave for Rawalpindi, tomorrow, where they will meet the Commission delegates, Mr. Robert Van De Kerchove and Mr. Robert MacAtee, who have been conducting negotiations in Rawalpindi

PAKISTAN'S REACTIONS

Pakistan's reaction to India's proposals regarding the truce agreement over Kashmir was communicated today to the U N Commission for India and Pakistan by Mr R. Symonds, a member of the UNCIP Secretariat.

Mr. Symonds arrived here yesterday from Rawalpindi where three delegates of the Commission are now holding consultations with Pakistan representatives over the draft truce agreement.

The Commission today discussed informally the differences between India and Pakistan over the truce agreement.

It is learnt that no reply has yet been received by the Commission from the High Commands of India and Pakistan regarding the differences among the local commanders in implementing the truce line in Kashmir, so far agreed upon

ISRAEL-SYRIAN ARMISTICE TALKS

Resumption Not Ascertained

TEL AVIV, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): Uncertainty prevails to-day about whether the Israel-Syrian armistice talks would be resumed to-morrow, as had been hoped

According to reports from Damascus, Colonel Husani Zaim, Syrian Army Leader who took over the country's Government in a recent coup d'etat, said yesterday that the talks would be resumed to-morrow

But informed sources said here last night that the Israelis were still adamant that the Syrians withdrew first from a height known as Hill 233 which the Israelis assert the Syrians occupied after the truce.

These sources said this after a two-hour meeting here between two of Acting Mediator Ralph Bunche's representatives—M. Henri Vigier and General William Raley—and Dr. Walter Eytan Director General of the Israeli Foreign Office

SYRIAN REFUSAL.

In Haifa last night a United Nations source said the Syrians were "refusing to comply with what the called Israel's "ultimatum" about hill 233 but "might talk" if it was represented in another form.

An Israeli source in Haifa said a question mark hung over the armistice talks. The Syrians were keeping above the disputed hill and were not erecting tents for the resumption of talks to-morrow, he charged.

EUROPEAN TALKS.

The Palestine Conciliation Commission will begin its European talks at Lausanne on April 24, it was learned from usually reliable United Nations sources in Jerusalem to-night.

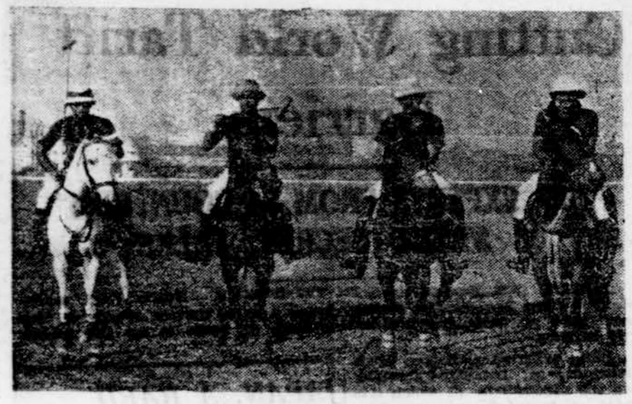
An official communique to this effect, it is understood, will be issued on Tuesday after receipt, of the Israeli reply to questions raised at the Commission's meeting last week with Premier David Ben Gurion.

Turkish and French members of the Commission are expected to visit Ankara and Paris for consultations with their Governments The Commission Jerusalem Sub-Committee is now drafting a report to the Commission, working with the Danish legal draftsman, Dr. Akel Serup.

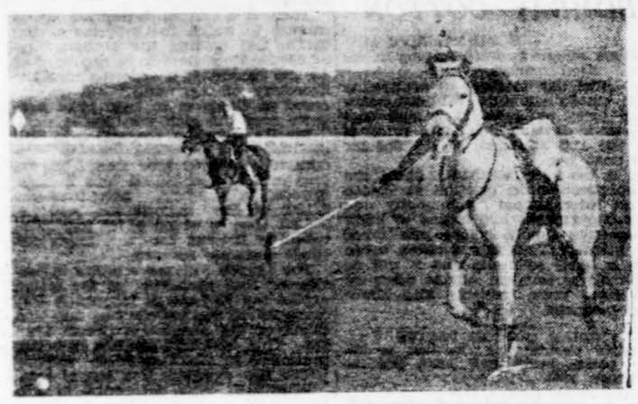
The Committee hopes to complete the draft within the next three weeks, and it and the Refugees Sub-Committee will probably accompany the Commission members and experts to the European talks

SINGAPORE April 11, (PTI-Reuter): A British police officer and two Malay constables were shot dead today in a terrorist ambush near Jerantut in Pahang. Nine other Malay constables were wounded and one reported missing. The terrorists ambushed two trucks. Pahang is a state in North-East Malaya.

The A.R.C. Bombay Team



The Malwala Team



Capt. K. Bijaisingh scoring a goal for Malwala

ALL INDIA POLO TOURNAMENT

Bombay Wins On Opening Day In Rajpipla Cup

BOMBAY Monday

The All India Polo Tournament (High Handicap) for the Rajpipla Cup commenced this evening at the famous Mahalaxmi Race Course under the auspices of the Amateur Riders' Club, Bombay.

The Amateur Rider's Club team defeated the Malwala team from Hyderabad by twelve goals to eight in the opening match today.

The following are the teams and the respective handicaps in brackets ( ):—

MALWALA: Lt. Col Mahomed Ali Khan (1), Capt. K. Bijaisingh (5), Major General S. D. Verma (4), Lt. Th. Kishensingh (4). Total 14.

A.R.C. BOMBAY:— R. K. Inderjeetsingh (1), M K. Jaideepsing (0), Lt. Col. M. Premsingh (7), Jainadar Girdharisingh (0). Total 8.

Belgian Princess Crosses Frontier

BRUSSELS, April 11 (PTI-Reuter).—Belgian Royalists staged a demonstration on the Belgo-Luxembourg frontier today as King Leopold's 21 year old daughter, Princess Josephine Charlotte crossed into Belgium for the first time since her father's exile.

Princess Charlotte travelled through Luxembourg from Switzerland, where the Belgian Royal family have been living at Pregny, near Geneva, since their liberation from German captivity in 1945.

In Brussels, Royalists groups today handed out leaflets urging the public to welcome the young Princess, who will tonight attend a Brussels concert with her grandmother, the Dowager Queen Elizabeth.

Speeding Up Atomic Weapons Production

WASHINGTON, April 11, (A. P. I.): Increased funds to speed production of atomic weapons were approved today by the House Appropriations Committee. Although it ordered cuts for other phases of the Atomic Energy Commission's work, the Committee set aside 210,208,875 Dollars for atomic bombs and other nuclear weapons compared with 191,293,838 dollars this year.

RETENTION OF COTTON CONTROL

Delhi Conference Suggestion: New Prices From Next Crop Year Favoured

NEW DELHI, April 11 (A.P.I.): Continuation of cotton control was favoured at a meeting of representatives of Provincial and State Governments and cotton interests held here today under the chairmanship of Dr Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, Minister for Industry and Supply, Government of India. The meeting was of the view that there should be no unnecessary restrictions on the movement of raw cotton from one Province or State to another.

LIBERAL IMPORTS

It was felt that in view of the favourable cotton position outside India, imports should be liberally allowed.

The meeting agreed that whatever revision might be necessary in the prices of cotton, the new prices should come into force from the next crop year only and should not in any way affect the present cotton crop and stocks.

Dr. Mookerjee hoped that Government would be able to announce its decision before the end of this month.

The Textile Advisory Committee will meet tomorrow to discuss among other items the working of cotton control.

It was generally agreed that the prices of cotton should be correlated with prices of foodgrains and other competing crops so that the provincial plans for increasing food production should not be adversely affected. It was also agreed that the production of cotton could be increased without in any way affecting the plans for increasing food production, and that the necessary action should be taken immediately.

It was also the general view that, in the present cotton stock position, Provincial and State Governments should not hesitate to use their powers to requisition cotton stocks, wherever necessary and that the Central Government also should take legal powers in this respect as soon as possible. It was, however, considered that while requisitioning cotton stocks care should be taken by the Provincial or State Government concerned not to interfere with 'bona fide' purchases by mills.

"POPULAR PARAMOUNTCY" OVER STATES

(Continued from Page 1)

pective legislatures. In matters where the Ministry acts under the directions and advice of the Government of India, its responsibility will be to the Government of India and not to the legislature. The Legislature will however, be kept fully informed and have the right to discuss all matters.

In regard to the functions of the Constituent assemblies of the Unions with particular reference to their Constitution-making task, it is learned there was general approval of the suggestion of the States Ministry that the Constituent Assembly of India should draft the Constitution of the States as in the case of Provinces. There was general agreement that there should be the closest possible approximation between the unions and the provinces.

The amended Instrument of accession, it will be recalled, already vests the Dominion Legislature with powers to legislate in regard to all items in lists one and three of the Seventh Schedule of the Government of India Act.

TWO DAYS OF GRACE FOR BHOPAL RULER

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, April 11

The Nawab of Bhopal has been given two more days of grace. States' Adviser Mr. V. P. Menon leaves for Bhopal on the 18th inst. to take over the State for Central Government. He was originally to take it over on the 16th instant.

The States Ministry is also circulating to States Unions and other States a letter embodying the conclusions reached by the Rajpramukhs' Conference held here, earlier this month. These decisions, as already reported, relate to the constitution of Unions, administrative services for States, amendment to covenant by addition of a new article vesting in the Central Government powers of supervision, direction and control and privileges of States' Rulers. The covenants, for instance have to be signed by all rulers forming the union.

Buch As Travancore-Cochin Merger Commission Chairman

RAJKOT, April 11 (A.P.I.): Mr. N. M. Buch, Joint Secretary, States Ministry, will act as the chairman of the integration commission for Travancore and Cochin States, it is learnt here. Mr. Buch will be assuming charge of his office from the beginning of May.

Pakistan Not Quitting Commonwealth

AUCKLAND (New Zealand), April 11 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. K. H. Rahman Pakistan Trade Commissioner in Australia, declared here today that Pakistan had no intention of leaving the British Commonwealth.

Mr Rahman is making his first official visit to New Zealand.

He said it was a "malicious lie" to infer that Pakistan was remaining a member of the British family of nations merely for economic advantages.

Future Of Indo-China's 'Rice Bowl' Being Decided

SAIGON, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): Only about one Vietnamese elector in eight voted in today's election for the Cochin-China Territorial Assembly, which is to vote on the future of Indo-China's "rice bowl" of 4,800 registered Vietnamese electors, 598 went to the poll, out of 561 French electors, 469 voted.

Political observers here attributed the small Vietnamese poll to the fact that the election was held at only ten days notice, to indifference, and to threats contained in Vietminh (Extreme Nationalist) leaflets.

Results are expected to be known tomorrow for Saigon and in three days for the provinces. The Assembly is not expected to meet before next week.

In accordance with a law passed by the French Parliament on March 14, it will be called on to pronounce for or against Cochin-China's joining Annam and Tongking in the State of Vietnam.

WORLD RUBBER SITUATION

Representatives Of 15 Countries Meet

LONDON, (By Cable).

Representatives of 15 countries and also of British Colonial territories are now meeting in London to study the world rubber situation. Two important United Nations bodies have sent official observers to this Rubber Study Grorup.

The delegates have elected as Chairman of the conference Sir Gerard Clauson, leader of the British Colonial delegation. The proceedings of the Study Group are in private but an announcement will be made at the end of the talks.

The world is now using more natural rubber and the production of the synthetic product has consequently declined. The output of natural rubber last year throughout the world was well over 1,500,000 tons—an advance of about 250,000 tons over 1947. Consumption also increased by nearly 300,000 tons over 1947.

The production if synthetic rubber declined by 26,000 tons last year. The amount used droppea very sharply from 625,000 tons in 1947 to 488,000 tons last year.

Rubber is still Britain's greatest export to the U.S.A. Last year the U.S.A. consumed 623,000 tons of natural rubber and 450,000 tons of the synthetic product.

PRIVATE PUBLISHING IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA

PRAGUE, (IPS): A Bill eliminating all private publishing concerns from business and reserving publishing rights for official and semi-official agencies has been approved by the Czech Parliament. The Bill specifies that publishers must be organs of the state, political parties, labour unions, foreign trade organisations and the other approved cultural, economic or social enterprises. The Ministry of Information will issue plans for publications to be authorised each year.

Largest Buyer Of Indian Tea

LONDON, (By Cable)

The present production of tea in India and Pakistan was close on 600,000,000 lb., of which about half was taken by the United Kingdom, their largest customer.

This was revealed by Mr. Arnold Whittaker in an address to a joint meeting of the Royal Soviety of Arts and the East India Association

Mr. Whittaker, who was formerly Political Advicer to the Indian Tea Association and a member of the Assam Legislative Assembly, added. At present there was a seller's market, but with the rehabilitation of the Netherlands East Indies and new production in other countries supplies might soon offset the increased demand from the Middle East, Africa and the home market. The question would then arise as to whether the industry could carry its represent heavy burden of taxation which must, to a certain extent, limit consumption

R.S.S. MEN RELEASED

SIMLA, April 11 (API): Twenty R.S.S. hunderstriking prisoners, whose condition was reported to be serious, were released from different jails in East Punjab today.

The Government had issued instructions to superintendents of jails to release R.S.S. hungerstrikers, whose condition was medically certified as serious.

BRITISH COUNTY ELECTIONS

LONDON April 11 (API): The Conservative Central Office stated here tonight that final figures for the County Council elections in England and Wales showed Conservative gains 360—and losses 19; Labour gains 69— and losses 362.

WANTED "REDS" ARRESTED

NAGPUR, April 11 (API): Two Communists of Nagpur against whom warrants of arrest have been pending for one year were arrested by the city police tonight.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, April 11

Rani Maharaj Singh received Mrs Ganaben Patel, Madam Guevrek and Mr. J. S. Lall, I.C.S.

Lady Duggan and Mrs. Mary Clubwalla came to lunch.

SIR S. RADHAKRISHNAN

AHMEDABAD, April 11 (API).—Dr S. Radhakrishnan will visit Ahmedabad on April 22 in response to the invitation of the Ahmedabad Education Society to see the preparations being made for the Gujarat University.

MR. G. V. MAVLANKAR

AHMEDABAD, April 11 (API).—Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Indian Dominion Parliament, arrived here today by air from Delhi.

He will leave for Bombay on the night of April 17 to attend a meeting of the Gujarat University Trust and return here on the morning of April 22

SIR SITA RAM

CALCUTTA, April 11 (API).—Sir Sita Ram, High Commissioner for India in Pakistan, who arrived here on April 8, left for Dacca today by air on a visit to East Bengal.

DR. JOHN MATTHAI

NEW DELHI, April 11 (API).—Dr. John Matthai, Finance Minister will leave for Bombay on April 24, on a five-day visit to the city. He will have informal talks with the representatives of various commercial organisations in Bombay. Dr. Matthai will address a meeting to be held in Poona on April 30 in connection with the National Savings Exhibition.

During his tour Dr. Matthai will also visit the Security Printing Press at Nasik.

He is expected to return to Delhi on May 4.

MR. K. SANTANAM

CALICUT, April 11 (API).—The Hon'ble Mr. K. Santanam, Minister of State for Transport and Railways is visiting Malabar on April 19, to enquire into the possibilities of reopening the Shoranur-Nilambur Railway, dismantled during the war. He will also examine the possibilities of expansion and improvements of ports on the west coast.

MR. V. P. MENON

NEW DELHI, April 11 (API).—Mr. V. P. Menon, Adviser to the States Ministry, will leave for Bhopal on April 18 to discuss with the Nawab of Bhopal the final arrangements with regard to the question of the State being brought under Central administration.

Mr. Menon will visit Mount Abu on April 19 meet some of the Rulers of Rajasthan and discuss with them the question of their private property.

A similar question will be discussed with the Deccan States Rulers when Mr. Menon visits Bombay on April 22.

GENERAL CARIAPPA

CALCUTTA, April 11 (API).—General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief, Indian Army, will arrive here on April 14 by air from Delhi.

The Commander-in-Chief will address the Bangiya Rakshi Dal, a unit of the West Bengal National Volunteer Force, at Kanchrapara the same afternoon. He will leave for Delhi by air on April 15.

BHIMSEN SACHAR

SIMLA, April 11 (UPI).—Lala Bhimsen Sachar, newly elected leader of the Congress Assembly Party and Premier designate of East Punjab left this evening for Delhi.

He came here in the morning from Delhi to take oath of office but could not do so owing to the constitutional hitch which needed the Council of Ministers. He alone there could not take oath of office.

Giani Kartar Singh, leader of the Confederating Group in favour of Shri Sachar who also came from Delhi this morning also left for Delhi along with Shri Sachar.

PROF. BENI PRASAD

BANARAS, April 11 (UPI).—Prof. Beni Prasad Lalbehari, exponent of literary movement and prominent Labour leader of Mauritius, has arrived at Banaras with a team of five persons from Mauritius, on a brief tour of the Indian cities.

ENDING 'IMPASSE' IN RATE WAR

Operators Urge Securing Of Rights For Indian Shipping

BOMBAY, Monday:

Indian shipping operators have submitted a memorandum to the Ministry of Commerce, Government of India, on the present freight rate war and its effect on national shipping.

Mr M. A Master, General Manager of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company and a member of the Government of India's Shipping Co-ordination Committee, and Sir B. P. Singh Roy, Chairman of the India Steam Navigation Company conferred with Mr. K. C. Neogy, India's Commerce Minister, last week-end. They also met Mr. V. K. K. Menon, India's High Commissioner in London and brought to his notice the urgent and immediate need for securing for Indian shipping companies the right of full membership of the U.K.-Continental-India Conference and their admission into the Colombo Conference".

OVERSEAS TRADE

Mr Master in an interview today said: "In our talks with the Commerce Ministry at Delhi last week explained to him how the present rate war had progressed and how it had affected and was affecting seriously the Indian shipping interests with their comparatively meagre resources. We also invited the particular attention of the Commerce Minister to the widely recognised principle that a maritime country was entitled to carry a substantial portion of its own overseas trades and a fair portion of the trade of the neighbouring countries which was necessary for its economy. As such rights were not conceded to Indian shipping, we urged upon the Commerce Minister to utilise the good offices of the Government of India for securing such a position for Indian shipping in any eventual settlement that many have to be made for ending the rate war".

Mr. Master said that he and Sir B.P. Singh Roy met Mr. V. K. K. Menon, India's High Commissioner in London, and urged upon him to see that "Indian shipping was accorded the right of running at least 35 ships in the India-UK-Continental routes in any settlement which ends the present impasse"

Struggle Against Atlantic Pact

French 'Reds' Immediate Objective

PARIS, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): The French Communist Party, at the close of its National Conference last night adopted a resolution containing the clause "defence of peace and struggle against the Atlantic Pact as one of the Party's immediate objectives

Other points of the resolution were, no war with the Soviet Union No alliances with the German militarists Immediate peace with Viet-Nam Defence of French agriculture and industry against American competition.

TRIVANDRUM April 10 (API): Mr C. V. Kunjuraman well-known social worker and author died at his residence here today He was 79 both Sir Bijoy Prasad Roy and I

FIRST INDIAN-ASSEMBLED TELEPHONES OUT

Present To Nehru And Rajaji

BANGALORE, April 11 (A.P.I.): The first telephones assembled in the Indian telephone industries at Bangalore have rolled out. Mysore was the first to benefit and received a consignment of 350 instruments.

The factory made a present of the first three phones assembled to the Governor-General, the Prime Minister and the Communications Minister respectively in January.

A batch of twenty girls have received training in assembly work and are now finishing 300 telephones a week. When duly keyed up this unit is expected to turn out 500 phones very week. The factory has received ample supplies of parts sufficient for a year or more and, therefore, in another year there will be added another 25,000 more telephone subscribers in India.

In the assembly line as well as a few other light jobs, the factory intends to employ women exclusively.

The factory is now housed in two huge hangars in the site of the proposed buildings. An extensive plot of 365 acres (as many as there are parts in a telephone) has been cleared on the Bangalore-Madras trunk road. To facilitate quick transport, a railway siding leads to the factory premises from the Krishnarajapuram railway station, only a stone-throw from the place. The plans for the huge Duravani Nagar—that will be the name of this telephone City—have been finalised and actual construction should begin very soon. There will be eight huge workshop sheds, with beautiful administrative blocks and residential quarters for the staff.

The erection of the buildings is expected to be done in two years.

ENQUIRY INTO PUNJAB MAIL DERAILMENT

Injured Making Progress In Government Hospital

BENARES, April 11, (A. P. I.): All persons injured in the Punjab Express derailment yesterday and now in the Government hospital here, are making satisfactory progress. The Civil Surgeon of the hospital stated that all of them were out of danger.

An enquiry into the cause of yesterday's Punjab Mail derailment will begin here from tomorrow, it is learnt.

The site of accident was inspected this morning by the Commissioner of Benares, the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, eastern range and the District Magistrate.

The Chief Engineer and other officials of the E. I. Railway also visited the spot.

A batch of C. I. D. officers have also arrived here for investigations.

MAHAKOSHAL POLITICAL CONFERENCE

Shukla Assures Protection To Adibasis

PATELPALI (Raigarh), April 10. (A.P.I.): The Mahakoshal Political Conference met here this evening under the presidentship of Seth Govind Das, President of the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee.

Pandit Ravi Shankar Shukla, Premier of C.P. and Berar inaugurated the Conference which was attended among others by Ministers of the C.P. Cabinet, members of the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee and several provincial legislators.

The Conference adopted a resolution condoling the death of Mahatma Gandhi and paid tributes to those who sacrificed their lives in the cause of freedom.

Pandit Misra, Local Self-Government Minister of C.P. inaugurated an exhibition in connection with the Conference here yesterday.

The Subjects Committee which met last night approved resolutions on rooting out corruption, communalism and anti-national elements.

Pandit Ravi Shankar Shukla, Premier of C.P. inaugurating the Mahakoshal Political Conference this evening, stated that the Provincial Government had decided to give protection to Adibasi population (Aborginees) in the Chattisgarh states.

Under the provisions of the Land Alienation Act no non-Adibasi could purchase or get transferred to himself any piece of land owned by an Adibasi without the written authorisation of Deputy Commissioner of the area and without accepting full rights of cultivators on their holdings, he said.

Pandit Shukla gave an account of the various measures undertaken by the Government to protect and safeguard the interests of the States people in the 14 Chattisgarh States during the last 12 months and warned them "not allow themselves to be misled or be exploited by Communists, Socialists or other disgruntled elements, who are anxious to undermine stability and strength of the Government by subversive activity."

Britain's Largest Destroyer

LONDON, (By Cable)

The Royal Navy's lagest destroyer, H.M.S. DECOY, has just been launched. The naming ceremony was performed by Mrs. John Dugdale, wife of the Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty.

The vessel is the first of a new flotilla which, with a standard displacement of 2610 tons, will come almost within the category of light cruisers. These destroyers will have six 4.5 inch guns and two torpedo tubs.

This new class of destroyer was designed during the war. Each will be equipped with all the latest forms of radar and other detection devices. Seven others of the class are now on the stocks.

The tendency in warship development in recent years has been for ships of almost every class to increase in sibe. A notable feature of this new destroyer is the reversion to the earlier practise of mounting the main armament of six guns.

Singapore Preparations To Receive Nadar

SINGAPORE, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): Representatives of Indian Organisations in Singapore have elected a 31 member reception committee to welcome Kamaraj Nadar, President of the Tamilnad Provincial Congress Committee, when he arrives for a ten-day tour of Malaya towards the end of May.

Mr. S. T. Aditvan, former member of the Central Legislative Assembly, is here to arrange Nadar's tour.

National Cadet Corps For Vindhya Pradesh

REWA, April 11. (A.P.I.): The Vindhya Pradesh Government have sanctioned a sum of Rs. 1,40,000, for the organization of a National Cadet Corps, it is understood.

The corps in the beginning will consist of three senior and three junior divisions.

REWA, April 11. (A.P.I.): The Vindhya Pradesh Union Government have decided to separate the judiciary from the executive in the union, it is learnt.

The Government are likely to give effect to their decision by an ordinordinances.

U. S. PROFESSOR FOR DELHI COLLEGE

WILLIAMSTOWN, Massachusett, (UPA): Professor Nelson S. Bushnell of the English department at Will College will teach at St. Stephen's College in Delhi, India, next summer and winter.

He has been given a year's leave of absence by the trustees. He and Mrs. Bushnell will leave for India in June.

BEZWADA TO HAVE FLYING CLUB

MADRAS, April 10 (A.P.I.): Bezwada is to have a flying club shortly. The possibility of opening a flying club at Bezwada was discussed with Mr. E. M. Rossiter, Deputy Director General of Civil Aviation in India by the Secretary of the Madras Flying Club and one of the sponsors of the Bezwada Flying Club last evening.

If the provincial Government came out with financial help, the Flying Club is expected to start functioning in about three months time.

The Madras Flying Club has already approached the provincial Government for financial help.

KARACHI, April 11 (UPI): A Sub-Committee, consisting of five members of the Muslim League Working Committee, has been appointed by Chandri Khaliquzzaman, President of Pakistan Muslim League, to go into the question of tenancy reforms in western Pakistan.

Cutting World Tariff Barriers

700 EXPERTS FROM 34 COUNTRIES START SECRET TALKS

ANNECY, (S.E. France) April 11 (PTI-Reuter): Nearly 700 representatives from 34 countries today began a three months session of "top secret" talks on trade, the broadcast effort yet made to cut the world's tariff barriers.

Mr. Dana Wilgress, Canadian High Commissioner in London, formally opened the negotiations, at which it is intended to bring eleven new countries into the 1947 Geneva Tariff and Trade Treaty, already applied by 23 leading trading nations, including India and Pakistan. He told them this treaty was 'a great landmark in the history of international endeavour for developing mutually advantageous trade relations between the peoples of the world".

Mr. Woodbury Willoughby, leader of the United States Delegation, pledged his country's support to the effort to reduce trade barriers. This effort, he said, was of great value and "essential to the permanent success or other programmes of economic co-operation".

Mr. Stephen Holmes, leader of Britain's 81—member delegation attended today's ceremony. Detailed talks begin on Wednesday and will involve more than 250 separate meetings between experts from pairs of countries. The eleven new countries to the agreement are Colombia, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Finland, Greece, Haiti, Italy, Uruguay, Liberia, Nicaragua and Sweden.

The original 23 signatories of the treaty are: Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Burma, Canada, Ceylon, Chile China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, France, India, Lebanon, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Pakistan, South Africa, Southern Rhodesia, Syria, Britain, and the United States.

JAPAN, A HARD CURRENCY AREA

NEW DELHI, April 11 (API): Japan will be treated as a hard currency country for purposes of exports from India to that country, shipped before the end of May this year, in view of the present balance of payment position, the Ministry of Commerce announced today.

The decision follows receipt of information that the Supreme Commander of Allied Powers in Japan has invited offers for export from India of Indian goods including raw cotton, raw jute, hides and skins, oil seeds, raw wools and woollens, medicines and shellac.

This decision will apply to shipments of raw jute, raw cotton, oils and oilseeds as well as various other items which are either under open general licence or allowed freely for export to hard currency countries.

Chief Of Federation Of I. C. Of C. And I. Welcomes Statement On Foreign Capital

Shri K. D. Jalan, President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry has issued the following statement on foreign capital.

I welcome the statement of the Hon'ble Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, our Prime Minister made on the floor of the Assembly on the 6th April 1949, about the place of foreign capital in India's economic development.

Foreign capital has played no insignificant role in the development of India's resources in the past, but it enjoyed special privileges, which were later on given statutory recognition and incorporated in the Government of India Act of 1935 as "Commercial Safeguards". Since the attainment of Indian Independence, the position has however, changed substantially and foreign industrialists have become apprehensive and are reluctant to invest capital in new industrial undertakings or in the expansion of existing ones. It is, however, gratifying to note that Pandit Nehru has clarified the position of foreign investments in India and has rightly stated that the Indian Capital needs to be supplemented by foreign capital not only because our national savings will not be enough for the rapid development of the country but also because in many cases scientific, technical and industrial knowledge and capital equipment can best be secured along with foreign capital.

DIFFICULTY TO SECURE CAPITAL GOODS

During the last few years the Indian industrialists have found it difficult to secure capital goods and the know-how. While the position in respect of capital equipments has now ceased, the provision of technical skill in the shape of personnel and processes is still very difficult. It will be admitted that the place of industrial development can be accelerated if well-established foreign firms extend their assistance by making available their technical personnel and the secret process used in the manufacture of specialised articles in exchange for a limited participation in the capital structure of the Company. I amm glad that Pandit Nehru's statement will dispel whatever misapprehensions foreign industrialists might have entertained in the past and I hope they will now extend their co-operation in industrialising this country.

EQUAL ADVANTAGES

While it is generally recognised that equal advantages have got to be offered to attract foreign capital in Indian Industries, it is equally necessary that these foreign investments should be carefully regulated in the national interests and adequate arrangements made to canalise them into productive channels hitherto unexplored, thereby eliminating harmful competition in the existing industries.

REAL SOLUTION

The real solution of the problem that the country is faced on account of the dearth of capital supply in India lies, however, in stepping up the tempo of national savings and investment for this lies our hope for an efficient and balanced development of our economic recources. I, on behalf of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, therefore, urge upon our Government to find ways and means to achieve this end by providing adequate incentive to stimulate production and increase savings and investment.

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, April 11.

Cotryarn Beypore 135/145, Quilandy 145/155, Fibre Garbled 90, Ungarbled 80, Cocoanuts Raw 172/175, Dry 175/180, Cocoanut Oil 570, Copra Office 380, Dilpasand 390, Madrasnottam 440, Pepper Wynaad 1700, Country 1675, Dry Ginger Chernad 750, Ernad 740, Coffee Robusta 150, Timber Pali 55/60, Jungiewood 22/8/35, Bellapine 65/70, Benteak 45/50 Teak 35/120, Mango 3/3/2, Teak 45/50 Teak 95/120, Mango 3/3/2, Teak 22/8/25.

CHEATING CASE ACCUSED COMMITTED TO SESSIONS

Alleged To Have Defrauded Businessman Of Rs. 3,85,000

BOMBAY, Monday.

MR. V. K. MURANJAN, PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATE, ESPLANADE COURT, COMMITTED FIVE PERSONS TO SESSIONS ON CHARGES OF CHEATING AND FORGERY IN RESPECT OF RS. 3,85,000. THE ACCUSED ARE: NAGI HESKEL, B. M. PAREKH, S. C. GOSH, MANUBHAI BHAI AND HEMRAJ TANNA.

The case for the prosecution was that Nagi Heskel, after winning the confidence of the complainant, a Middle East businessman, introduced to him the other accused as wholesale dealers in tea leaves. A contract was entered into between the other accused and the complainant, by which the former were to supply the complainant with large stocks of tea, for the purpose of exporting to Mid-East ports. An advance of Rs. 40,000 was also collected. Papers purporting to be shipping documents were later produced and another sum of Rs. 3,45,000 was thus also collected.

The complainant subsequently learnt that there was no export of tea and the documents were forged.

Holding that a "prima facie" case had been established, the Magistrate committed the accused to the Sessions, after recording preliminary evidence.

Mr. Pinto conducted the case for the prosecution.

Murder Suspects Remanded

BOMBAY, Monday.

Palji Nanji Boricha, Ratna Jetha and Dana Nanji who were arrested by the Dongri Police on Saturday for allegedly fatally stabbing a Congress worker were today remanded to police custody by Mr. Yennamadi, Presidency Magistrate Mazagon Court. It was stated in court that on Friday night when Mawji Jessubhai Rathod, President of the Umerkhadi Congress Committee was about to retire for the night, the three suspects are alleged to have set upon him. One of the suspects is alleged to have held him while the other two assaulted him with knives.

Rathod was removed to the J. J. Hospital immediately but succumbed to his injuries on Saturday night. Further enquiries in the case are being conducted by the police.

City Markets

SHARE BAZAR

BOMBAY, April 11.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was officially closed to-day being a Jain Holiday.

The market sentiment still remains moderately cearish owing to scarcity of buyers. The money market continues very tight and there is utter absence of any investment support. However in view of the recent drop in Steel shares. Some traders are inclined to look for a natural reaction on technical considerations and Tata Steel Defds. were quoted privately around Rs. 1362/8.

..THE INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, April 11.

The market remained closed today on account of "Mahavir Jayanti".

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, April 11.

There was no forward trading in the local cotton market.

A three day meeting in connection with cotton situation will commence from today at Delhi. It is said that the trade favours maximum price of Rs. 700 and minimum of Rs. 550 for the next year.

It is too early to think about the prospective cotton position as cotton is an international commodity and now Government has means to know prospective supply before new crops are planted. Thus any decision taken now is likely to faulty and it will be advisable to wait till August when we can have some realiable idea about crop prospects.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton May Contract is 891 cent points below New York May at Exchange rate.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, April 11.

The Bullion market was steady today on renewed buying by bull operators. Forward silver opened at Rs. 172-6 and declined at Rs. 171-14 on moderate selling. At this level there was active buying by professional operators and the market firmed up at Rs. 172-8. Bullion spot silver was placed at Rs. 172-8 while mint ready silver was quoted at a premium of annas ten at Rs. 173-2.

Forward gold opened at Rs. 108-6 and declined at Rs. 108-2 under scattered selling but firmed up at Rs 108-10 on renewed buying. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 111-2 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 73.

Final Quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver Bullion	172	14	0
Ready Silver Mint	173	8	0
Silver Vaishakh	172	12	0
Ready Gold	111	2	0
Gold Vaishakh	108	10	0
Sovereigns	72	12	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, April 11.

The Seeds Traders' Association observed Jain holiday while moderate business was being done under Grain Merchants' Association rules. Quotations were as under:

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	39	8	0
Coromandal	38	14	0
Bold Ready	38	6	0
Bold April-May	38	6	0
Bold June-July	38	12	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	27	8	0
May delivery	140	0	0
September	137	2	0
LINSEEDS—			
Ready	29	10	0
April-May	29	9	0
June-July	29	6	0
GROUNDNUTS OILS—			
Ready	21	5	0
Ready receipts	21	3	0
April	21	3	0
May	21	4	0
June	21	6	0
Linseed Oil	18	12	0
Castorseed oil first pressing quality	17	8	0
Castorseed oil commercial quality	18	8	0

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

BOMBAY, April 11.

Groundnuts	7607
Castorseeds	330
Manoura	319
Linseed	1331
Gingellyseed	1165
Cotton	4399
Sugar	6408
Gram	2526
Rice	3989
Cottonseed	7621
Wheat	577

SUGAR MARKET

BOMBAY, April 11.

Imperial Quality	90	0	0
Bazar Quality	91	8	0
Big Chrystal	93	8	0
Buland	102	8	0
May dely	32	2	0
August dely.	32	2	0
January 1950	28	13	0
Arrivals (Bags		8711	

PEPPER PRICES.

BOMBAY, April 11.

Chaitra dely.	1490 to 1500
Vaishakh dely.	1495 to 1505

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, April 11.

120 D Ready	3	8	0
150 Heavy Japan	3	9	0
150 D Box April	716	0	0
150 D Box May	725	0	0

HESSIAN MARKET

BOMBAY, April 11.

	Pice
45 XII per yd	95
Ready	94
April/June	93-1/2
June/August	
40X28 Bags	
Ready	117 8 0
April/June	113 0 0

Singapore Pepper Prices

SINGAPORE, April 9 (UPA). White Muntok was today quoted at SSdol 284 and Black Lampong at SSdol 218.

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 8-4-1949 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 191695

Amount of Cheques: Rs. 52,32,01,-035-4-0.

SEVERAL INTERIOR MILLS TO CLOSE DOWN

For Lack Of Raw Material

In the course of the weekly report, the Patel Cotton Co. Ltd., issued on this week state that several mills, specially on the interior, it is anticipated, will perforce close down. The report adds:

FOREIGN MARKETS: A mixed trend has been shown by the New York futures market, the week's trading being featured mainly by the switching from old May to July. Britain was inquiring for 140,000 bales for April-June shipment but Commission's further import buying has been suspended pending the completion of purchases against E.C.A. allocations. The Senate restoration of the 54,000,000 dollar Chinese Aid Fund and anticipatory purchases by Japan and Germany, contributed to the steadier trend of the old crop months, whereas the new crop months were easier on profit-taking.

There is a general disposition in the market to watch the progress of the E.C.A. Bill seeking the authorisation of 580,000,000 dollars to be approved of by the Senate. It is reported that the Secretary of Agriculture will recommend to Congress to keep price supports near the high war-time levels.

Brazil's exports of raw cotton in 1948 declined for the third year in succession to 258,703 tons from 285,473 tons in 1947 and 352,752 tons in 1946. Europe, as a whole, accounted for 9/10th of the exports last year i.e. 226,331 tons of which 64,795 tons were taken by Britain, the most important single customer country.

The Egypt's Finance Minister is considering the abolishing of the cotton export tax in view of increasing U.S. competition, was revealed by the President of the Alexandria Cotton Market. This disclosure resulted in better sentiment in the Alexandria market, which has maintained a steady tone.

BOMBAY: With all contracts continuing to be quoted theoretically at the ceiling rate of Rs. 620 the trading in Bombay Forward market is at a standstill. In the meantime, all eyes are focused on the forthcoming cotton conference, at New Delhi, of representatives of the Central, Provincial and State Governments and of East India Cotton Association and the Indian Central Cotton Committee. The cotton supply position which is getting more and more uncomfortable will figure prominently in the discussions. Private estimates of this year's cotton production are being revised further downwards. The crop outturn in the Compta districts and the Madras Presidency is proving less than the earlier estimates.

Several mills, specially in the interior it is anticipated, will perforce close down for lack of raw material. The importation of cotton from hard currency countries is out of the question, as India, according to a Washington report, has exhausted—at least temporarily—its dollar purchasing authority with the International Monetary Fund. Of the 100 million dollars originally available to India, a balance of mere 20,000 dollars has been left.

The real solution of our problem should be found by increasing the cotton production. The ever growing dangers inherent in our dependence on foreign sources of supply both for food and cotton at an enormous cost of money and foreign exchange call for the country's agrarian economy being put on a sound basis. The long-term planning apart, the New Delhi conference will have achieved something if they attack the problem of production by devising practical measures capable of yielding immediate results.

The news has come from Nagpur that the Additional District Magistrate there has served notices on fortyfive cotton dealers of Nagpur district freezing all stocks of cotton with them for 15 days. It is also reported that cotton merchants in the Central Provinces are agitating against the freezing order issued under the Cotton Control Order affecting over 30,000 to 40,000 B/s of existing stocks. They are meeting in conference at Amraoti on April 9 and 10 to review the effect of the Cotton Control Order that has been in force in the Province from the middle of last month.

The ready market in Bombay is getting thinner and thinner. All mills are on the look out for available lots of cotton in practically each and every variety but the supply position is so difficult that they can hardly fulfil their requirements. As time goes on, things will be worse than they are today. Bengals have hardened up owing to the anticipatory purchases by Japan. A fair volume of business is being booked in Egyptians especially at every decline.

Black Pepper Continues Easier In N.Y. Market

NEW YORK, April 9 (UPA). Black pepper continued easier during the week ended today, but traders emphasized that Indian suppliers were still in a position to dictate the market.

Buying interests was slack and sellers were more evident as supplies increassed, but most of the arrivals appeared to be destined to replenish grinders' small stocks.

Traders estimated 1,350 tons were shipped from India during March. According to one broker, this could handle the current consumption needs but little of it would go into long range storage. Grinders, short of stocks, continued to fear that next month's Indian shipments might be reduced.

Avery F. Payne advised, "It is good sense to purchase at the lowest possible price. Perhaps grinder should think twice before sacrificing part of the present opportunity as they may have to pay a premium for replacements in a month or so."

White pepper continued strong. Afloat supplies were rapidly taken up by grinders at full prices and no relief is expected in the way of supplies until May, but no large quantity is 'en route'.

CUTTACK, April 11 (A.P.I.): The Orissa Government will establish 300 Grama Panchayats in the old districts of the Province and 200 more in the States which have integrated with Orissa. They also propose to constitute 200 adalati panchayats in the entire Province.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, April 11.

S. S. CERIUTHUS

From St. John: 97 cases aluminium foils, 3,001 bundles white birch squares, 45 packages tools grinder, 500 bags asbestos fibre, 334 rolls standard newsprint paper, 151 packages agricultural implements, 68 packages parts for agricultural implements, 90 boxes aluminium sheets.

From Alexandria: 1,955 bales cotton.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S. S. JEHANGIR

To Aden: 31 bales cotton piecegoods—C. Kasturchand.

To Port Sudan: 15 bales cotton piecegoods—V. Devji & Co.

S. S. KAMPALA

To Mombassa: 105 bales cotton waste blankets—Patel & Co. 9 bales cotton piecegoods—N. A. Allibhoy & Co. 10 bales cotton waste—Jain & Co.

S. S. BAMORA

To Karachi: 20 baskets betel leaves —L. Becharlal. 10 baskets betel leaves —B Baboo. 30 baskets betel leaves—Mohamed Din & Co. 80 baskets betel leaves—Miscellaneus Shippers. 105 baskets betel leaves—Evergreen Supply Agency.

S. S. VARSOVA

To Karachi: 800 bags dry chillies—H. S. H. Jusab.

S. S. EMPIRE SPARTAN

To Manchester: 45 bales cotton waste—Volkart Bros.

To Antwerp: 100 bales cotton waste —The Bombay Textile Waste Co.

S. S. CARRICK BEND

To Penang: 13 bales cotton waste—The Anglo-Thai Corporation Ltd.

S. S. HOEGH SILVERSTREAM

To Sydney: 49 bales cotton waste—Jani & Co. 50 bales cotton waste—M. Chandulal & Co.

BY AIR

To Karachi: 115 baskets betel leaves —Evergreen Supply Agency.

Arrivals & Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, April 11.

ARRIVALS

S.S. JALAMATSYA from Karachi with 8452 tons of general cargo on April 9. Agents Scindia Steam Nav. Co. Ltd.

SS STEEL DIRECTOR from Houston, Texas with 9840 tons of general cargo on April 10. Agents: Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co. Ltd

FORT CHESTERFIELD from Galveston with 9107 tons of wheat on April 10. Agents: Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co. Ltd.

SS STANVAC PALEMBANG from Portland, Australia in ballast on April 10. Agents: Standard Vacuum Oil Co.

SS COSSIPORE from Allepey with 600 tons of general cargo on April 10. Agents: Ambica Steam Navigation Co. Ltd.

BLAIRCLOVA from Glasgow with 4040 tons of general cargo on April 10. Agents: James Finlay and Co. Ltd.

SS STAR OF EGYPT from Alexandria with 2100 tons of general cargo on April 11. Agents:: Scindia Steam Navigation Co. Ltd.

CITY OF NEWPORT from Birkenhead with 6109 tons of general cargo on April 11. Agents: Killick Nixxon and Co.

DEPARTURES

SS ARTEMISIA for Calcutta with 3628 tons of general cargo on April 99.

HOEGH SILVERWARE for New York with 387 tons of general cargo on April 9.

CORALSTONE for Foreign with 4550 tons of bagged wheat on April 9.

M|S MINDORO for Gothenburg with 6900 tons of general cargo on April 9.

SS VIRGINIA MAY for Karachi with 800 tons of general cargo on April 10.

SS BHARATBALA for Porbundar with 416 tons of general cargo on April 10.

NORDFARER for Calcutta with 3000 tons of general cargo on April 11.

WILLIAM A. ALLEN for Baltimore U.S.A. in ballast on April 11.

INDIA AND EGYPT CAN HELP EACH OTHER

Egyptian Businessman's View

CALCUTTA, April 11. (A.P.I.): Mr. Abdel Rahman Hamada Bey, President of the Egyptian Chambers of Spinners and Weavers, said India and Egypt could help each other to develop and prosper.

Mr. Bey, who has almost completed a fact-finding tour of India, told the Associated Press of India that Egypt wanted India's friendship.

He said Egypt could supply India 10,000 to 15,000 tons of her famous cotton and yarn annually and India could help Egypt develop industrially. His country, Mr. Bey added, did not expect any preferential treatment. They wanted to sell commodities to India on the open market.

Mr. Bey, who left for Benares this morning 'en route' to Delhi said there was "not an iota of truth" in the propaganda that Egypt was anti-India. India's attainment of freedom had opened the door for closer friendship between the two countries, he added.

Mr. Bey said he was "surprised" to hear the talks of Pan-Islamic bloc. Egypt did not allow religion to interfere in political, commercial and industrial fields. The movement in the Middle-East countries, he added, was for the development of those countries oil together.

Curtailment Of Cloth Production In U.S.A. To Prevent Accumulation Of Stocks

NEW YORK, April 9 (UPA). Buyers in the basic textile markets retained the upperhand advantage this week but the constant drive for price concessions brought sporadic resistance among producers becoming dissatisfied with shrinking operating margins. Garment manufacturers and retailers pressed their search for goods which could be offered consumers at "below cost" levels. Some producers particularly in cotton goods countered the move by signifying their intention to curtail production rather than attempt to merchandise at lower prices and thus prevent accumulation of goods in warehouses.

Dr. Claudius T. Murchison, President of the Cotton Textile Institute, Inc., indicated that curtailment at mill level in the face of the retail volume would be almost as high as last year and must sooner or later be felt in the supply pipeline. He thought the turn might come by late summer.

Burlap fell sharply to establish new lows and losses exceeded two cents per yard from the January basis. As in cotton sheetings and Osnaburg, bag cutters continued to postpone new purchases, feeling there was enough stock on hand to take care of immediate nearby requirements.

Investment Buying In New American Cotton Crop

NEW YORK, April 8.

New crop deliveries surged forward on short covering and investment demand, attracted by sharp discounts in these months under nearby deliveries and the belief that the 1949-50 loan rate would be higher than anticipated as a result of steadiness of the mid-month parity price. Washington advices, which later confirmed that the Administration would recommend the continuation of the high war time price supports, was ain additional buying stimulus.

In the export department the army purchased approximately 30,000 bales for Japan, while Great Britain is said to be marketing for some 140,000 bales for April/June shipment. In the South mill demand for spot cotton has been tight with most sales going to shippers for export purposes. Lack of domestic demand continues to reflect large acreage reports and discouraging business in cotton goods.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

Generally Depressed Sentiment

MADRAS, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): Easier conditions prevailed on the Madras Market today. While bank shares remained unchanged for want of buyers. Plantings were marked down. Tea shares not excluded. Sellers predominated in the textile groups with Buckinghams being pushed down to Rs. 146.

The sentiment was generally depressed. Following are today's quotations:—

SECURITIES: Three per cent Government of India paper 98 three per cent 1986 Government of India loans 97/14 three per cent 1953/55 Government of India loans 101/7 three per cent Government of Travancore 1952/55 loans 101/10 three per cent 1956 Government of Madras loans 100/8.

BANKS: Travancore 16/6.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 4/12 Cochin Malabar 4/1 Devashola 17 Highland Produce 20 Kalasa 9 Kalpetta 19 Midland 3/11 Nelliampathy 1/4 Ouchterlony CD 5/3 Pullangode 0/13/0 Tirumbadi 1/11 T R and T Co 5/6 do Pref. 9/2 Vaikundam 7 Waterfall 2/9.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 146 Bang Woollen 206 Buckingham Pref 7-1/2 per cent 193 Cambodia 9/5 Coimbatore CM 118/8 Pioneer 111 Janardhans 42/8 Lakshmi 63/8 Do A 31 Madura 40/12 Mettur 306/8 Pankaja 92 Mysore Spun 5/10 Radhakrishna 144 Rajalakshmi 54 Ranga Vilas 45 Trv Rayons 3/10 Do Pref. 5/14 Trichinopoly 11/2 Vasanta 103.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 64 Do B 6/9 FACT 4/2 India Cement 17/4 Mettur Chem 6/5 Do Pref. 104 Mysore Chem Fert 5/12 Do Paper 11 Spencer 10/10.

Calcutta Share Bazar Quietly Steady With Moderate Business

CALCUTTA, April 11

The market ruled quiet but steady and a moderate business was put through, following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Government Paper 97/14 S. Lot, Three per cent Loan 1986, 98/1, Three per cent Loan 1949/52 100/6, Three per cent Loan 1966/68 99/15, Three per cent Loan 1953/55 101/5 S. Lot, Three per cent Loan 1959/61 100/15, S. Lot, Three per cent Loan 1970/75 99/15, Four per cent Loan 1960/70 110/6.

BANKS: Allahabad Bank Conty. 231.

COTTONS: Basanti 7-10, Benares Cotton 5/6, Cawnpore Textiles 10/1, Muir Mills 338 S. Lot, New Victoria Ordy. 2/2.

COALS: Bengal 420, Bhulanbararee 11/8, Burrakur 12/2, Central India 4/8, Jainty Central 1/16, Pench Valley 22/4, South Karanpura 24/14, Western Bengal 4/3, Equitable 36, Sendra 9/12, Standard 15/12.

JUTES: Delta Pref. 118, Fort Gloster (2nd Pref.) 118, Gourepore Pref. 136/8, Minings Burma Corp. 2/6, Indian Copper 2/3, Consolidated Tin annas fourteen Tavoy Tin annas nine, Karanpura Dev 23/6.

MISCELLANEOUS: Assam Bengal Cement 6/12, Sone Valley Cement 6/1, Indian Iron and Steel 23/9, Marshalls 5/7, Steel Corp. 19/11, Ditto Pref. 124, Steel Products 1/15, Balmer Lawrie 336, B. I. C. 7/15, Ivan Jones 5/6, Jardine Henderson 160/8, British Burma Petrol 1/5, Indo Burma Petrol 40/8, Titaghur Paper 33/6, Midnapore Zemindary 66, India Steamship 7/7 S. Lot, Port Shipping 14/8.

SUGARS: Bairampure 7, Carew and Co. 7/14, New Savan 8/13, U. P Sugar 9/14.

TEAS: Grob A 20, Ditto B 10, Tezpore 21/4, Tukvar 9/14.

"REDS" CONVERGE ON HANKOW

Peace Talks Narrowed Down: Reported Decision To Call Off Civil War

NANKING, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): Chinese Communist armies, threatening on three sides the main up-river Yangtse port of Hankow, will soon "completely liberate" the great Central Plains, the Communist New China News Agency claimed tonight.

If Hankow fell the Communists would control a 1,000-mile stretch of the Yangtse's north bank.

In this vast area the Nationalist Government only holds a minor strip of land along the Yangtse between Hankow and Nanking, the Agency added.

Meanwhile peace negotiations in Peiping are reported to have narrowed down to one point—whether the Communist armies will be allowed across the Yangtse to supervise reorganisation of the Kuomintang armies.

Official sources here added that Government reluctance over this clause—one of the Communists eight peace points—was delaying implementation of the cease-fire along the Yangtse river line.

The Nationalist Peace Delegation has now had two conferences with Mao Tse-Tung, Communist leader, and official sources were much more hopeful now that outstanding problems have been narrowed down to one.

RENEWED ATTACK ON YANGTSE FRONT

More than 50,000 Communists in three armies today continued their three-day old attacks against Government positions on the Yangtse north bank. One report said they had penetrated into Silinshan Townshi, only 35 miles south-west of Nanking. General Thang En-Po, Nanking and Shanghai Garrison Commander, has ordered an investigation into the arrest by "secret agents" of two members of the Legislative Yuan (Parliament).

CONSENT TO CALL OFF CIVIL WAR

NANKING, April 11 (UPA): The Communists have consented to a cease-fire in the Chinese Civil War and are "moving closer to agreement" with the Nationalists in the peace talks at Peiping, official sources said today.

A high source close to Acting President Li Tsung-Jen said the Communists have agreed to call of their general offensive against Nationalist positions on the North bank of the Yangtze river.

Although these sources did not know whether the cease-fire was issued yet, front line dispatches reported a slackening of the Communist onslaught on the north bank.

CHINESE REDS ORDER CEASE-FIRE?

NANKING, April 11. (PTI-Reuter): Widespread Chinese reports said today that Communists were calling off their attack on the river Yangtse. These reports could not be officially confirmed in Nanking or Shanghai, they said the Acting President General Li Tsung-Jen received an urgent message last night from his delegation in Communist-held Peiping, stating that the Communists had ordered a cessation of the attack. The order, said to have been issued yesterday, was expected to reach the front-line Communist commanders within 24 or 48 hours.

ART AND ART ORGANISATION

(By The Art Editor)

[illegible] was the object of offering co-operation to the United Nations' Educational, scientific and cultural organisation, the Indian National Commission was inaugurated by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on Saturday. Its another function is to act in an advisory capacity to the Government of India in matters relating to the U.N.E.S.C.O. The Education Minister, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, however, went a step further while discussing its functions in his presidential address. He declared that the Commission would serve as a focus of educational, scientific and cultural activities of the nation and would contribute to the enrichment of national life in all these fields. In spite of such high expectations from it, the commission has made an unhappy start in respect of the representation of art, dance, music and drama in its cultural component. It has been constituted in conformity with the recommendations of a committee whose chairman was the Premier of Bombay Mr. B. G. Kher.

As regards the representation of various subjects on the three sub-commissions, the Kher Committee has recommended that it should be extended only to the organisations of an all India character. In the matter of art-painting and sculpture, this Committee had rightly selected for, one seat, the All India Association of Fine Arts. This Association is a new organisation with a federal constitution. It is not any reconditioned and old Provincial Art Society. The Government of India had accepted the Kher Committee's recommendations including the one stressing the all India character as a condition of eligibility of organisations for representation on sub-commissions; but some how or other this condition was relaxed by the Government in the case of art by inviting also an individual society—the All India Fine Arts and Crafts Society of New Delhi—to join the Commission. We fail to understand why an exception was made in the condition laid down by the Kher Committee and the privilege of representation granted to a particular society to the exclusion of other art societies. All India leadership in art as, for a long time, been the ambition of this Delhi society. A federal constitution, which it is said to have adopted recently in face of opposition, is its latest effort to achieve its objective following the failure of the technique of inviting art conferences. If the Government has any criterion of the representative character of organisations, it should find out why some artists of Delhi who were members of the society preferred to organise themselves into a separate group and decided to affiliate the same to the All India Association of Fine Arts, while their old society was proclaiming itself as a federation of art.

The selection of organisations of other arts like music, dance and drama is not made with due regard to their standards. The North Indian School of Classical Music will be dominated by the Khyal group which is enjoying popularity today. As for dance, there will be Bharat Natya of authentic and high standards, and side by side with it also the dances of mixed or non-descript character based on "all-in" technique. There is no certainty whether India's glorious traditions of drama will be properly represented by the Associations selected for the purpose. The argument that the main purpose of the commission is to mobilise public opinion for the broad objectives of UNESCO and not to represent the learned and specialist opinion on the various subjects cannot be accepted as an excuse for the scanty attention paid to standards of arts. Art, if intended for any national or international purpose must be of the authentic standards. The members of the U.N.E.S.C.O., said Sir S. Radhakrishnan, were trying to make out that national cultures had a vital role to play in the development of world culture. Is art, which stands foremost in India's national culture, represented on the Commission in its fulness and proper perspective? We regret to note that the anomalies and omissions, which are evident in its representation, are the result of the haphazard policy of the Government with respect to the country's vital interests like art.

Independent Republic Within Framework Of Commonwealth

(Continued from page 1)

Prime Ministers of Australia, New Zealand, India, Pakistan, Ceylon and South Africa and the Canadian Minister for External Affairs.

All the Prime Ministers, except Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru of India, will arrive in London by air on April 19 when Mr. Lester Pearson, Canada's representative, is also due.

Pandit Nehru's plane is due to arrive on the night of April 20.

The Commonwealth statemen will stay at leading London West-End hotels as they did on their previous visit last October. Pandit Nehru and the Pakistani Prime Minister, Liquat Ali Khan, will again make their headquarters at Claridges Hotel. Mr. Don Stephen Senanayake, Ceylon's Prime Minister, is expected to put up at the Hyde Park hotel.

"INVITE SOVIET TO SIGN PACT"

Britain's "No" To Communist Suggestion

LONDON, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): The British Government declined a communist suggestion in the House of Commons today that it should raise with the other signatories of the North Atlantic treaty the question of inviting the Soviet Union to become a party.

Mr. Christopher Mayhew, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said "the Foreign Secretary (Mr. Ernest Bevin) does not intend to take this initiative".

Mr. Philip Piratin, (Communist), who had made the suggestion, asked what the objections were. He asked the minister to bear in mind "a statement made officially in Washington some days ago" that there was no objection to the Soviet Union's becoming a signatory to the treaty provided certain conditions were observed.

Mr. Mayhew replied "I am not aware of the Washington statement, but in view of the Soviet attitude to the Pact, the suggestion is entirely academic."

Union Assembly Passes S.W. Africa Bill

CAPETOWN, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): The South-West Africa Affairs Amendment Bill, altering the constitution to give South-West Africa representation in the Union Parliament, was passed by the Assembly today after its progress through the Senate. It will now go to the Governor-General for signature.

Prime Minister Daniel Malan said in the Assembly on April 4 that enactment of the bill meant that by law, the Union no longer recognised the existence of the Mandate over Southwest Africa (Established by the League of Nations).

The General Assembly of the United Nation on November 26 last year recommended for the third time that South-West Africa should be placed under the care of the United Nations rather than South Africa. The decision was carried by 43 votes to one, with five abstentions.

BOMBAY'S STREET-VENDORS

77. The Vendor With "Sacred Cows"

Nowhere else in the world will you find a counterpart of this saintly figure who tugs a pair of cows along Bombay's streets, in sun and rain, tantalising them with a bundle of grass which he dangles in front of their nose. He is no sadist, if you ask him. The little bag hanging from his shoulder advertises his mission in life. He is out to help you serve "Go Mata" which means the sacred cow. He claims he is out to do a good turn to the innumerable humans that walk the foot-path and incidentally the two cows that trail behind. He pleads with you to feed those sacred cows and earn "punya" or merit. You don't have to go anywhere for the grass—it is ready with him—at two annas a bundle. In the pre-inflation days, you could do an act of "punya" for half an anna but today with green grass and hay sky-rocketing in price, you have to spend four times the amount to secure the favour of God by feeding his "sacred cows."

PROSECUTION AGAINST SIND'S EX-PREMIER SANCTIONED

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, April 8: The Government of Sind have now given their assent to file prosecution against Sind's ex-Premier Pir Illahi Bakhsh on the charges of having interfered with the last Sind Assembly elections by taking advantage of his Ministerial position.

It will be recalled, Mr. G. M. Sayed had made such allegations in his Election petition against his rival candidate Kazi Mohomed Akbar. The Tribunal having found Pir Saheb guilty on these charges, the Government have debarred him from being even a voter of the Sind Legislative Assembly for six years.

Water-Pot At Eight Annas

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, APRIL 8: A POT OF WATER IS COSTING ABOUT EIGHT ANNAS IN THE LYARI QUARTER OF THE PAKISTAN CAPITAL.

ON ACCOUNT OF PARTIAL FAILURE OF THE SPECIAL HALEJI WATER SUPPLY SCHEME AND ABNORMAL INCREASE IN THE CITY'S POPULATION, THERE IS MUCH SCARCITY OF WATER IN KARACHI AND THEREFORE THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES HAVE STOPPED GIVING SUPPLIES OF WATER THROUGH PUBLIC TAPS. SINCE LYARI QUARTER IS THE MOST AFFECTED ONE ON THIS ACCOUNT, WATER IS HOLD IN THE AREA AT VARYING COSTS UPTO EVEN EIGHT ANNAS A POT.

Air-Conditioned Buses For London

A double-decker, pronounced by experts to be the world's most advanced public road vehicle, has just been completed by the London Transport Executive. One of its main advantages is the automatic air change system which warms the air, keeping the temperature inside the bus at 60 degrees even when it is freezing outside. The central heating radiator is under the staircase, whence the warm air radiates through the upper and lower decks.

The bus has 46 luxury airliner-type seats with cellular rubber cushions suspended on elastic springs. Fifteen diffent types of seats were tried out before these were selected as being the most satisfactory from all points of view.

Devadas Gandhi Elected To U.N. Sub-Commission

LAKE SUCCESS, April 11 (PTI-Reuter).—Mr. Devadas Gandhi, Managing Editor of the "Hindustan Times", was today elected a member of the United Nations Sub-Commission on Freedom of Information and the Press.

Mr. Gandhi, who will serve in his private capacity, received 17 votes, the largest number cast for any one candidate.

The purpose of the Sub-Commission is to watch over the freedom of information throughout the world. Members are elected on their personal merit and not as representatives of Governments.

Tories Threaten Walk-Out!

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON April 11:

Tories may offer non-cooperation and walk out of the London County Council, should Socialists persist in their plan to take all Aldermanic seats. Conservatives are not traditionally passive resisters but they feel, if they walk out, public opinion will impress on Labour that they have no moral right to continue governing London.

It is unlikely that this move will persuade Londoners to take lively interest in Municipal affair.

During recent elections, Labour Conservatives dead heated.

U. P. ASHRAM'S GIFT TO LOK SEVAK SANGH

LUCKNOW, April 11 (API).—The Shree Gandhi Ashram in the United Provinces, of which Acharya J. B. Kripalani is the Director, has made a gift of properties worth Rs. 70,000 including buildings, to the Lok Sevak Sangh headquarters at Sevapuri.

The property was formally accepted at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Sangh held here yesterday.

Segvapuri, which is a village ten miles from Benares, will now become the Central training centre for workers of the Lok Sevak Sangh which has been functioning in the United Provinces since June 1948.

Windfall For Italian Girl

MILAN, April 11 (PTI-Reuter).—A twelve-year old girl, Annunciata Marchesi, won 25,000,000 Lire (about £12,500) in last week's Italian football pools, it was announced here today.

Annunciata won the prize for an outlay of fifty lire (about six pence). She is a member of a large family working a dairy farm on the outskirts of Milan.

India's Protest Against Dutch Shooting

NEW DELHI, April 11 (API): The Government of India has made a strong protest to the Netherlands' authorities against the shooting of three Indians by Dutch paratroopers on December 30 last at Djambi in Sumatra.

The Government received information of the incident through their Consul General in Batavia. The Indians were shot dead after their houses had been ransacked.

The Government of India's protest has been lodged with the Far East office of the Netherlands Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Batavia.

Meanwhile the External Affairs Ministry has requested the Dutch Ambassador in Delhi to make enquiries and ascertain the facts.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON MAY.
NEW YORK, April 11.

Previous Closing	32.41
Today's Opening	32.43
Difference	+2
Today's Closing	32.58
Difference	+17

LAST QUOTATIONS.
BOMBAY, April 11.

	Rs.	As
Silver Vaishak Shud 15	173	0
Gold Vaishak Shud 15	108	12
Silver Bullion	173	0
Silver Mint	174	4
Gold Ready	111	8
Sovereign	73	0

EXPECTATION:
Cotton Jarila May 626 0

NEW YORK STOCKS.
NEW YORK, April 11.

Opening Prices:—
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 30-1/4.
General Motors dol. 58-5/8.
United States Steel Common dol. 72-7/8.
Pref. unquoted.—(Reuter).

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Easier Tendency

LONDON, April 11, (PTI-Reuter): In small trading, prices moved to slightly lower steels in the London Stock Exchange today. The forthcoming easter holiday was already exerting its usual restricting influence and interesting features were few and far between.

One of these was supplied by start dealings in Good Year tyre and rubber preference shares. This 800,000 four per cent issue at one pound Steeling was heavily oversubscribed and a premium of one Shilling was established. Other industrials showed small declines particularly among tobaccos, breweries and irons and steels.

Rubbers, oils and coppers were steady at slightly lower levels. Small support for British Government Long-dated Stocks produced gains of one-sixteenth, some shortage of stock was noticed among nationalisation issues.

Foreign utilities were harder while among bonds, German Potash loans improved.

Small offerings in a market devoid of support depressed South African minings generally.

Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Correspondent.)
HARPUR, April 11.

Wheat 22, Gram 12/8, Barley 12/12, Maize 12/8, Bajra 14, Juwar 14, Juwar 11/8, Peas Ready 12/8, Arhar Readv 12, Urd 17/8, Moong 19, Masoor 13 15, Sarson 27/12, Taraseed 22/8 20/8, Mustard Oil 76, Olicake 8/12, Groundnut 17/8, Cottonseed 15/8, Oats 10, Oilseeds extremely steady. Bardana Ready White 125, Red 107.

Futures closed for Sri Mahabir Jayanti.

Karachi Cotton Market

(From Our Correspondent.)
KARACHI, April 11.

Cotton Sind NT 93, Punjab 289, F 96/8, LSS 87, Four F 96/8, Steadly held with spot turnover about 1,500 bales mostly of Four F good quality of which is now practically unavailable.

New Crop Sind NT October delivery 81/8, and about 8,000 bales business has been booked in this so far.

Exports 2,000 bales all for India.

Cottonseeds NT Ready 9/5, April 9/7, Firm on trade and speculative buying.

Gold 104/8, Sovereigns 68/8, Inactive.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent 1960 101/8, Three per cent 1958 100/2, One and half per cent Bearer Bonds 100/2. Steady.

Stop Press

THAKIN NU TO VISIT KARACHI

NEW DELHI, April 11 (API): The Burmese Prime Minister Thakin Nu who is arriving here tomorrow noon is expected to fly to Karachi on Wednesday. He is meeting the Prime Minister Pandit Nehru tomorrow and on his return journey from Pakistan will make a brief halt in Delhi again.

FRENCH ACTION IN INDO-CHINA

SAIGON, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): French naval and military units sunk 220 junks belonging to Viet Minh (Indo-Chinese Autonomy movement) near Rachbia, 120 miles south of Saigon, the French High Command announced here today.

DUST STORM SWEEPS PATNA

PATNA, April 11 (API): A dust storm of great velocity, followed by heavy thundershowers, struck Patna this evening dislocating the city's normal life. The whole town was plunged into darkness due to failure of electricity.

In some parts of the city uprooted trees and telegraph poles blocked roads. Telegraph and telephone service have been dislocated. No casualties have been reported so far.

British Press Analyses Budget

LONDON (By Radio): Most of the newspapers further examine the British Budget which was presented in Parliament on April 6. In addition, "The Times" calls for a unified policy over Western Germany, and the "Daily Telegraph" discusses the guerilla warfare in Greece.

The Budget measures give "Manchester Guardian" the opportunity review what it calls "The Welfare Economy". It says: 'PolitiFcians were not more surprised by the Budget than were the managers of the London stores", who had kept clerks ready for a quick stock-taking of goods affected by cuts in purchase tax—which, after being much forecast, were in fact never made.

As to the attitude of the Trade Union leaders, the "Manchester Guardian" says: "Plainly a rise of over one per cent in the cost of living (as a result of the Budget) is no reason for a fresh crop of wage claims. But the disappointment to hopes of lower taxes may be. The Government has been badly served by its advocates.

Finally, the "Manchester Guardian" states: "The Budget brings us back more forcibly than ever to the problem of how rising productivity is to be ensured when the incentives are so few. Sir Stafford has, in in effect decided that taxation cannot be allawed to discourage effort more than it is doing. Rather than increase taxes still mort, he is incurring all the odium of letting food prices rise.

"DAILY GRAPHIC"

The "Daily Graphic' asserts: "If the Budget was a shock to Britons, it was if possible an even bigger shock to foreigners and especially to Americans who were under the impression, engendered, by the Socialists' complacent pronouncements, that we were out of the wood. They now know that we are not, and that we are far from being so".

"DAILY HERALD"

The "Daily Herald" expands on the Chancellor's Budget statement covering "the very great and desirable redistribution of wealth that has already taken place in our community".

The "Daily Herald's" view that the Budget maintains this redistribution is explained in a ltader it cays: "As the Chancellor pointed out, the social services are still being developed and extended. Food subsidies, which will cost £465,000,000 this year further contribute to the process". Thus, "the great inequalities of wealth still remain, by taxation and the improvement of the social services they are being steadily removed".

"DAILY TELEGRAPH"

The "Daily Telegraph" considers that that "the shock to the Socialists is intelligible when they find that the Chancellor is doing exactly what the Opposition has been proposing for the past two years, and what so many have been denouncing as both unnecessary and malicious. It would, therefore, be ungenerous and foolish for the Opposition to damn with censure or even with faint praise the principles and, so far as it goes, the practice of this Budget. They are right, and nobody should say that they are wrong merely because they come from a political opponent. Certainly for a Socialist Chancellor to have seen the light it must indeed be an incandescent blaze, but does not his attitude show the great and magnificent truth that, met by a national emergency, all intelligent and patriotic Britons, to whatever Party they belong, tend to face it in the same way?"

NEWS CHRONICLE"

The "News Chronicle" deals with the suggestions that "it was thought that Sir Stafford would have considerable difficulty in satisfying the Left Wing of the Party that his austere financial programme was really necessary", and that a revolt was likely.

E. PUNJAB PREMIER TO CUT HIS OWN SALARY

SIMLA, April 11 (UPI).—I am going to apply a voluntary cut of 25 per cent in my salary so as to bring it on par with that of other Ministers", said Lala Bhimsen Sachar, Premier-designate of East Punjab, addressing newsmen at Government House here today.

The present salary of the Premier is Rs. 2,000.

When asked about the appointment of Deputy Ministers, he said that the question was not out of his consideration. He said that three more M.L.A.'s, namely, Amarsingh, Choudhury Prem Singh and Choudhury Sunderlal, had pledged their support to his Government and Sardar Inder Singh, who was absent during the voting on the election of a new leader, had written to him saying that he would have voted for him if he had been present at the time.

Outside the Legislature, he added, he had been able to secure the support of Goswami Ganesh Dutt, leader of the Sanatanists.

Rooting out of the evil of corruption would be, he said, his No. 1 job as the leader of the East Punjab affairs. He would hold the portfolio of Law and Order and General Administration. Favouritism and nepotism would find no place in his Government, he said.

The Premier-designate is likely to announce his Cabinet, consisting of seven, tomorrow from Delhi, and the Ministers would reach Simla for the swearing-in ceremony the day after.

French Dakota Forcelands In Bihar

CALCUTTA, April 11 (A.P.I.): A French military 'Dakota' flying from Delhi to Calcutta 'en route' to Saigon made a forced landing this evening at Chara emergency air field in Purulia District (Bihar) due to heavy rain and storm according to information available here.

No one is reported to have been injured the plane is expected to reach Dum Dum airport tomorrow morning.

Problems Of Scientific Management

BY HERBERT TRACEY,
Member of the British T.U.C. and Editor of its official journal "Labour"

Significant changes are taking place in the attitude of British Trade Union towards the problems involved in what used to be called "scientific management".

One of the largest unions in affiliation with the British T.U.C., the National Union of General and Municipal Workers, has just decided that it is necessary to train its full-time officials, shop stewards and other representatives concerned with negotiations with managements and employers, in the new techniques that are coming into operation to raise the productivity of industry and improve its technical efficiency. The Union recognises the increasing use being made in industry of time and motion studies, and other methods of developing efficiency. It has, therefore, decided that a special course of taining is necessary for its own negatiating personnel.

TIME AND MOTION STUDY

Ten officials of the Union and 10 stewards have been selected as the first group to undertake a study course in time and motion techniques. The Union has found its officers increasingly involved in negotiations arising out of the introduction of time and motion techniques. Other Unions also are concerned with the new techniques. Trouble has arisen in more than one plant where managements have applied motion and time tests, particularly on new machines, without adequate consultation with the Unions. As a consequence there has been considerable hostility on the part of the workers exposed to the motion and time tests, and stoppage of work have occurred.

Moreover, as a matter of policy, British Trade Unions in earlier years took up, under the guidance of the T.U.C., a strong attitude in opposition to these techniques of "scientific management" when they were sponsored by managements and employers with a view to increasing output and broadening the margins of profit without serious consideration of the workers' claims to share the results of increased production. Much of the hostility and suspicion aroused about motion study and time study was undoubtedly due not so much to the methods themselves but to the way they were formerly used.

The Union of General and Municipal Workers in taking the initiative of providing full-time study courses for its negotiating personnel has recognised the existence of this prejudice. But it also feels that managements, on the whole, now have greater regard for the reaction of their work-people to such innovations.

As a rule, approaches are made in the first place to work--people through their Unions, to ensure that the principles and advantages of planned production are properly explained to them and their co-operation secured. The carrier with it the assurance that incentives, cased on data obtained by motion and time studies, will be equitable and will give reasonable opportunity for increased earnings.

ITALY'S FORMER AFRICAN COLONIES

Foreign Minister's Request For Trusteeship

LAKE SUCCESS, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): Count Carlo Sforza, Italian Foreign Minister, told the United Nations here today that he has already prepared a corps of capable administrators, ready to step in if Italy is given any share in governing her former African colonies.

Speaking before the General Assembly Political Committee as head of the Italian delegation in the resumed debate over the future of the Colonies, Count Sforza proposed that Italy be given United Nations Trusteeship administration over Somaliland, Tripolitania and Eritrea. He did not mention Cyrenaica, but said that Italy favoured a solution for the whole of Libya. It would be unfair, he said, to take a final decision for one part of Libya, postponing a decision for another part.

Increased Water Supply For Kolhapur

KOLHAPUR, April 11 (API).—Five-hundred thousand gallons will be added to the Kolhapur city's daily water supply from tomorrow when the newly constructed Balinga water works will be opened by Mrs. Nanjappa, wife of the Chief Administrator of Kolhapur, Captain V. Nanjappa. Built on Bogvati river, three and half miles from from Kolhapur, the project cost the Government rupees 30 lakhs.

URDU EDITORS' FAITH IN NATIONAL CONGRESS

BOMBAY, April 11 (A.P.I.): Editors of five Urdu dailies of Bombay in a joint statement today affirmed their faith in "the path shown by the Father of the Nation" and expressed their resolve to strengthen the hands of the Indian National Congress and "to do all we can in the reconstruction of our country so that it may take its legitimate place in the comity of nations."

RAJKOT, April 10 (APL) Mr. U. N. Dheber, Chief Minister of Saurashtra today appealed to the tpeople to contribute their mite towards the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund. This memorial would be a perpetual monument of India as a whole, he said.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

INDIAN SKYMASTER'S PROVING FLIGHT, COMPLETE SUCCESS

"Star Of Asia" Back From Singapore & Bangkok

EARLY PROSPECT OF EXPANDED SERVICE TO AUSTRALIA

BY THOMAS J. COUTINHO,
(Our Special Representative)

After a proving flight which lasted eight days, the Indian Overseas Airlines 44-seater skymaster "Star of Asia" arrived at the Santa Cruz aerodrome with Bombay's Home Minister the Hon'ble Morarji Desai aboard on Monday afternoon.

Mr. Desai who boarded the 'plane at Nagpur was seen off at that airport by the Governor of the Central Provinces, Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa. The 'plane originally programmed to fly to Australia, terminated the flight at Singapore as it could not touch at refueling airports in Indonesian territories, and returned to Bombay after a halt of three days in Singapore.

On board the Skymaster, were a party of Government of India officials, chiefly concerned with the development of Indian aviation headed by Mr P. T. Bhalla, Director-General of Civil Aviation, India, officials of the company, among whom Mr. H. M. Akhaney, brother of the Chairman of the Indian Overseas Airlines Ltd., Mr Arvind Pakvasa, son of the Governor of the Central Provinces, and his wife Mrs. Purnima Pakvasa, Mr. A D Mani, Editor of the Hitavada of Nagpur, Mr. Nanda Kishore, a proprietor-editor from Nagpur, and two Bombay journalists including myself.

COMPLETE SUCCESS

The flight according to Mr Bhalla was a complete success and the skipper of the aircraft, Captain B. H. Haffman, told me that the flight established that Indian aviation had a great future before it. We were received cordially in Singapore by the Indian community and were feted every hour of our three days' stay there.

HOP TO NAGPUR

We took off from the Santa Cruz aerodrome at 10-30 a.m. on Monday last and made a straight hop for Nagpur. We arrived at Calcutta the same evening.

AT BANGKOK

Spending the night at the Grand Hotel, we left Calcutta the following morning for Bangkok, arriving there in the afternoon. At Bangkok we stayed at the Oriental Hotel for two days and saw as much as we could of this colourful city where one finds nothing but beauty all around. The Emerald Buddha temple in Bangkok is a symphony in colours and is noted for its mural depiction of the entire Ramayana. Wall after wall tells the story of that Indian epic. The statue of Buddha which is carved out of a huge glimmering emerald enthralls the beholder.

The Indians in Bangkok, specially the merchant class, are doing very well. The textile importing trade and the stick lac exporting trade are entirely in the hands of Indians and so is the milk trade.

AT SINGAPORE

After a two day's stay in Bangkok we took off for Singapore where we were received by the Indian Trade Commissioner Mr. J. Thivy, the President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Mr. R. Jumabhoy and other leading Indians. At Singapore we put up at the Sea-View Hotel, but hardly had a chance to have even a single meal there, as during three days' stay we were invited for lunch, tea and dinner by the Indian community.

The Indian Merchants' Chamber gave us a cordial reception at Raffli's Hotel when more than 200 guests including the Deputy Governor of Singapore and the Australian Trade Commissioner were present.

The next afternoon the same hosts treated us to an Indian-style lunch at the Prince's restaurant. T[illegible] very evening we were given a dinner at the Cathay restaurant which is the beehive of Singapore's night life by a wealthy Indian business magnate, Mr. Ganpatram.

NOT A SINGLE BEGGAR

Both in Bangkok and Singapore the most remarkable thing we noticed was that there was not a single beggar to be found anywhere and that there was plenty of food to eat.

Anyone caught begging is arrested and taken to a State Social Welfare Centre, where the person is fed, clothed and cared for till he is trained in some trade. Then employment is found for him through the local Employment Exchange.

"CLEANEST CITY IN ASIA"

In Malaya we also visited the State of Jhore Bahru. It is reputed to be the cleanest city in Asia, apart from being richly endowed with natural beauty. One could without the slightest exaggeration say that here Nature is seen at its best.

This is what Mr. Bhalla, the Director-General of Civil Aviation, told me in the plane on our return journey: "Our proving flight to Singapore was very revealing and satisfactory. It established personal contacts not only with our country's representatives but also with our opposite numbers in Siam as well as Singapore.

Everyone tried to help us and made our stay instructive as well as enjoyable.

The various air lines offered us help and co-operation and our countrymen welcomed us most heartily. All this indicated that there were very good prospects of both trade and travel. There have been rapid developments in aviation in this region and several airlines are operating here in keen competition. We hope that as soon as our negotiations with the Siamese Government and the Australian Government are completed, our services will start. Operational conditions are favourable. We are told that it is possible to go straight from Singapore to Darwin and this is also our view. On our Skymaster during our voyages both ways, we had a cheerful time and travelled as one family of officials and non-officials, proprietors' representatives, newspapermen and crew. I am thankful to all for their loyal co-operation."

LINE CLEAR FOR INDIA-SINGAPORE SERVICE

Mr. M. S. Mathur, Chief Engineer, Government of India, (Central P.W.D.), giving his impressions of the trip said that it had proved that Indian aerodromes were far ahead of those visited by the party, in several respects. The most modern methods of construction and maintenance were employed in India. Mr. Mathur also revealed that the Calcutta and Bombay airports were still to be expanded. Land worth nearly a crore of rupees had been acquired in Bombay for this purpose.

Mr. Santosh Singh, Deputy-Director Aerodromes and Air-Routes, who was one of those who accompanied the party remarked that the tour was very successful and that all facilities were provided by the aerodrome officials of the countries visited and their Governments. The route was O. K. and the service could now be started at any time. It was his job to find out whether the route was all right.

METEOROLOGICAL FACILITIES

Dr. P. K. Sen-Gupta, Chief Meteorologist, Dum-Dum who went with the flight told me:—"My object was to find out what meteorological facilities are available at the different forecast centres on the air-ports visited on the route. The facilities were there as all the big airlines flew to this region. However, contacts had to be established and an inspection before a new route was started was necessary.

From what I have seen it may be said that arrangements at Bangkok and Singapore may be considered satisfactory. They are following international standards of forecasting as was done at Dum-Dum and other centres in India. They are open all the 24 hours and issue forecasts, warnings and other weather reports as laid down in the International Civil Aviation Organisation procedure.

Dr. M. B. Sarwate, Director of Communications and Radio Navigation in India, said that all the facilities available on the route were checked and found to be satisfactory for running a scheduled service. It was gratifying to note by comparison that facilities provided in India were not only adequate but superior in many respects to those in the countries visited.

Captain B. H. Hoppman the 30-year old American skipper of the 'plane said:—

"A survey flight of this kind is the beginning of the representation of India in the field of international aviation. It has been proved by the reception accorded to the Indian dignitaries and the crew of the aircraft that an Indian airline would get a warm welcome in whatever country its routes may take it.

We hope that in the near future Indian airlines will be competing with the biggest of the world's airlines".

"VERY ENJOYABLE TRIP"

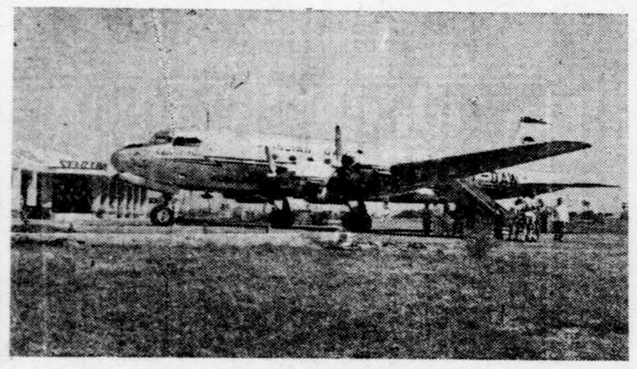
Miss Mavis Bruce, Chief Air Hostess said:—"We had a very enjoyable trip. I have flown for two and a half years as a hostess, but never have I liked any trip more than this. It was a pleasure to serve those on board".

Miss Flora Lazarus, the second hostess endorsed Miss Bruce's views and observed that though she had flown to Nairobi before, she felt this trip was even better.

Mr. Himatlal M. Akhaney told me that the Chairman of the Indian Overseas Airlines Mr. Jaswantrai M. Akhany who had introduced such novel features in Indian aviation and communications as the night air mail services, was eager to carry the flag of Indian aviation to the distant corners of the world. The Company would start the India-Singapore service by the end of this month and when difficulties in Indonesia were over expand to Australia, which was the original plan.

He expressed the Company's gratitude to all those who had made the proving flight a success.

A cocktail party was given to the visitors at Singapore (Raffles Restaurant) by the local Indian Merchants Chamber. Picture shows Mr. A. Prakash, Secretary and Traffic Superintendent, I.O.A.L. Bombay, (extreme left) and Mr. H. M. Okhaney, Station Director, I.O.A.L., Nagpur (extreme right).



The Indian Overseas Airlines Skymaster which returned on Monday after an eight-day proving flight from Singapore.

STRIKE IN LONDON DOCKS

Sequel To Dismissal Of 33 Workers

LONDON, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): About 6,200 London dock workers, members of the National amalgamated Stevedores and Dockers Union, went on strike today in protest against the dismissal of 33 men on the grounds of redundancy. Some dockers belonging to the Transport and General Workers Union have joined the strikers and the stoppage has affected the unloading of some 30 ships, many containing meat and other foodstuffs.

The decision to stop work was taken at a mass meeting of Stevedores Union members yesterday.

Japanese Participation In 1952 Olympics Possible

TOKYO, April 11, (U. P. A.): Japan's chances of taking part in the 1952 Olympic Games grew today with an announcement that Japan's Olympic Committee Chairman will fly to Rome this week to attend the plenary session of the International Olympic Committee.

Chairman Matsuoza Nagai said the trip was made possible by dollar donations of Japanese residents in Hawaii.

PLANNED DEVELOPMENT OF CIVIL AVIATION

Gadgil Inaugurates Air Transport Association

NEW DELHI, April 11, (A.P.I.): Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works Mines and Power, said here today that a vast country like India was badly in need of a planned development of civil aviation.

Mr. Gadgil, who was inaugurating the Air Transport Association of India added that such an Association was destined to help the Government to a great extent in this direction.

The Association, he said, should not confine its activities to mere regulation of fares and look to the interests of the share holders. "There are so many other problems, such as manufacture and repair of planes, training of engineering and ground staff which should also be tackled by the Association with a view to making aviation system of the country efficient and economical".

Mr. Gadgil assured the Association of full help and co-operation of the Government.

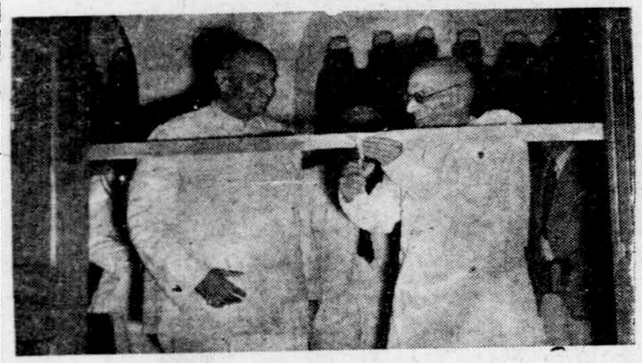
SEVEN OPERATING COMPANIES

The Air Transport Association of India has been formed by seven operating companies of India—Air India, Airways India, Air Services of India, Bharat Airways, Deccan Airways, Indian National Airways and Indian Overseas Air Lines.

Mr. Gurunath Bewoor, Director of Air India, who presided over the inaugural meeting of the Association, said that the Association was being formed with a view to putting Indian Civil aviation on a sound commercial basis, and to establish, by mutual consultation and co-operation, an efficient transport service without involving the companies into financial difficulties. The Association would also serve as a representative body of air operators of India to advise the Government regarding civil aviation problems of the country.

Mr. Gurunath Bewoor, Mr. J. M. Gupta of Indian National Airways and Mr. H. R. Shukla of Bharat Airways, were elected as President and Vice-Presidents of the Association respectively.

Cottage Industries Exhibition



H.E. C. Rajagopalachariar accompanied by Dr. S. P. Mukerjee, Minister for Industries performed the opening ceremony of the Central Cottage Industries Emporium in New Delhi, where products from Provinces and States are exhibited.

Improper Use Of Gandhiji's Ashes Deplored

PYARELAL REFERS TO BENGAL INCIDENT AND CALLS FOR RECTIFYING TRESPASS

Writing in the "Harijan" of April 10, on "No Consecration but desecration", Sjt. Pyarelal deplores the unauthorised and improper use of Gandhiji's ashes. To avoid the remains from becoming the "centre of unthinking idol worship giving rise to unseemly wrangles, quarrels and disputes" it was decided, says the writer, that the immersion should be total. But it was agreed to allow Gandhiji's "intimates to havepitchfuls of ashes to be retained as souvenirs for personal use", Sjt. Pyarelal mentions of an incident in a refugee camp in Tollygunge (Bengal) where an improper use of the ashes is being made. He calls upon the people and the Government to undo the wrong done by the refugees.

At the time of the immersion of Gandhiji's ashes, the question was raised whether the immersion should be total or whether a portion of the ashes should be set apart for distribution to individual and institutions. After long debate the former course was adopted as it would be contrary to the known wishes and the spirit of Gandhiji's teachings to let his remains become the centre of unthinking idol worship and possibly give rise to unseemly wrangles, quarrels and disputes, such as have disfigured history from time to time in the case of prophets, great men and saints in the past. Above all there was the danger of vested interests being erected on the remains of one who was an avowed opponent of vested interests of all kind and form. But a concession was made in the case of close intimates or those whose devotion and dedication to his ideals entitled them to special consideration, and token pinchfuls of ashes were allowed to be retained by them as souvenirs for personal use, as an aid to inspiration and further dedication to what he stood for in life. There were some who questioned the wisdom of making any exception but ultimately they decided to face the risk. It seems their fear was justified. A friend writes from Calcutta to Shri Devadas Gandhi:

"During my recent visit to refugee camps I noticed that some refugees of Regent Park Camp, Tollygunge (Bengal) had forcibly occupied some fallow lands at Tollygunge and constructed huts there without the knowledge and permission either of the Government or the owners of the lands, and that they had styled this unlawful colony as 'Gandhi Nagar'. Not only that, they announced that they had collected and entombed some ashes of Bapuji and are now collecting money for enshrining these ashes. I don't know how these people could get Bapuji's ashes. I shall be grateful if you could enlighten me on this. Besides, I feel that nobody should be allowed to make such capital out of Bapu's ashes, or to make it a commodity of personal interest".

The facts, if true as reported, are disgraceful. The "ashes" in question, it is clear, are either faked or have been illegally or surreptitiously obtained, and are now being put to unauthorised and improper use. No permission, formal or otherwise, has been obtained from the next of kin or from the Gandhi National Memorial Trust, or any other responsible person so far as one knows, for what is reported to be done.

Let us hope that those who have been misled into taking this action will realise their mistake and retrace their steps. It is up to the public to protect Gandhiji's memory from this violence. They should refuse to visit the 'shrine' or subscribe to the fund that is said to be raised, and thus become party to the humiliation of one whom they revered. It will equally be the duty of the local authority to get the shrine removed and rectify the illegal trespass. To do so would be no insult to the ashes, but implementation of Gandhiji's wishes and right education to the people. What is reported to be taking place is no consecration but desecration.

MIXED GRILL

THE mother-in-law has her day and the daughter-in-law has hers". says a proverb in an Indian language. The relationship between the mother-in-law and daughter-in-law has always been a source of domestic trouble in Hindu families. It has also been a subject of saws, similes and parables.

Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya, who loves to speak of himself as the "Rashtrapati" without any "Rashtra", is fond of such parables. Speaking about the relationship between the Congress and the various Governments, recently in Bombay, the Congress President said that the Congress was like the mother-in-law and the Governments like daughters-in-law. The old and weak mother-in-law thinks she has all the strings in her hands, because she can lay down the policy. But the daughters-in-law have all the executive powers and have very much their own way in most matters.

The question whether the daughter-in-law has her own way or the mother-in-law, I am afraid, is not capable of so general and so simple an answer. It is a problem, like most other problems of human relationship, of the clash of human wills. The more imperious one generally prevails over the milder and more sheepish.

A Calcutta court, for instance, recently convicted a mother-in-law of abetment of suicide. It appears that the old woman successfully nagged her daughter-in-law into hanging herself; which shows what even the weak and the old can achieve by mere tongue-power.

We do not expect the Congress Governments to commit suicide as the Calcutta lawyer, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, has very confidently predicted; nor do we expect the Congress to be guilty of abetment, although Sarat Babu seems to think that no abetment is called for from any quarter. He says the Congress Governments are so sick that they will die naturally.

We are sure, that the Congress Governments, will yet cheat the gallows so obligingly set for them. The Congress, like a good mother-in-law, will do no harm to her dear daughters-in-law. The Congress is no nagpot. But the question is not one of fact but of theory—not of actuality but potentiality. The Congress IS capable of worrying the Governments to death.

No home torn by a mother-in-law, daughter-in-law conflict can be happy. A conflict may always be expected. A happier and more peaceful existence than is implicit in the Congress President's parable is definitely called for.

May we commend the mother-daughter relationship as a more congenial and happier alternative?

* * *

THE newly organised United Left Front is fully convinced that Netaji Subhas Bose is alive and has promised to support him when he chooses to return.

Is there no rich supporter of the Front willing to put up a free air passage from wherever Netaji may be at the moment?

Grumbler

BRITAIN FOREWARNED OF ATTACK ON POLAND

Revelation In Last Of Nuremberg War Crimes Trials

NUREMBERG April 11 (PTI-Reuter): An American War Crimes Court today found five top Nazi diplomats guilty of planning Hitler's aggressive wars.

The "Wilhelmstrasse" trial of 21 former German officials and advisers neared its end when Chief Judge William Christianson of Minnesota began reading the 832-page judgment early today. The verdict, longest in the 13 Nuremberg war crimes trials, will be read in the relays by the three judges in four full court days.

The Tribunal said that silver-haired Ernest Von Weizsaecker, former Secretary of State of the German Foreign Office, was guilty of planning the invasion of Czechoslovakia, but that he "explicitly warned" Britain of Hitler's impending attack on Poland.

The others found guilty of planning agressive war were: Wilhelm Keppler, Hitler's Special Economic Adviser. Ernest Woermann, former Chief of the Political Division of the German Foreign Office, Paul Koerner Goering's Permanent Deputy for the Four-year plan. Hany Lammers, former chief of the Reich Chancellery.

INVASION OF POLAND

The Tribunal acquitted 17 former Nazi diplomats who appeared today on the charges of evolving a plan or conspiracy to commit crimes against the peace, war crimes and crimes against humanity. It found that Weizsaecker, as an "implementer and not as an originator" had done everything in his power to warn Britain of the impending invasion of Poland.

The judgment said Keppler played "an important part" in the invasion of Austria and acted as a willing participant in negotiating the fall of Czechoslovakia.

PLOT TO KILL U. S. GENERAL FOILED

Eighty Arrested In Alleged Conspiracy

ATHENS, April 11 (PTI-Reuter)—A Communist plot to assassinate General James Van Fleet, Head of the United States Military Aid Mission to Greece, and General Alexander Papagos, Greek Commander-in-Chief, has been discovered, the Greek Ministry of Public Order announced today.

Eighty Communists have been arrested, including Stelio Anastassiades, the Ministry added.

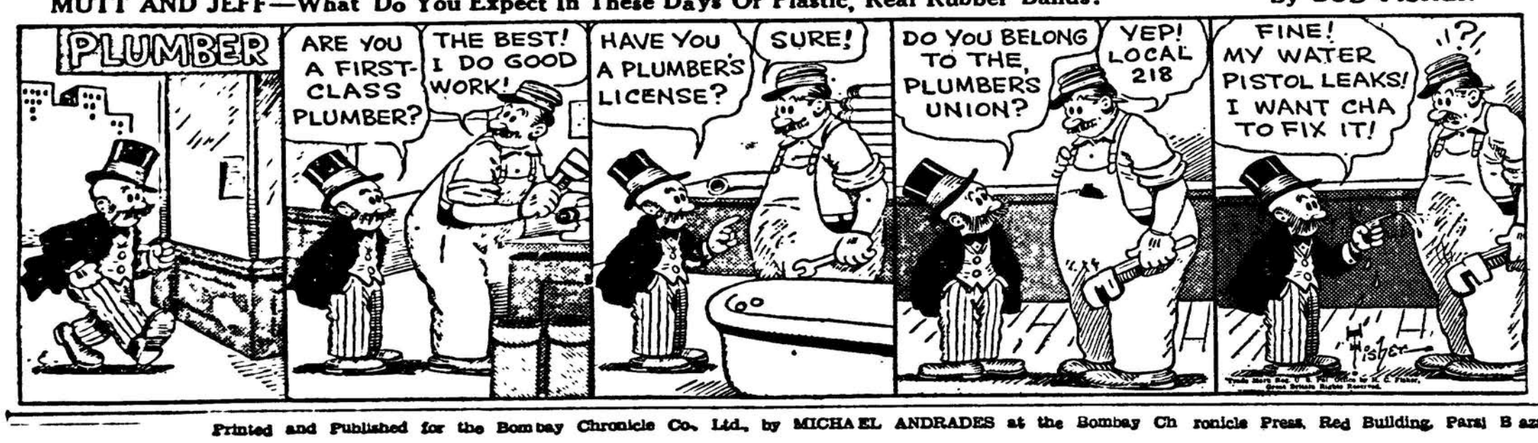
A month ago the Greek Minister of Public Order said the Greek Communists planned to assassinate General Van Fleet.

All the Communists involved in the alleged murder plot were said to have been arrested. General Van Fleet, who led American assault troops into Normandy on D-Day, formerly commanded the United States third corps. He was appointed head of the military section of the United States Aid Mission to Greece in February, 1948. A few days later he was appointed a member of the Greek National Defence Council.

Today's announcement said the Communists also planned to assassinate Foreign Minister Constantine Tsaldaris, and Socialist leader Napolean Zervas.

NEW DELHI, April 11, (A. P. I.): The West Punjab Government have requested this unofficial Indian goodwill mission led by Pandit Sunderlal to postpone its visit to Pakistan, it is learnt here.

MUTT AND JEFF—What Do You Expect In These Days Of Plastic, Real Rubber Bands? By BUD FISHER


PLUMBER
ARE YOU A FIRST-CLASS PLUMBER?
THE BEST! I DO GOOD WORK!
HAVE YOU A PLUMBER'S LICENSE?
SURE!
DO YOU BELONG TO THE, PLUMBERS UNION?
YEP! LOCAL 218
FINE! MY WATER PISTOL LEAKS! I WANT CHA TO FIX IT!
!?
Fisher

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